NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXII. No. 23334. 字林西報 SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 24, 1940 Registered at the C.P.O. (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent, abroad 30 cents.) TWENTY CENTS

AMATEUR DRAMATIC CLUB OF SHANGHAI

NOTICE

Members are reminded that the third Club Evening of the season will be held in the Lyceum Theatre this evening at 9.15.

Members who have not already obtained tickets may pay at the door.

By Order of the Committee.

CHARLES S. SPEYER,
Secretary.

Lyceum Theatre,
January 24, 1940. 10424

THE TANAH MERAH ESTATES (1916), LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors have this day declared a Second Interim Dividend for the year ending March 31, 1940, at the rate of Ten Cents Local Currency per share to be paid to Members on record on Wednesday, February 7, 1940.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from February 1 to February 7, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

A. R. BURKILL & SONS, LTD.,
General Managers.

Shanghai, January 23, 1940. 10425

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that with effect from January 1, 1940, we have resigned the Agency of Messrs. Robert Bosch G.m.b.H., Stuttgart.

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THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY WARNED against taking up occupation of premises owned or managed by the above Companies without the written authority of the Companies.

All necessary steps will be taken for the eviction of any person or persons found in occupation of premises without such written authority. 10423

THE KOTA BAHROE RUBBER ESTATES (1921), LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors have this day declared an Interim Dividend for the year ending June 30, 1940, at the rate of Fifteen Cents Local Currency per share to be paid to Members on record on Friday, February 2, 1940.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from January 29, to February 2, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

A. R. BURKILL & SONS, LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.

Shanghai, January 16, 1940. 10397

SS. YUSANG

Arrived from Tientsin, January 22, 1940

Owing to a fire at Chefoo on January 18, 1940, a GENERAL AVERAGE has been declared.

Consignees are requested to sign Average Agreement and deposit 2% of the arrived value of their cargo.

N. B. Only cargo loaded at Tientsin is required to contribute, cargo loaded at Chefoo not being on board at the time of the fire.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
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To-day's Events

JANUARY

24 Cathedral School Old Boys' Assn. ann. gen. mtg., 219 Kiukiang Rd., 5.30
24 Sound Films, Catholic Federation, 6
24 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
24 A.D.C. Club Evening, Lyceum, 9.15
24 *Dr. Albert Porges shot on extra-Settlement road, Shanghai (1932)*
24 *Gen. Han Fu-chu executed (1938)*

N.C.D.N. Broadcast: 12.45 and 9 p.m.
Station XMHD: 760 kilo., 395 metres

Coming Events

JANUARY

25 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
25 Cradle bridge/mahjongg, S.I.B.C., 3
25 Royal Asiatic Society Annual Meeting
25 For. Y. Debate: 'Pets and Weak Character'
27 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
27 'Countess Maritza,' music by E.Kalman, Russian Light Opera, Lyceum, 8.45
28 'Countess Maritza,' Lt. Op., Lyc., 8.45
28 Municipal Orchestra Concert, Lyc., 5.15
30 A.W.C. Bridge and Mahjongg, 3
30 For. Y. Lecture: 'Chinese Religious Heritage' by Dr. C. B. Day
31 B.U.S.C. Lecture: 'Light,' Mr. Harold G. B. Perry, 114 Peking Road, 5.30

FEBRUARY

1 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
1 Ballet Russe gala performance of 'Tsar Maiden,' fantastic ballet, Lyc., 9
1 Chamber Orchestra, 1939, Third Concert, Eastern Theatre, 8.30
2 Shanghai Camera Club, Lecture, 330 Szechuen Road, 9
2 Grand Soirée, aid St. Tichon's, Arcadia, 9.30
3 Ballet Russe, 'Tsar Maiden,' Lyc., 9
4 Ballet Russe, 'Tsar Maiden,' Lyc., 2 & 9
8 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
10 S.R.U.F.C. Interport Dance, Country C.
14 Indian Merchants Association, Annual Meeting, 391 Kiangse Road, 5
15 Pinette-Quartette A.W.C., 9
20 A.D.C. 'Lilac Time,' Lyceum, 9
21 A.D.C. 'Lilac Time,' Lyceum, 9
22 A.D.C. 'Lilac Time', Lyceum, 9
23 A.D.C. 'Lilac Time, Lyceum, 9
24 A.D.C. 'Lilac Time,' Lyceum, 9

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CATHEDRAL SCHOOL OLD BOYS' ASSOCIATION

The Annual General Meeting will be held to-day at 5.30 p.m. in the Choir Room, 219 Kiukiang Road (entrance via Cathedral Compound). -1378

For Smooth Performance

of your car, bring it to

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Dr. J. DOUGLAS RIDDELL

will resume practice
on Thursday, January 25. -1200

For Sale—Miscellaneous

The modern house or apartment has little storage room. What one doesn't want at the minute must be disposed of, and some one of the paper's many readers is almost certain to buy it. Consult our Classified Columns.

"HOW DID YOU GET HERE?"

asked the genial hospital doctor. "Flu," replied the victim. The dangers of modern life make a reliable Personal Accident Policy a necessity.

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NOTICE

PARAMOUNT BALLROOM

We beg to announce that the Ballroom is reserved exclusively for the U. S. S. Marblehead's Ball to-night, January 24, 1940.

THE MANAGEMENT 10423

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that as from January 15, 1940, I have resigned my position as China Correspondent, and have severed all connections with

The Deutsche Gold- unde Silber- Scheideanstalt, vorm. Roessler, Frankfurt (Main).

and its affiliated companies:

The Auergesellschaft, Berlin;
Platinschmelze G. Siebert, Hanau a/M.
Durferrit Gesellschaft m.b. H., Frankfurt (Main);
Chemische Fabrik Dr. L. C. Marquart, Beuel (Rhein);
Hiag-Verein fuer Holzverkohlung, Frankfurt (Main);
Kunstlederfabrik Wolfgang, Wolfgang;
Chemische Fabrik J. Devrient, Hamburg.
Chemische Fabrik Gruenau, Berlin;
Chemische Fabrik Atlas-Ago, Schmoelkau; etc. etc.

My business will be carried on under my own name and my temporary office address is as hereunder:

133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Room 401-403, Telephone 18322
Post Office Box 874, Cable address Cebrahn.

C. BRAHN 10427

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FOR SALE, home comprising eight rooms, two bathrooms, sun-porch, garden, garage, arcola. Nearly two mow, French Concession. For the protection of our client, no details will be given by telephone except to those well-known to us. Apply McMichael's Agency. -1417

FOR SALE 2¼ mow land on Lincoln Avenue between House 100 and Warren Road on the south side of the road. Price $6,000 per mow for Chinese Land Certificate. Address Box 473, NCDN. -980

SENIOR English accountant-secretary, shortly open for engagement. Many years Far Eastern experience, British utilities. Address Box 492, NCDN. -979

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Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12

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THE CHINA HONG LIST

Second Edition Now in the Press

THE popularity of the CHINA HONG LIST is evidenced by the fact that the whole of the 1940 issue is completely sold out, thus necessitating a second impression, which is now going through the press. This will be ready in about a fortnight. Advance orders may be booked at once, and these will be filled in rotation.

A MAP OF SHANGHAI

(65 inches by 32 inches) is being offered as a Supplement to the China Hong List at an extra cost of $3 per copy. It is published by authority of the Shanghai Municipal Council and covers the following area:—

North to South: Civic Centre, Kiangwan, to Lunghwa.
West to East: The Aerodrome to Pootung.

CHINA HONG LIST AND MAP OF SHANGHAI
PRICE $23

MAP OF SHANGHAI ONLY
PRICE $6

North-China Daily News Office
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Bring soothing relief to the respiratory system.

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SHANGHAI BIRD YEAR

By E. S. WILKINSON

Shanghai sees many hundreds of varieties of birds during the year. This book deals with them in fortnightly chapters, making reference easy and interesting. It tells the nature lover about the appearance, habits and language of local birds throughout the changing seasons.

Illustrated with woodcuts of birds and vignettes by Sapajou.

Price $8

Published by the North-China Daily News.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Correspondence for this column should be addressed to the Editor, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor"

Japan's Premier:
Japanese Reader's View

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Reading the Reuter news appearing on your issue of today headlined "Army Opposes New Japanese Premier," I myself feel obliged to write to you in order to make no misunderstanding about Japan.

As a Japanese I do think that an appointment of the successor to the former Prime Minister Gen. Abe by the Throne is a matter of Imperial Sacred in which no one must intervene.

As to the characters by which the newly appointed Prime Minister's name is indicated, the Reuter news is quite mistaken. Yonai, the Prime Minister's name, is indicated by two charactors, one of which means "Rice" and the other means "Interior." Therefore as one of the superstitious Japanese, I take it with an optimistic view as follows:

"Rice crops are full in the land." I have much expectations for the future development of the newly-organized Cabinet under the leadership of Admiral Yonai, especially after learning that the Imperial Words were given to Gen. Hata to co-operate with Admiral Yonai.

Both the Army and Navy of Japan have always been co-operating in good harmony and that is why Japan has gained very successful results in the China Incident. Both parties always play their own part very diligently and still they are under the Commandment of H.I.M. the Emperor.

There is no fear for the future of the Yonai Cabinet, as the Premier himself is very popular among people, for instance it is said that he got many letters of endeavour from women all over Japan.

Yososhichi Kako.

Shanghai, Jan. 20.

French Red Cross:
Russian Hospital's Thanks

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Allow me to express through the medium of your esteemed paper our heartfelt thanks to Madame the Vice-President of the French Red Cross Society of Assistance to War-Wounded, and to the French ladies who, under the auspices of the Society, have been under training as nurses at our Hospital, for the great kindness they have all been showing towards the indigent inmates of the Hospital of the Russian Orthodox Confraternity.

During the three months that the ladies of the French Red Cross Society have been pursuing their practical courses at our Hospital, they have not only been learning to discharge the various duties attached to the profession of a nurse, but have also taken much to heart the relief of our always numerous indigent patients, and thanks to their very kind patronage our Hospital has received generous gifts of money, clothing and other articles, thus greatly helping to make our needy inmates feel more comfortable.

After witnessing daily for three months the excellent work of the Society and seeing the efficiency with which they have been running their Courses at our Hospital, I cannot but feel much genuine admiration for the way these have been organized by the Society, and for the splendid efforts made by their students to master the manifold responsibilities they may be called upon to take when eventually ministering to the sick and wounded as full-fledged nurses.

D. Kasakoff.
Superintendent.

Shanghai, Jan. 22.

Local Products:
And Local Stipends

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—The cardinal point in economics is: the smaller the import the firmer becomes the local currency.

Our dispensaries are now turning out creditable substitutes for foreign yeast tablets, sedatives and lung tonics.

Yeast is yeast all over the world, and so are bromide and creosote. Our labour is cheap and we save on world-wide advertising campaigns.

All of us whose stipends are in local currency should buy local products—or go under.

J. C. de B.

Shanghai, Jan. 23.

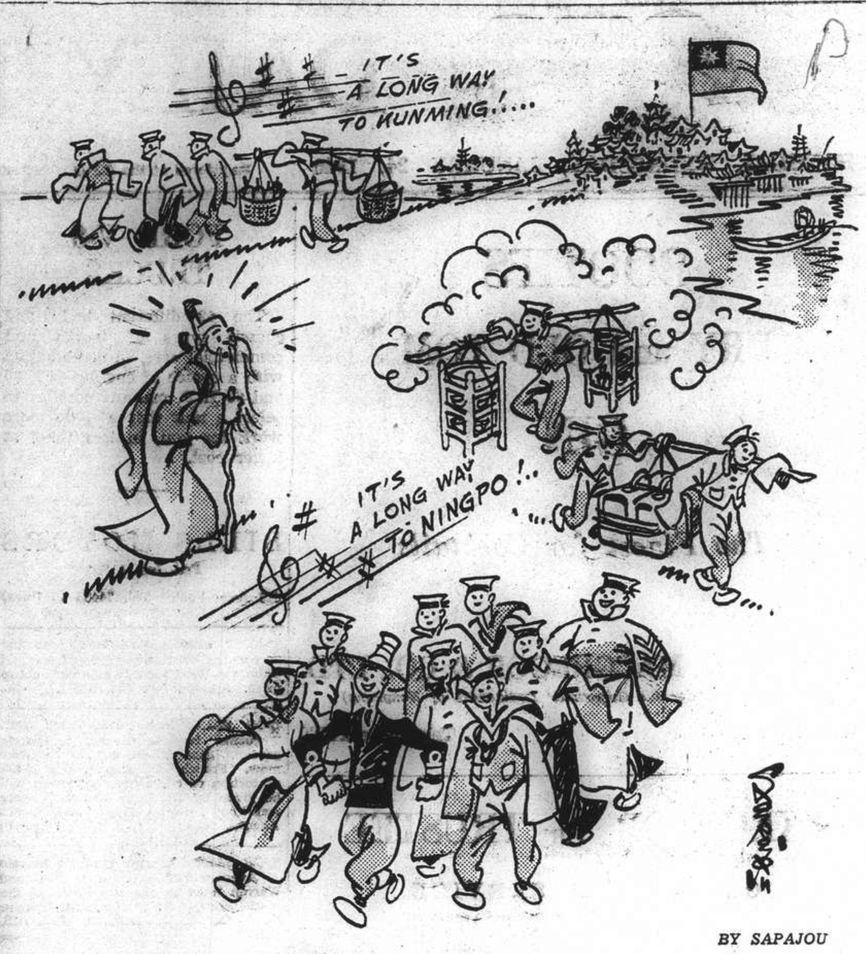
Shanghai Stamps:
Information Wanted

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Will you or one of your readers be so kind as to inform me of the denomination of the stamps at present in use in Shanghai; also the surcharges that have been made on any of these stamps, since the beginning of the war, and any new issues that have been put out.

Philatelist.

Shanghai, Jan. 22.



XXth Century Pilgrimages

According to Reuter, the crews of the British gunboats in Chungking and Changsha are travelling to Kunming and Ningpo respectively.

Former A.P.C. Man Wounded by Thugs

Compradore of Oil Hong Escapes Death By Inches

A carefully prepared assassination plot failed to materialize although the victim was injured by two of the three shots fired at him at point blank range shortly after 7 a.m. yesterday, when Mr. Du Kwang-sang, 57-year old former compradore of the Asiatic Petroleum Co.'s Hankow Branch, was successful in escaping although he had been wounded in the right foot and the right arm.

Mr. Du had just left his residence at the Astrid Apartments and was walking towards the Church of Christ the King, Rue Bourgeat, when, in the vicinity of Grosvenor House on Rue Cardinal Mercier, he saw two men coming towards him, one carrying a pistol. After the three shots were fired, the gunmen dashed around the corner where a Johnson hire car was waiting for them. Meanwhile, Mr. Du though injured, managed to run to safety and was later taken to the St. Marie Hospital where his condition was declared not to be serious.

The hire car used in the shooting was ordered to a French Concession lodging house at 5.30 a.m. when four men entered the car and ordered the driver to proceed towards Kinnear Road. Just before reaching that thoroughfare by way of Jessfield Road, the thugs ordered the driver to stop and forced him to a vacant piece of land, where one of them produced a pistol and threatened to shoot if he showed any resistence.

The other two men then left, taking the chauffeur's cap and uniform coat along. They presumably picked up another member of the gang to drive the car, wearing the uniform of which the taxi chauffeur had been robbed a few minutes previously. The thugs then waited until their intended victim—whose habitual walk to church each morning must have been known to them—appeared. Without a word of warning, the armed member of the duo opened fire but fortunately failed to injure Mr. Du seriously.

Carefully Timed

The chauffeur was released by his captors at 7.15 a.m. and immediately reported the occurrence to the police. The hire car used by the gunmen was found abandoned at the corner of Great Western Road and Avenue Haig shortly after 8 a.m. and finger-print experts of the S.M.P. were examining it yesterday morning. It appears therefore that everything was perfectly timed, the chauffeur being released 15 minutes after the shooting and the car being presumably abandoned immediately after it had served its purpose of bringing the gunmen to safety.

Mr. Du, is the brother of Mr. L. Thov, compradore of the Compagnie Francaise de Tramways et d'Eclairage Electriques de Shanghai, and while no details could be obtained, it is presumed that the thugs actually intended to kill the latter. Investigations are being continued by the French Police.

Clipper Movements

Manila, Jan. 23.

The China Clipper is to arrive in Manila on Thursday, leaving for Hongkong the following day. It will return to Manila on Saturday and hop off for the United States Monday. Air mail closes January 28 at 7 p.m. Bad weather prevented the Honolulu Clipper from leaving San Francisco today. The Honolulu Clipper is now to arrive in Manila January 29 and will arrive in Hongkong January 30. —United Press.

Wang Said in Agreement With Mongolia

Mongol Representatives At Tsingtao

Tsingtao, Jan. 23.

Mr. Chou Fo-hai, chairman of the standing committee of the orthodox Kuomintang, and Gen. Li Shou-hsien, commander-in-chief of the Mongolian army, were understood today to have reached an agreement of views on the relationship between the Federated Mongolian Autonomous Government, and the proposed Central Government of China. The two representatives met for one hour yesterday morning at the official Visitors' Hotel.

Mr. Chou acted on behalf of Mr. Wang Ching-wei, leader of the Orthodox Kuomintang.—Domei.

Royal Household Joins Savings Movement

His Majesty Supplies Funds To Encourage Movement

special to the "N.C.D.N."

London, Jan. 22.

Speaking today to the Westminister National Savings Committee, the Financial Secretary to the Treasury, Capt. H. F. C. Crookshank, stated that a special committee had been formed in the Royal household, with the King's approval, as part of the already existing national savings group.

His Majesty had provided initial funds for this committee's work, and both the King and Queen desired to make it as easy as possible for the staff of the household to participate in the savings movement, he added. —Reuter.

Singapore Weekly Rubber Report

Singapore, Jan. 5.

The market has again passed through a very quiet week and prices show little change on balance. Although there has been no marked buying or selling pressure, the undertone of the market remains steady.

Latest quotations to hand are as follows:—

Spot, 38 cents, up ⅛ cent.
London, 11 1/16d., up 1/32d.
New York, 19 U.S.A. cents, unchanged.

Malayan shipments during December, 1939, amounted to 41,568 tons, as against 49,276 tons for the previous month and 32,901 tons during December, 1938.

At the auctions yesterday bidding was slow, and no great buying interest was evident. Of 543 tons catalogued, 496 tons were offered and 299 tons sold.

The following is the course of values:—

	In Singapore per lb.
Ribbed Smoked Sheet:—	
Standard quality	37⅝—38
Good average quality	37 —37½
Fair average quality	36¼—36⅞
Off quality	35¼—36
Sheet Cuttings	34⅛—35⅝
Crepe:—	
Fine quality Pale	No Sales
Standard and slightly inferior	38
Off colour Latex	35½—36⅛
Light Brown and Brown (Clean)	34¾—35½
Milling Grades:—	
Cupwashings and skimmings	35
Tree Scrap	30⅝—31¾
Brown and Dark Crepe	31⅝—34⅛
Bark Crepe (Earth Scrap)	30⅛—31
Virgin Lump	29½—31¾

Japan May Look to S. America for Goods

Sen. Pittman Warned of Reactions to Embargo

Washington, Jan. 23.

Senator Key Pittman, Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, yesterday received a letter from the World Peace Ways incorporated warning him that Japan will seek raw materials from Latin America if an embargo is applied.

"The net results....will find Japan still obtaining a supply of goods for her industries and war needs, and our objectives in China and in the world will be ignored," the message said.

The organization also warned against the possibility of the Japanese navy moving on the Philippine Islands if an embargo is applied on shipments of Philippine ores to Japan.—United Press.

Goodwill Plane Arrives At Fukuoka

Fukuoka, Jan. 23.

The Yamato, Japanese goodwill plane returning from Italy, arrived here at 12.15 o'clock this afternoon.—Domei.

Adulterated Rice Sold to Gaol

Second District Court Now Investigating Charges of Irregularity in Supply

It is no longer news in Shanghai to-day that the second grade rice, or the mixture of the first and second grade rice, has been sold by profiteering merchants as the first grade rice, but it is news that they have sold inferior grain to court authorities in charge of food rationing for prisoners. The manager of the Ching Sheng Chang Wei Kee Rice Hong, 347 Myburgh Road, is now being investigated by the Second Special District Court in connection with alleged irregularities.

Pang Chi-ping, the accused manager, was brought before the procurator of the court on Monday afternoon and questioned at length in regard to his supply of rice to the Shanghai Prisoners Foodstuff Purchasing Committee. He was alleged to have mixed unground rice with the "tso mee," already an inferior kind of rice bought for the prisoners of the tribunal. He told the judge that before his tender application was accepted the sample of his rice had been examined. He bought the rice from another shop where he obtained the sample rice and without doing anything to the cargo, he turned it over to the buyer, he said. His shop could not have done anything wrong, he said.

The committee invited tenders for prisoners' rice on December 29 of last year. Pang's application was accepted and he was to supply 185 piculs of "tsao mee" at the price of $32.70 per picul. When the rice arrived at the Second Special District Court Prison it was examined closely by the court expert, Hsieh Ching-pai, who was also questioned by the procurator on Monday.

Upon examining the rice, Hsieh was said to have discovered that about one third of the grain was nothing short of adulterant. The matter was immediately brought to the attening of Judge Chiao Wan-hsien, chief procurator of the Third Branch Kiangsu High Court, who subsequently referred the case to the procurator of the Second Special District Court. After completing his investigations, the procurator of the lower court may frame a charge against the merchant and his accomplices if he is found to be criminal.

Seventy Years Ago

From the "North-China Daily News," of January 24, 1870

From a report printed in the "Daily Press," of a meeting of the Hongkong Chamber of Commerce we are glad to learn that a memorial to Lord Clarendon is being drawn up, in reference to the new treaty. A proposal by Mr. Moss to undertake a commercial exploration of the southern provinces was discussed, but no decision had come to. We notice that the fee of membership in the Hongkong Chamber is $50 for firms and $15 for individuals.

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Canada's Coastal Defence Problems

Greater Proportions Than In 1914; Navy Also Must Protect Shipping

special to the "N.C.D.N."

The problem of the naval defence of Canada's Atlantic coast and the St. Lawrence River has assumed more serious proportions in the present war than it did in 1914. Speaking on this subject recently, Canada's Prime Minister, Mr. W. L. Mackenzie King, declared that "we have far greater responsibilities for the defence of our own territory and specially our coasts." Newfoundland and the French islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon stand at our very door, he said, "and their protection is not less imperative to Canada's security than to their own. We must, also, be prepared to do our share in convoying shipping. Our naval service is being called upon to play a part scarcely dreamed of in the last war, in defence of the territory and immediate interests of Canada."

The present war presents problems to Canada which did not exist in 1914 when, apart from guarding the approaches to the St. Lawrence and the Atlantic coast, little was required in the way of Canadian defence and the efforts of the Dominion were centred on an expeditionary force. "We shall naturally follow with the keenest interest the achievements of the military forces we send overseas," declared Mr. King. "In this war, however, our efforts will be concerned, at least in equal measure, with the fighting forces on the sea and in the air."

Mr. Norman McL. Rogers, Minister of National Defence in Canada's War Cabinet, and officials of the Canadian Government have enlarged on the Prime Minister's statement in a series of radio broadcasts outlining Canada's war efforts. Mr. Rogers pointed out that "we are faced with an important strategical problem, the geographical factor. Canada has long and intricate coastlines fronting on two great oceans 7,000 miles apart by the shortest sea-route. Not only has the distribution of our forces East and West to be considered. There is also the question of how best a long indented coastline can be protected by a small number of ships."

Protecting Dominion's Coast

In co-operation with the Army and the Air Force, the task of the Canadian Navy is to protect the Dominion's coast. It must also do its best to protect shipping from the hazards of enemy action. The convoy system, in the functioning of which the Canadian Navy is playing an important part, "is already proving highly successful and in full swing after only several months of war." While the personnel of the Royal Canadian Navy is altogether Canadian, the organization, armament and training is built on the same lines as the Royal Navy. "Thus in time of war, it can, if necessary, take its place at once alongside the other Navies of the British Commonwealth of Nations."

At the outbreak of war, vessels of the Royal Canadian Navy were quickly prepared for immediate action. Ammunition was made ready, war-heads were fitted on torpedoes, crews were strengthened, minesweeping operations were organized, anti-submarine patrols were instituted and ships were ordered to proceed to allotted stations. As Mr. King stated in his broadcast, "our destroyers made record voyages to move to their predetermined stations. Our reserve merchant vessels, fishing boats and other small craft were requisitioned, and are now efficiently performing their allotted duties. Our ships on the Atlantic coast are taking part in the convoy system. Our dockyards are, and our shipyards will soon be, working to capacity. Our mine-sweepers are performing their important duties. Our regular and auxiliary fighting ships are fully armed with torpedoes, depth charges and ammunition. Our naval forces are, in addition, co-operating with the British Navy in the protection of Newfoundland and the West Indies."

40 Auxiliary Vessels

It is interesting to know that practically 40 auxiliary vessels are already in operation in Canadian waters and many others are being conditioned. During the last war, a total of 242 vessels were either chartered or requisitioned to assist in the work of the Royal Canadian Navy.

In the sphere of coastal defence, the Royal Canadian Air Force carries out through the medium of the air, tasks of much the same order as the Navy carries out on the surface of the sea. "No one can tell," Mr. King said, "to what extent, before the war is over, the air force as well as the naval service, may be required to protect our coastal areas, ports and shipping terminals, territorial waters and the focal areas of our trade routes adjacent to our harbour mouth. The importance of the air force for the territorial defence of Canada, though less spectacular, may become as great as its importance to the allied efforts overseas."

The zone of activities of the Royal Canadian Air Force extends hundreds of miles out to sea, both in reconnoitring and in convoy escorts. The Great Circle steamship route from the south passes within a few hundred miles of the coast of Nova Scotia, and it has been deemed desirable that the fullest measure of protection should be afforded all steamships bound for Britain with passengers and supplies. That duty devolves upon the Royal Canadian Air Force. To the combined role of reconnaissance, anti-submarine operations and convoy work, carried out in conjunction with the naval forces, Canada's air force supplies air squadrons to co-operate with the coastal defence artillery in observing their fire, and fighting aircraft are constantly standing by to engage hostile air-crafts.

While Canada is training men to proceed overseas, the home defences have been strengthened. Units necessary for coast defence and for the protection of vulnerable points in the country were immediately called out under the War Measures Act as soon as a state of emergency appeared. Two divisions and auxiliary troops were mobilized as a first reserve for service in Canada. Coastal defence armament consists mainly of long-range guns, smaller quick-firing batteries for in-shore work, anti-aircraft batteries and searchlights.

Special steps have been taken not only to train the new army in mechanized warfare, but also to develop flexibility and endurance in the physique of officers and men. The new physical training courses are not devoted to developing large muscles through rigid exercises but more in the direction of co-ordinating eye, brain and muscle. The idea is to develop flexibility rather than more strength.

Special classes have been opened in the main centres throughout Canada for the training of instructors for the mechanized units of the army and for training anti-tank gunners in the use of the most modern type of guns firing two pound shells.

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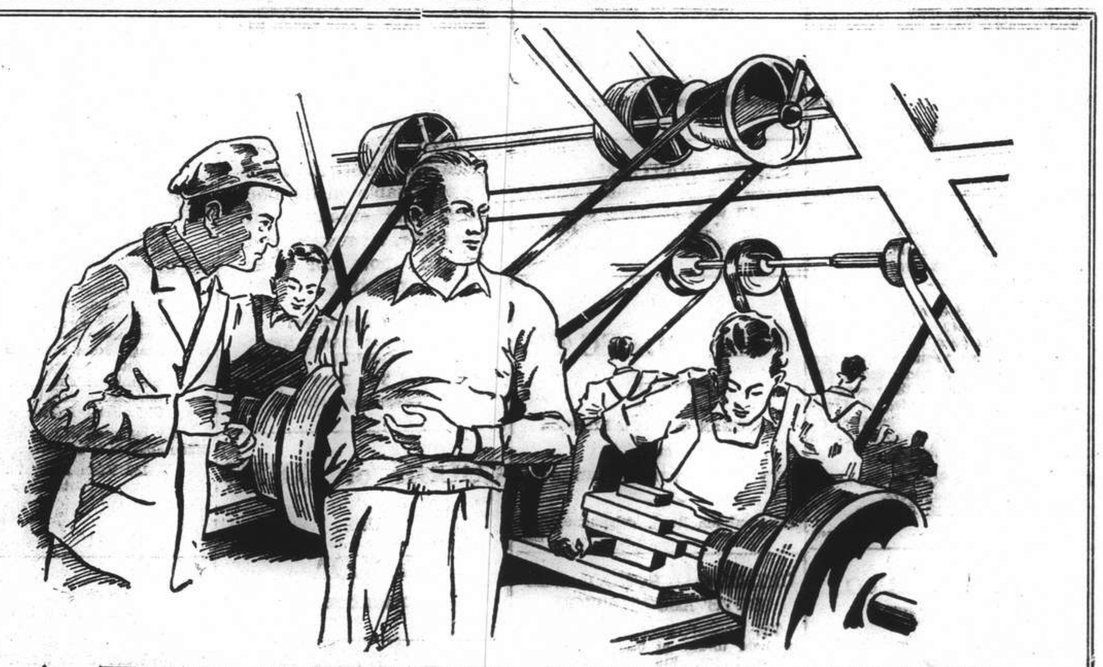

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New South Wales Taxes

Nearly £4,000,000 More in State Budget; Social Services and Unemployment Funds Introduced

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

INCREASES in taxation amounting to £3,900,000 are provided for in the New South Wales State Budget, which was presented to the Legislative Assembly by the Treasurer, Mr. Richardson.

The new imposts include: an increase from 2/3 to 2/6 in the £ in company taxation; increase of 8 per cent. in individual income tax rates, and a supertax of 1/ in the £ on taxable income exceeding £2,000; an increase of 12½ per cent. on existing motor vehicles tax, and an increase from 10/ to 12/6 in drivers' licence fees; an increase from ¼ of one per cent. to ½ of one per cent. on turnover, bookmakers' betting tax.

Provision was made in the Budget for the creation of two new funds: the unemployment relief fund and the social services fund. Receipts of the unemployment relief fund, totalling two-thirds of the unemployment relief tax, and social services tax for the succeeding nine months, together with wages and special income tax for the past three months, are estimated to produce £5,999,000.

The social services fund will be credited with one-third of the proceeds of both taxes, and this proportion is estimated to produce £2,443,000.

Mr. Richardson pointed out that the estimated deficit this year on all revenue funds, including business undertakings, was £1,512,309. A surplus of £7,785 was forecast for the years 1938-39. The actual result was a deficit of £2,448,674.

Replying to comments from Bradford regarding the "incredulously low" price, the Prime Minister (Mr. Menzies) said it was in conformity with the general principle that Australia was not seeking to make undue profits at the expense of Great Britain's necessity. He agreed with the chairman of the Australian Woolgrowers' Council (Mr. J. P. Abbott) that a long term sale of that kind made it important that everything in reason should be done to avoid unnecessarily increased cost.

Japan, always a heavy buyer of Australian wool, is worried by the British purchase and is negotiating for the supply of 300,000 bales compared with 242,000 bales in 1938-39 and 237,000 bales in 1937-38. Her position has been safeguarded, however, by the inclusion in the conditions of sale to Britain of provisions to sell to certain other countries.

Keenness in Hinterland

Men in the outback have undertaken gruelling journeys to join the Army. One man at Fink, in the centre of the continent, "jumped" a train and rode 140 miles, then begged rides on motor trucks for another 650, and then "jumped" another train into Darwin.

Another carried his swag from the Queensland border on the Gulf of Carpentaria to Darwin when a mailman told him there was a war on. A third walked 140 miles to Wyndham in Western Australia and went on to Darwin by boat. A passing motorist told him about the war and he was on his way in an hour.

Two men, keen to enlist, were fined 10s. for stealing a ride on a train, but smiled serenely when the magistrate told them it could be deducted from their military pay.

New G.O.C. In New South Wales

Lieut.-General Sturdee arrived during November to take up his new appointment as General Officer Commanding the Eastern Command (New South Wales).

He expressed his pleasure in returning to Sydney, where he had not served since 1911, when he joined the old Submarine Miners, whose depot was at Chowder Bay.

For the past 11 years General Sturdee has done army work of a nature which kept him at a desk, and he expressed satisfaction at the opportunity of engaging in active military work again. His chief immediate task is supervising the arrangements for getting all the militiamen into camp at the earliest possible moment. Racecourses and showgrounds throughout the State are being largely used for camp sites, as they are particularly suited, and possess necessary buildings.

Shale Oil Industry

The shale oil industry in New South Wales will soon reach considerable proportions. The former Premier (Mr. Stevens) recently returned from a visit to Capertee Valley to examine the undertaking, and was greatly impressed with what he saw.

"Capertee Valley is rapidly being transformed from a quiet countryside into an industrial centre, and the foundations are being laid for a new town, destined in a few months to have a population of between 3,000 and 4,000.

"Between 600 and 700 men are engaged in the mining and cracking of the shale, and about 50 miners are engaged in developmental work. It is expected that as soon as the plant begins operations there will be an output of between 10,000,000 and 12,000,000 gallons a year. The capacity of the plant can be trebled, bringing the output to 10 per cent. of our present needs."

Mr. Stevens said that geological surveys had established that there was abundance of high-quality shale available. Indeed, recent investigations revealed that the shale deposits were much greater than the early estimates.

Bren Guns Manufactured

The new South Wales Railway Department is now manufacturing parts of the Bren machine-gun in special workshops, by arrangement with the Defence Department.

The Federal Government recently decided to seek the co-operation of private manufacturers in the production of munitions, to augment the supplies from its own factories in Victoria and at Lithgow. A special section of the Railways Department was organized to take over the work.

Because of their importance to the community, special arrangements have been made to protect all railway workshops in the State. An examination of the workshops has been made from the air at night to enable plans to be prepared for a blackout in time of danger. Railway experts are satisfied that everything possible has been done to ensure the greatest protection of vital parts of the department's transport system.

The fact that since the war started, the Federal Cabinet has not met in the national capital, Canberra, has caused considerable resentment in New South Wales as well as in the Federal Capital Territory.

The transfer of the big departments from Melbourne to Canberra has been going on for years, and is by no means completed. This has meant that while the departments of some Ministers are at Canberra, others must keep in touch with departmental heads in Melbourne.

Mr. Menzies announced, in answer to the storm of criticism, that the War Cabinet would spend most of its time in Melbourne, where the main war departments were located. It would be ludicrously impossible, he said, to carry on the business of the War Cabinet at a distance of more than 500 miles from the Defence Department. He added that the full Cabinet would meet as often as possible in Canberra, and would also meet in Sydney.

Dried Fruits

No primary production expansion has been so rapid as that of dried fruits. Though last season was a bad one for Mildura and Redcliffs growers, because of rain during the drying period, production outstripped that of the year before the war.

In 1914, production of raisins was 6,015 tons and of currants 3,105 tons. Last season, the production figures were currants 9,905 tons, sultanas 26,661 tons, approximately 80 per cent. being available for export.

One of the most significant factors in assessing the State's primary production potential is the growth of irrigation, which is the lifeblood of many crops and important for many others.

In 1913-14, pastures under irrigation was available for 26,489 acres of vineyards, orchards, and gardens. Pastures under irrigation now total more than 326,000 acres and vineyards, and other allotments more than 66,000 acres.

The total area of irrigated lands has practically doubled, having risen from 317,000 acres to more than 590,000. The provision for water storage has more than kept pace with the increase in area, having risen from less than 500,000 acre feet in 1913-14 to a present capacity of approximately 2,000,000 acre feet.

On Guard

With a range-finder, three men were making a survey of land near a Melbourne munitions factory when they were startled by:

"Get out of this. You can't take pictures with fancy cameras here."

It was a woman. She brandished a shotgun.

"Get going," she said.

"But...." said the men.

"Get along," the woman said, and raised the gun. They were forced to enter their motor car and leave.

Soon afterward, the car was stopped by a police patrol.

The woman had telephoned the police, after seeing the suspects on the premises. They satisfied the patrol that they were what they claimed to be—high officials of the Defence and Supply Departments!

The woman received a letter from the Minister for Supply (Mr. Casey) congratulating her on her bravery and initiative. The letter was written at the instigation of one of the "suspects."

There's one more point to the story. The shotgun had no triggers, and only half a stock.

Northern Kuangtung Impoverished

Appeal in Hongkong for Refugee Relief

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Hongkong, Jan. 18.

In view of the extensive damage in north Kuangtung owing to the recent fighting between Chinese and Japanese troops, Gen. Li Han-yun, Chairman of the Kuangtung Provincial Government and concurrently commander of the 35th Army Corps has sent an appeal to the Chinese residents here to contribute funds for the relief of refugees and victims in the war ravaged areas.

Numerous towns and villages along the Canton-Hankow Railway and North River are in ruins as a result of shelling and bombing by Japanese guns and planes in their drive northward from Kuntien on Christmas Eve and ended in the capture of Yungyuan. Now the Japanese troops are retiring southward towards Canton after being pressed back by Chinese forces.

The original Japanese motive was to occupy Shaokwan and Nanhsiung which would be used as bases for another attack on Changsha from the south. Then another Japanese column was to move down from the north on the same railway. Maps and documents found on the bodies of dead Japanese officers pointed to Shaokwan and Nanhsiung as the objectives of the drive.

Why the Japanese failed to push farther northward is not known, although Chinese newspapers here in close touch with Mr. Wang Ching-wei pointed out that the Japanese did not want to occupy more towns but to wear down more of Gen. Chiang Kai-shek's troops. The Canton army spokesman kept on denying any Japanese reverses but admitted that Nippon detachments returned to their base after achieving their purpose.

Concern is felt by local residents over the warning by the authorities that there should be no gossip which may prove useful to Germany. The warning in English, Chinese and Indian read, "Do not talk about the Navy, Army or Air Force. Your enemy has ears." This warning was repeated over the local broadcast station.

The Post Office is doing very efficient censorship work over all outgoing and incoming mails and those passing through the Colony. The purpose is to watch any possible communication of the enemy with Hongkong.

German "War of Nerves" and Switzerland

The potential German threat which hovers over the small neutrals of Europe has found a decided reaction in the diminutive republic of Switzerland, where women's auxiliaries dressed like regular infantry, undergo extensive training which will make them fit to aid the army in various capacities, aside from nursing and similar tasks.

Japan Policy in East Asia

Military Restrictions Partially Removed; United States' Threat of Embargo

BY PERCY WHITEING

"N.C.D.N." Special Correspondent in Japan

Tokyo, Jan. 18.

REAR-ADMIRAL Kanazawa, the Navy Ministry's spokesman, at his first interview of the New Year with foreign news correspondents this morning, said he expects that the Chinese "big three," that is, Mr. Wang Ching-wei, who will head the new central Chinese government, Chairman Liang of the present Nanking régime, and Chairman Wang Keh-min of the Peiping régime, will hold their long-expected conference towards the end of this month.

Speaking of the lifting of Japanese military restrictions in China, he first pointed out that at Tsingtao, such restrictions have been partially removed, due to relaxation of military necessities on the part of the Japanese forces. Turning to the Yangtze, the Navy spokesman declared that the Japanese authorities are hurrying their preparations to open up this river to foreign traffic, as far as Nanking. "The date has not yet been fixed for the actual opening," he said, "but we are doing our best to speed the matter up."

The admiral went on to say that "naturally it takes some time to repair wharves and other equipment, as well as the vessels belonging to Third Power interests which were requisitioned for military use by the Japanese forces: these must be reconditioned by us before they are returned to their owners, and this cannot be done in a day or so."

The spokesman said he wanted to emphasize once more that Japan did not announce she was going to reopen the Yangtze for the purpose of making a bargain with the United States or any other country. "We Japanese have no such mean, stingy ideas," he stated. With regard to Pearl River, Admiral Kanazawa said, progress is being made in the preparations for re-opening that waterway also. He pointed out, however that even at the present time traffic is proceeding on that river, though with some restrictions.

The spokesman said he thought, judging by past standards, that it will be British interests, among third powers, who will benefit most by the re-opening of the Yangtze. This would seem to be confirmed, he said, by the fact that the British Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, in a recent speech, commented very appreciatively on Japan's action. He added that American interests and those of some other powers should naturally get some benefit from the restoration of traffic on the big river.

War Supplies Through Indo-China

Turning to the question of the passage of war supplies destined for Gen. Chiang Kai-shek's forces through French Indo-China, the Navy spokesman regretted that not much progress has been made toward putting a stop to this traffic, in the Japanese negotiations with the French Government.

As far as the French protest against the bombing of the Yunnan-Indo-China Railway by Japanese naval planes is concerned, he said, the Japanese view is that this protest is untenable, because Japan contends that the attacks have been due to strategic necessity, due to the passage of war supplies for the enemy of Japan over that railway. Moreover, he said, Japan will be obliged to continue these attacks on the railway until this arms traffic is actually stopped.

"You may not believe it, coming from our side," the admiral said, "but the fact is that plenty of such war supplies have been passing over that railway, and the Japanese authorities hold definite evidence proving that to be the case. This evidence was obtained in the course of Japanese operations round Nanning and elsewhere in South China."

Referring to the report from France that such war supplies are of American origin, Admiral Kanazawa said that they do not all come from the United States. He added, however, they do include large quantities of gasoline and motor trucks.

Going out by the same route, the admiral continued, have been large quantities of tungsten and tung oil. These constitute the most important part of the exports from the territory controlled by the Chungking government, and are an important source of its revenue.

"If we were in the place of Gen. Chiang Kai-shek," the admiral said with a laugh, "we naturally would bend every effort to keep this traffic going on through this avenue, and get war supplies from any and every part of the world open to us. But being Japanese it is equally natural that we are doing our utmost to stop it."

Big Battleships Feasible

With reference to the reported American project to construct 52,000-ton battleships, the spokesman said that if these are built it will indeed mean a new epoch in naval annals. "Such monsters would be quite feasible, I think," he said, "and we hear that the main difficulty from the American point of view, namely, trouble in passing through the Panama Canal, can be overcome."

Asked whether he would regard such warships as offensive or defensive, Admiral Kanazawa expressed the opinion that they would prove magnificent defences, partaking of the character of the big guns in land fortifications, and when in movement they would be equally great offensive weapons, capable of putting forth very aggressive effort.

Commenting on the discussion that has been proceeding lately in the United States about the present comparative ratio in naval strength between America and Japan, the admiral said that, speaking not officially but giving his own opinion based on the common sense views of a naval officer, the fact is that naval ratios are not constant, so it is not practicable to hazard a statement as to what the ratio is between Japan and the United States.

The ratio changes, he said, when naval strength is concentrated in one part or another of the Pacific, for example. (The admiral evidently had in mind the frequent shifting of the American fleet up and down the Pacific Coast, and specially out to Hawaii and mid-Pacific, as well as movements of part or all of the fleet through the Panama Canal to Atlantic waters). Unknown changes also take place, he pointed out, when various new technical installations are made in Japanese or American warships.

The Pacific is a vast ocean, Admiral Kanazawa concluded, on which many things may take place, and to estimate the naval ratio between the great nations bordering it, that is, Japan and the United States, is too difficult a matter.

Retaliatory Measures Possible

Meanwhile Mr. Kosaku Tamura, Japanese publicist regarding international affairs, in an article in the "Chugai Shogyo Shimpo, "leading trade and industrial daily newspaper of Tokyo, declares that Japan cannot permit technicalities of international law to prevent her from taking retaliatory measures against the United States if the latter places embargoes on trade between the two countries after the Japan-American trade treaty expires on January 26.

He also, however, declares it is inexplicable why the Japanese Government has neglected to make full efforts to satisfy the United States regarding the numerous cases of damage to American interests in China that have arisen due to the hostilities in that country.

The writer regrets it seems only too evident that the first break in trade relations between Japan and America since they signed their first treaty of friendship in 1854 will occur as a result of the expiration of the existing trade pact.

There seems little prospect, he says, that a new treaty, or even a *modus vivendi*, can be negotiated in time to prevent a non-treaty situation coming into effect between the two nations, the reason being that apparently the Americans want such a situation to arise, though the Japanese desire to prevent it.

Mr. Tamura goes on to say that, in disregard of the letter and spirit of the United States Neutrality Act, that country has been enforcing a *de facto* embargo on the export of aeroplanes and their parts from American manufacturers to Japan, by exercising so-called moral suasion on the latter.

Desire to Hamper Japan

The real reason, he declares, why the Americans want to end treaty trade relations with Japan is to enable them to try to hamper Japanese operations in China by shutting off supplies of American goods that will help Japan to prosecute successfully her campaign on the continent, specially iron and steel, iron and steel scrap, petroleum and motor trucks.

He says he does not anticipate that the United States will impose such an embargo at once, but it seems that the Americans want to hold the threat of such action over the heads of the Japanese, in other words to carry on a "war of nerves" against Japan, with the expectation of checking her progress in China.

As a matter of fact it seems that the present intention of the American Government is to avoid discriminating against Japanese in the United States as well as Japanese merchandise and shipping after the treaty expires, Mr. Tamura continues, but evidently this situation is not to be based on a new treaty or even a temporary fixed arrangement, and so the Americans will be in a position to change their minds at will.

This American attitude seems to be conditioned on what the Americans regard as their own interests, and not to have been at all modified by Japan's gesture in her announcement of the early re-opening of the Yangtze River to trade.

If the United States should start discriminating against Japanese residents there, and Japanese exports and shipping, Japan should take similar action in this country against American residents, merchandise and shipping, and this might very well be extended to Manchoukuo and the territory in China under Japanese control.

America Against War

In such a state of affairs the situation might be aggravated to such an extent that armed hostilities between the two countries might become unavoidable, but the writer doubts whether the United States is ready to run the risk of war with Japan merely for the sake of China.

"What kind of retaliatory measures could Japan adopt against the United States if the latter embargoes the export of war supplies to this country?" Mr. Tamura asks. International law indicates, he says, that retaliation must be limited to measures similar to those against which it is aimed.

The United States is a big buyer of Japanese raw silk, but an embargo on its export to the United States would hurt Japan more than the United States. If an anti-Japanese embargo actually comes into effect in the United States, such as has been demanded by certain sections of American public opinion ever since the China Incident began, Japan cannot allow international legal rules to prevent retaliation.

Japan-American relations, he points out, are closely related to China-Japan relations, and the more Japanese progress there is in China, the worse Japanese relations with the United States become: improving, on the other hand, when Japan makes concessions to the Chinese.

Whether the Americans want to have conditions in East Asia restored to what they were before the China Incident started, is not clear, but it is clear that they hold the Nine-Power Treaty very preciously, and this is one reason, evidently, why they are constantly trying to interfere in some way or another in the East Asia situation.

Obviously, the Americans are looking forward to the day when they can gather Britain and France, expected-to-be victors over Germany, into a bloc to exert pressure on Japan, coercing the latter into abandoning her projects in China: nursing this vision, the Americans are intending to avoid strong individual action in the meantime, says Mr. Tamura.

Frank Publicity Desired

He says, however, that there is one important course open to Japan to counter the situation arising from the United States' East Asia policy, and that is to publish frankly the details of Japan's programme for the settlement of the China Incident, as decided on by the Japanese Government on January 8.

If this is done, Mr. Tamura declares, it will remove any doubt as to the reasonableness of Japan's requirements with regard to China. "We might just as well do this," he points out, "and take the Americans into our confidence about our intentions regarding China, because as a matter of fact the terms of our policy is an open secret and has appeared in the Chinese press."

It must not be forgotten, Mr. Tamura points out, that another reason for the worsening of Japan-American relations is the many reports of actions alleged to be inimical to Americans and American interests in China. Many questions are understood to be pending between Japan and the United States regarding incidents involving the lives, dignity, property and trade of Americans in China, due to Japanese operations in that country. These affairs have aroused far more irritation against Japan in America than the matter of preserving the so-called integrity of China. The Japanese should recognize this, and as these incidents have not in themselves been grave and were unavoidable through the stress of military necessity, it is high time that Japan should make a real effort to settle them, the writer concludes.

Russia Fears Allied Concentrations

Germany's Southern Flank Alleged to Be Threatened

Moscow, Jan. 23.

"Impressive Allied troop concentrations" in Egypt, Palestine and Syria is the subject of an article today in the Soviet General Staff organ, the "Red Star," which says that such concentrations should not be under-estimated in putting pressure on potential enemies of the Anglo-French bloc in the Mediterranean and the Balkans.

These forces, under General Weygand and Lt.-General A. P. Wavell, the journal continues, are in fact expeditionary corps threatening Germany's southern flank.

"This Balkan front does not yet exist," the "Red Star" asserts, "but its formation evidently forms part of Anglo-French plans. The scale of war preparations of the Anglo-French bloc in the Near East, with parallel diplomatic preparations, leads us to think that we are not faced there by a mere diversion, but by far-reaching strategic plans."—Reuter.

American Ship Has Many Adventures

President Adams Reaches U.S. Safely from Orient

Jersey City, Jan. 23.

The President Lines' steamer President Adams arrived here yesterday after an eventful passage from the Far East.

Captain Gregory Cullen reported that the ship had been stopped five times by British warships during the vessel's world cruise.

A British cutter fired a shot and came alongside in Gibraltar, he said.

British authorities at Alexandria confiscated a cargo of 700 tons of Japanese silk consigned to Switzerland and also several bags of mail destined for Germany.

The shot fired at Gibraltar was a blank, Captain Cullen said, but it was of "no consequence" since the firing resulted from a mixup in signals. Many of the passengers, however, said that a real shell passed over the ship. —United Press.

SIR John Ellerman, thirty-year-old millionaire, and dark-haired sloe-eyed Lady Ellerman, who produced the pantomime "Dick Whittington," last year and a few weeks ago put on "Jack and the Beanstalk" are busy rehearsing Gounod's "Faust." Sir John, one of the world's shyest millionaires, writes, produces and acts in his own shows—puts them on in his own small theatre at Airth Lodge, his lovely Sunningdale home. His wife and friends, many of them well-known people, make up the cast. Their audiences come by invitation—sent out on gilt-edged cards, without which they cannot obtain admittance. Guards and liveried butlers will challenge them at least three times before they will be admitted to the private theatre. The theatre holds 50 people. Two or three performances of each show are usually given. Collections are made and the proceeds given to charities.

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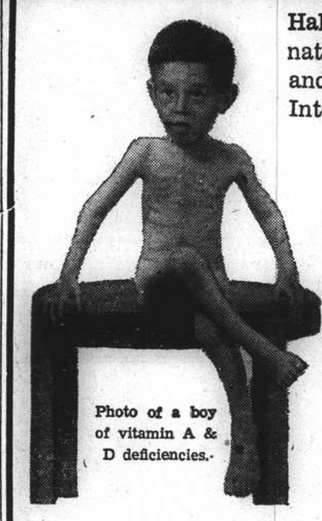
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THE SPORTS PAGE

Shanghai Squash Title Won By the Race Club

Final Decisive Victory Over Foreign Y.M.C.A.; Oarsmen Defeat Rowing Club 3-2

THE Race Club defeated the Foreign Y.M.C.A. by four matches to one last night, thereby winning the First Division Squash Rackets League for the season 1939-40 and retaining the title which they held last year. The winners dominated last night's matches and emerged comfortably ahead of their opponents. At the Rowing Club the derby match between the Oarsmen and the Rowing Club resulted in a win for the Oarsmen by 3 matches to 2 thereby putting the other team into the celler position in the league standings.

The following is the final standing in the league, although the Race Club can still obtain one more point from an unplayed match between M. Benavitch and A. C. Sinclair of the Rowing Club.

	P.	W.	L.	Pts.
Race Club	6	5	1	19
Foreign Y.M.C.A.	6	3	3	15
Oarsmen	6	2	4	13
Rowing Club	6	2	4	12

Greatest interest in yesterday's competition was in the matches played at the Race Club where the home team had to emerge winners by at least a margin of 3-2 over the Foreign Y.M.C.A. That they won by 4-1 demonstrated their strength and they were worthy winners of this year's first league title.

The main match of the evening was also played at the Race Club where L. H. Wade was able to defeat D. Green by 5-9, 9-6, 8-10, 9-8, 9-5, thereby gaining sweet revenge for the defeat he suffered at Green's hands at the Y.M.C.A. in their first meeting in the first round of the league. Wade was full of confidence last night and played a delightful game, his variation of play being too good for Green and the latter, although a master of court craft, was forced to admit defeat. The game was a grand match to watch, the contest taking over an hour to decide. Both showed up exceptionally well with good shots which were well applauded by the large crowd who watched the competition.

Wade Hits Hard

In the opening game, Wade was prominent with his strong shots in the first few points, but Green went ahead thereafter and won the game. The second game went to Wade at 9-6 after play had been very close, although Wade had the upper hand throughout. The third game saw the score keeping very level and the points were tied on several occasions, Green eventually emerging winner after they had tied at 8-8. Wade came to his own in the fourth and fifth games, winning handsomely. This result is some augury of the forthcoming championships which will be held next month.

Of the other matches only one went to five games and that was between J. L. Berglof of the Y.M.C.A. and R. D. Parkin of the Race Club in which the former won by three matches to two. It was a hard-fought contest and the last game went to 9-7 before Berglof proved the winner. Incidentally, this was the only match the Foreign Y.M.C.A. won, the Race Club proving the winners in all the others.

J. W. Pote-Hunt proved too good for R. Berglof and beat him in four games, the latter only taking the second game which went to 8-10.

In the third and fourth games, Pote-Hunt was too strong and won easily. E. B. Cumine proved that he has made a return to form by defeating T. E. Baker by 7-9, 9-5, 9-5, 9-6 in their return match, the first of which in the first round of the league, Baker won. The contest was well fought and produced some tricky and clever play on the part of both contestants.

At the Rowing Club the two home teams had a fight to see which would avoid the celler position and here the Oarsmen came out winners, as a result of victories by Carson, Gotch and Snow. L. D. Carson defeated W. Neugebauer in four games the former taking the points at 5-9, 9-5, 10-9, 9-3, the contest on the whole being very even and some of the rallies long and hard fought.

Scores were:

RACE CLUB 4, Y.M.C.A. 1

L. H. Wade defeated D. Green, 5-9, 9-6, 8-10, 9-8, 9-5.
J. W. Pote-Hunt defeated R. Berglof, 9-2, 8-10, 9-2, 9-3.
E. B. Cumine defeated T. E. Baker, 7-9, 9-5, 9-5, 9-6.
R. D. Parkin lost to J. L. Berglof, 0-9, 9-5, 3-9, 9-1, 7-9.
M. Benavitch defeated M. Ginsbourg, 9-3, 9-3, 9-2.

OARSMEN 3, ROWING CLUB 2

L. D. Carson defeated W. Neugebauer, 5-9, 9-5, 10-9, 9-3.
R. B. Gotch defeated G. W. Morris, 9-0, 8-1, 4-9, 9-7.
R. M. Snow defeated H. G. Fabian, 9-5, 9-9, 9-4.
W. M. Portrude lost to A. C. Sinclair, 7-9, 8-10, 9-7, 6-9.
R. S. L. Frewen lost to C. S. Kimber, 7-9, 9-4, 5-9.

Bromwich Beats All Opposition

Even Quist Fails Before Him; Great Promise Seen In Arthur Liddle

Sydney, Jan. 23.

John Bromwich, a member of the Australian team which took the Davis Cup from America this year, has celebrated his return to Australia by winning four titles.

He retained his singles championship of New South Wales by beating his Davis Cup colleague, A. K. Quist by 2-6, 6-0, 6-4, 6-0 in the final. In the men's doubles final, Bromwich and Quist combined to beat J. H. Crawford and V. B. McGrath by 6-0, 6-0, 3-6, 6-3.

At Brisbane, Bromwich won the Queensland men's singles championship, beating Jim Gilchrist by 6-1, 6-2, 6-3 in the final. Bromwich's accuracy was too much for the young New South Wales player, who, however, is still looked upon as a future Davis Cup possibility.

New Davis Cup "Hope"

Bromwich, partnered by L. Hancock, of Queensland, also won the men's doubles title. They beat McGrath and Gilchrist by 6-0, 6-4, 6-2 in the final.

A feature of this tournament was the discovery of yet another young Australian Davis Cup "hope." He is 19-year-old Arthur Liddle, of Queensland, who, in Bromwich's opinion, has a better service than any other player in Australia.

McGrath, who is a former Australian Davis Cup player, beat Liddle in an early round but it took him five strenuous sets to do it. The scores were 11-9, 4-6, 6-4, 12-14 6-2.—Reuter.

Special Women's Hockey Match Being Arranged

Knock-Out Fixtures for This Week-end

Since the prospect of a ladies hockey team being sent to Hongkong during the Easter Holidays to participate in the proposed Interport Match do not seem too bright this year, the local Association is making plans to hold a Special Match to be played between the President's and Vice-President's teams for the closing of the season's activities. With this in mind, the honorary secretary, Miss H. Knoch, urged yesterday that the captains of the various teams forward the names of their five selected players not later than this coming Friday, January 26.

This Special Match will try to maintain the standard of play on an Interport level and the best 22 players will be invited to participate. A selection committee of five, consisting of the President, the Vice-President and three other members of the Council, will pick the final teams.

In a meeting held last Friday it was planned to hold a Knock-Out Competition for both "A" and "B" Division teams. Mrs. J. P. van Hengel, the President of the S.L.H.A., has offered to present the Wooden Spoons to winners of these contests.

The season's activities will be rounded out in a fitting manner early in April with a Supper Dance, according to another decision at the recent meeting.

Play in the Knock-Out Tournament begins this week-end with four matches, two in each division. In the senior section on Saturday the Shanghai Ladies are to meet the Greens at Kiaochow Park while Erin Villa "A" will play the Amazons on the Race Course.

The complete fixtures follow:—

SATURDAY

"A" League.—2.30 p.m. In Uno v. A.S.P., R.C. 4.
"A" Knock-Out.—2.45 p.m. Shanghai Ladies v. Greens, Kiaochow; 2.45 p.m. Erin "A" v. Amazons, Erin.

SUNDAY

"B" League.—2.45 p.m. S.J.S. v. J.R.C., R.C. 4.
"B" Knock-Out.—10 a.m. Betar v. J.A.C., Kiaochow; 2.45 p.m. Sokols v. Erin "B," Erin.

United Putting Three Teams on Field

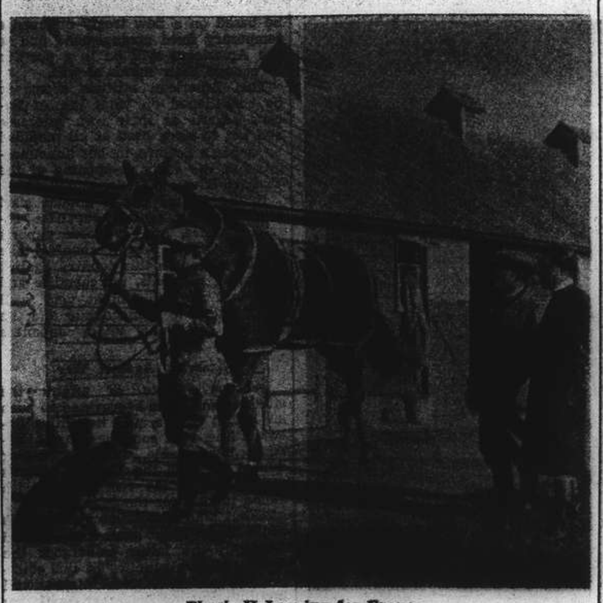
All Players Selected for Week-end Hockey

The following players have been selected to represent the Shanghai United Hockey Club in Association matches during the week-end:—

United "A" (v. Area Details, Sunday, 2.15 p.m., R.G. 3):—J. P. Jones; C. G. van der Voort, K. M. Pate (capt.); R. J. Willis, L. Oliveira, S. Wilde; R. C. Murray, S. P. Karanjia, F. R. Kermani, H. Waldman, H. Bojesen. Reserves: J. Hetherington, Brian Smith, E. Viccajee. Umpire: C. M. Barradas.

United "B" (v. Khalsa, Saturday, 3 p.m., R.G. 6):—E. A. H. Weidman; Alex Yourieff, J. Ladd (capt.); S. Reuben, F. R. Kermani, H. Cohn; R. C. Veir, J. Hetherington, E. V. Chantural, S. Wilde, A. G. Yourieff. Reserves: D. M. Shoolingin, J. Gilchrist, S. T. Berglof. Umpire: J. P. Jones.

United "C" (v. Municipal Jail, Sunday, 3.30 p.m., R.G. 3):—W. Wolff; Brian Smith, N. M. Shoolingin (capt.); D. M. Shoolingin, J. Gilchrist, G. Kuropatoff; R. V. Crank, D. Crook, H. H. Lawrence, G. A. Roza, E. Viccajee. Reserves: A. Samson, J. Hetherington. Umpire: E. V. Chantural.



Pharis II Leaving for France

M. Marcel Boussac's Pharis II is seen leaving the stables for shipment to France where he goes to the stud. Charles Elliot who was to have ridden the horse in the St. Leger against Blue Peter, the horse of the year, is seen with Steve Donoghue watching his departure.

Grand National to Be Run at Aintree Early in April

No "Ersatz" Event as Expected; Race Reduced In Value; Qualifying Clause Modified

London, Jan. 23

AFTER a considerable period during which one was left to rely entirely upon speculation as to the date and place of the 1940 Grand National, Messrs. Weatherby have officially announced that the race will be run over the Aintree course at Liverpool during the Spring Meeting. It is understood that the consent of the Ministry of Transport had been obtained shortly before the announcement was made and that a meeting of the Stewards of the Jockey Club and of the National Hunt Committee was then held.

The Liverpool Spring Meeting consists of flat-races and races under National Hunt Rules, so that both ruling bodies of the Turf have jurisdiction over it. It is scheduled to take place on April 4, 5 and 6. The Grand National will, no doubt, be run as usual on the second day of the meeting.

During the last war, a substitute race for the Grand National was run at Gatwick in 1916, 1917 and 1918. It was run at Liverpool in 1915.

Owing to the failure of the controlling bodies to make an early official statement, there was a good deal of wild rumouring on the subject. Some racing writers went so far as to state quite definitely that only a substitute race would be held at either Newbury or Gatwick.

Overdue though it is, the news that the race will be run in the normal way over the familiar obstacles of Aintree is greeted with general enthusiasm. The very idea of an "ersatz" Grand National, as one writer called it, was disturbing to lovers of the sport.

The race has been reduced in value and the qualifying clause for entries has been modified. It will probably be a plate of £4,000 instead of a sweepstake. Last year the entrance fee was £10, acceptors paid £60 each, starters £100 each, and there was £4,000 added. Sir Alexander Maguire, who owned the winner, Workman, received £7,284 10s.

In consequence of the limited number of steeplechases run this season and of their smaller value generally, horses placed first, second or third in races of three miles and upwards worth £80 will be qualified to run. Previously, the qualifying race had to be of a minimum value of £200.—Reuter.

Effort to Enlarge Football Crowds

F. A. Submits Scheme to Home Office; Present Limits Unjustified

London, Jan. 23.

Efforts are being made by the Football Association to bring about a relaxation of the limits now imposed on Soccer crowds.

A scheme has been drawn up by the Football Association whereby gates shall be determined by the holding capacity of individual grounds, instead of, as at present, one scale being fixed for all.

This proposal has been submitted to the Home Office and it is now under consideration.

The view of many clubs is that the present limit of 3,000, and 15,000 in cases where the ground can hold 60,000 or more, keeps away hundreds of people who are afraid of being shut out.

Hundreds Turned Away

On two successive Saturdays recently the gates at Arsenal matches, against Tottenham Hotspur and Millwall, had to be closed after 15,000 were inside the ground, and several hundreds could not gain admission. The authorities consider that it would be safer to admit these extra people than to turn them away.

If the proposed scheme meets with approval, it is probable that gates of up to 25,000 will be allowed.—Reuter.

Olympics to U.S. On Paper

Results of Hypothetical Meeting Worked Out with Americans Far Ahead

New York, Jan. 23.

With the Olympic Games for 1940 cancelled, the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States has worked out the results of a hpothetical meeting.

Their conclusions are based on last year's performances. Adopting the usual points system of 10, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, for the first six places, they make the United States winners with 209.3 points, Finland second with 108 points and Germany, third, with 74.2.

Great Britain share sixth place with Norway with 14 points each, Sweden and Japan coming before them. After that come Italy, Australia, Belgium, Estonia, Poland, Peru and the Netherlands.

The A.A.U. award the events of the various countries as follows:

UNITED STATES

100 metres: Jeffrey and Ellerbee, 10.2 seconds.
200 metres: Jeffrey, 20.7 sec.
110 metres hurdles: Wolcott, 14.1 sec.
High Jump: Steers, 6 ft. 9½ ins.
Pole Vault: Meadows, 14 ft. 10¾ ins.
Discus: Fox, 175 ft. 6½ ins.
Weight-putt: Hackney, 53 ft. 7 ins.
100 yards: Wilbur Greer, Mack Robinson and Brian Dunn (Australia) 9.5 sec.

FINLAND

2 miles: Maeki, 8 min. 53.2 sec.
5,000 metres: Maeki, 14 min. 8.8 sec.
10,000 metres: Maeki, 29 min. 52.3 sec.
Javelin: Jarvinen, 250 feet.
Hammer: Beirila, 192 ft. 6 ins.

GERMANY

400 metres: Harbig, 46 sec.
800 metres: Harbig, 1 min. 46.6 sec.
400 metres hurdles: Hoelling, 51.6 sec.

GREAT BRITAIN

Mile: S. C. Wooderson, 4 min. 7.4 sec.

SWEDEN

1,500 metres: Anderson, 3 min. 45.8 sec.

JAPAN

Long Jump: Gengon Kin, 26 ft.

NORWAY

Hop, step and jump: Haare Storm 52 ft.—Reuter.

U.S. Tennis Players Barred from Europe

New York, Jan. 23.

No American lawn tennis players will be authorized to play in Europe at present. This decision was made by the American Lawn Tennis Association after receiving an invitation from Italy to send players to their next championships, to be held in Rome.—Reuter.

Interport Trial Reduces Week-End League Soccer

Only One First Division Match; Police to Meet P.T.H. Saturday; Tsz Ling Cup Play

IN view of the fact that all the teams, except the Recs, are involved in the Interport Trial this Sunday morning at the Canidrome, the Shanghai Football Association has issued an unusually light programme of senior fixtures to be played off this week-end. Only one match in the First Division is arranged: the Police are to clash with the P.T.H. on Saturday at the Race Course.

The following afternoon two important games will take place in the junior category when Lido meet the Surreys in the Reserve Division and Area Details are pitted against the Rowing Club in the Second Division. If Lido can beat the Surreys, the Reserve title will go into the hands of the crack Chinese side, although they still have one more game to play and that will be against the Seaforths. If the Surreys win it means the Chinese must score a victory over the Highlanders in order to walk away with the pennant.

Area Details are favoured over the Oarsmen although the latter rank among the strongest sides in the Second Division. The Club eleven are the last hurdle for the Army team to clear. Should they succeed there will be no question about their winning the championship.

Present standing of teams follows:—

FIRST DIVISION

Lido	9	9	0	0	35	12	18
Surreys	9	5	2	2	39	23	12
Seaforths	10	6	0	4	32	24	12
S.R.C.	10	5	2	3	31	28	12
S.F.X.	9	5	0	4	31	22	10
A.S.F.	10	5	0	5	34	31	10
P.T.H.	10	4	2	4	26	36	10
Tung Hwa	9	4	0	5	24	29	8
Lusitano	10	2	0	8	20	41	4
S.M.P.	10	0	0	10	15	41	0

RESERVE DIVISION

Lido	7	7	0	0	30	6	14
Surreys	7	5	2	0	33	9	12
Seaforths	6	3	3	0	16	6	9
Tung Hwa	7	3	1	3	8	14	7
S.F.X.	7	2	2	3	11	13	6
S.M.P.	7	2	2	3	16	22	6
S.R.C.	6	2	1	3	10	9	5
Lusitano	8	2	1	5	16	29	5
A.S.F.	8	1	2	5	12	29	4
P.T.H.	7	0	2	5	7	22	2

SECOND DIVISION

French Forces	7	6	0	1	28	12	12
Area Details	5	5	0	0	32	7	10
J.R.C.	6	4	0	2	35	11	8
Rowing Club	5	3	1	1	23	4	7
Parks	6	3	1	2	20	18	7
Ching Hwa	6	3	0	3	30	17	6
Sokol	6	3	0	3	19	11	6
Russ. Regt.	6	1	0	5	9	28	2
U.T. Party	5	0	0	5	11	31	0
J.A.C.	6	0	0	6	1	69	0

THIRD DIVISION

Maccabi	8	7	1	0	36	9	15
Russ. Club	8	6	2	0	19	9	14
3 Cults.	7	6	1	0	28	8	13
Aurora	8	4	1	3	23	14	9
Old West.	8	4	0	4	17	20	8
Xaverians	8	3	1	4	16	17	7
Betar	8	2	2	4	16	18	6
Judeans	8	3	0	5	14	19	6
Oarsmen	8	3	0	5	9	22	6
Hotspurs	8	2	1	5	9	14	5
Tung Wen	8	1	1	6	5	30	3
R.A.M.C.	7	1	0	6	12	24	2

The following are the complete fixtures for this week-end together with their officials:—

SATURDAY

Tsz Ling Cup 3rd Round.—Ching Hwa v. Italian Navy, Kiaochow, 2.45 p.m., A. C. Sinclair. Line: S. P. Nee and Z. Y. Wong.

1st division.—S.M.P. v. P.T.H., R.G. 2. W. F. Field. Line: G. E. Knight, O. G. R. Beynon.

Reserve division.—P.T.H. v. A.S.F., R.G. 1, A. W. Day.

3rd division.—Aurora v. Maccabi, Aurora 2.30 p.m., L. Chang; Oarsmen v. 3 Cults., Kiaochow, 1.30 p.m., G. Tai: Old. West. v. R.A.M.C., S.R.C., N. Fadeyeff; Xaverians v. Hotspurs, R.G. 5, S. Neumann.

SUNDAY

Interport Trial.—Probable XI v. Possible XI, Canidrome, 10.30 a.m., A. G. B. Carnell. Line: T. Z. Liu, C. F. Lee.

Reserve division.—S.F.X. v. Tung Hwa, Kiaochow 3.00 p.m., T. H. Ho; Surreys v. Lido, Kiaochow, 1.30 p.m., J. Chen; S.R.C. v. Seaforths, S.R.C., C. H. Mahon.

2nd division.—Row. Club v. Area Details, R.G. 1, F. C. Hale.

3rd division.—Betar v. Judeans, R.G. 2, E. M. Marchetti; Tung Wen v. Russ. Club, R.G. 5, F. P. da Silva.

The following players have been selected to take part in the trials:—

PROBABLE XI:—W. Ward (S.M.P.); Sgt. J. Campbell (Seaforths); Cpl. W. Harrison (Surreys); H. C. Collaco (Lusit.); N. Z. Lee (Lido); J. Ward (A.S.F.); L/c. A. Parr (Surreys); V. K. Hyui (Lido); V. Roboostoff (A.S.F.); K. S. Suen (Lido); C. T. Tsao (Lido).

POSSIBLES XI:—W. Kabbert (S.F.X.); C. Collet (Fr. Fcs.); E. Choong (T.H.); Y. Segalen (A.S.F.); A. S. da Costa (Lusit.); M. Greenberg (S.F.X.); F. Foyn (S.F.X.); Bdms. H. McClarty (Surreys); H. Cochran (P.T.H.); L. Rozario (Lusit.); M. Karolitch (S.F.X.). Reserves: E. Vactal (S.M.P.); Pte. A. Paget (Surreys); Pte. Jelly (Surreys); Pte. Fraser (Seaforths); K. H. Huang (Lido).

Players are requested to communicate with Mr. Spiegler, telephone 16521, if unable to play. Players will meet at the Canidrome dressing rooms at 9.45 a.m. on Sunday.

Tickets: Tickets for the three interport matches will be placed on sale on Friday at Squires Bingham Ltd., Nanking Road. Reserve seats, and general admission (both north and south stands) will be available.

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"THE FIRE OVER PI-YUN PALACE"
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JOAN FONTAINE • VIRGINIA WEIDLER • LUCILE WATSON
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2. ASTI	— SOLOZBAL
3. GARATE	— OSA
4. ENRIQUE	— PRUDENCIO
5. ACHA	— GUERNICA
6. ALBERDI	— GURIDI

Events 1-8:	Events 9-16:
1. GUERNICA	1. OSA
2. SOLOZABAL	2. GARATE
3. ASTI	3. OLASO
4. FERNANDO	4. ALBERDI
5. GURIDI	5. PRUDENCIO
6. ACHA	6. ENRIQUE

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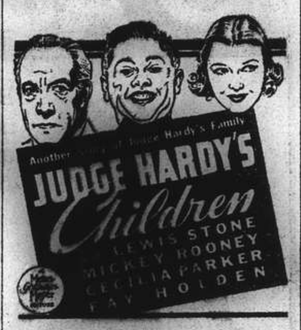

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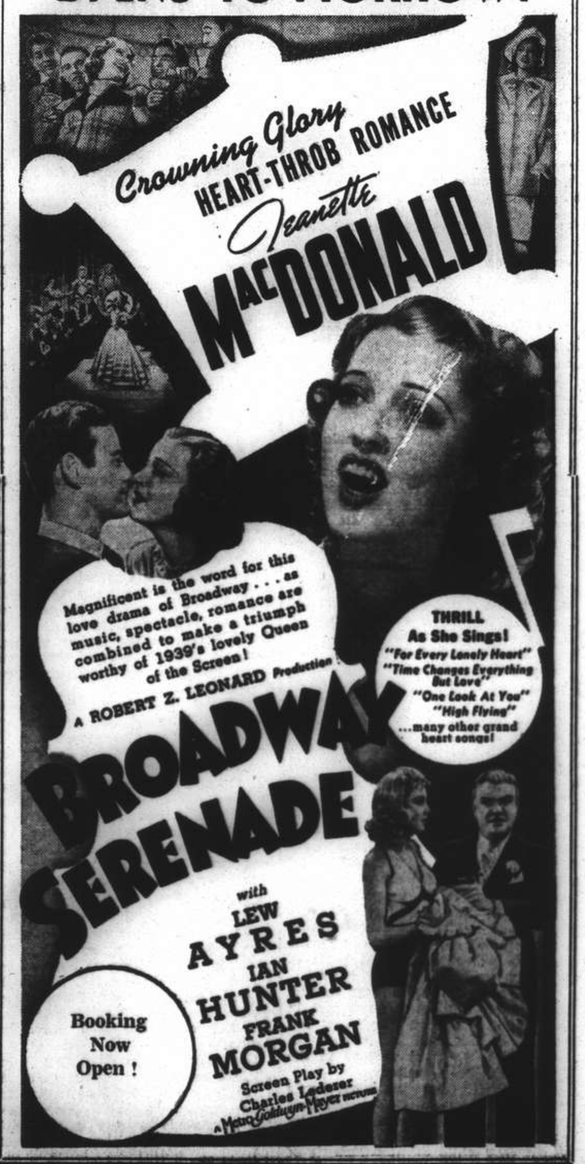
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Cold Wave Sweeping China Hits Ill-Clad Troops

Many Said to Be Badly in Need of Warm Clothes; Chinese Claim Minor Successes in Fighting

Hongkong, Jan. 23.

A COLD wave was sweeping over China, forcing the mercury below zero in many places, according to telegrams from various interior towns today. The cold spell in Changsha was described as the most severe in 20 years. The city's water pipes were frozen.

In Kweilin and Shiukwan the temperature dropped to the freezing point. Mixed drizzle and snow fell in Shiukwan yesterday. The weather was coldest in Lanchow, where the mercury dipped to eight degrees below zero. A blinding snowstorm was raging there.

Soldiers and civilians already suffering from shortage of food and commodities were said to be badly in need of clothing. The cold was said to be sapping the morale and fighting power of guerilla units.

In Kwangtung province guerilla corps were reported to be demanding that district magistrates supply military clothes. Having no other funds available, district authorities were using money sent by overseas Chinese for war refugees to purchase uniforms, according to reports from Kwangtung.—Domei.

Chungking, Jan. 23.

"Chinese troops withdrew from Tsengchen, north-east of Canton, on January 21 after engaging the Japanese garrison in street-fighting," states a Chinese dispatch from Kwangtung.

It claims that Chinese troops attacked Tsengchen from three directions, "finally fighting their way into the city on the afternoon of January 20."

"In a determined effort to hold the city, the Japanese rushed reinforcements from Canton," the Chinese dispatch continues.

"After 24 hours of severe street fighting, the Chinese troops were unable to withstand heavy Japanese artillery fire, and withdrew from the city on the following day, January 21," the dispatch adds.

Chinese circles here are watching developments in South China, following reports that the Japanese are sending large numbers of fresh troops into Kwangsi and Kwangtung.—Reuter.

Winter Slows Action

Chungking, Jan. 23.

Snow slowed action on almost all Chinese fronts yesterday, but action continued at many places, according to reports reaching here today.

Chinese troops took advantage of a heavy snowstorm last Friday night to surprise the Japanese garrison at Lifeng and occupied the town after a two-hour battle in which 100 Japanese were killed, the Central News Agency reported.

A second battle was fought when Japanese reinforcements were rushed to the area with tanks, it was said. Two tanks were disabled during the battle and 200 Japanese were killed, the agency claimed. During the entire action in the area only eight Chinese privates were wounded, the agency said.

Ten thousand Japanese were reported to have been rushed to reinforce Japanese garrisons on the Tungpu Railroad in south-western Shansi, where the Japanese have suffered many losses, the agency reported. It was believed that the Japanese were planning a new offensive in the Luliang Mountains between the Yellow and Fen Rivers.

Thousand Japanese Slain

Over a thousand Japanese were killed and 12 tanks and armoured cars were destroyed January 19 when the Chinese forces repulsed a Japanese drive from Suihsien on Kaocheng, 20 miles north of Suihsien, it was claimed. Kaocheng is a Chinese stronghold, it was said.

Meanwhile, Chinese guerillas have been increasingly more active along Japanese railways, the Central News Agency reported. Two bridges were blown up near Tengsien on the Tientsin-Pukow Railroad in southern Shantung. At the same time 20 sections of the railway were destroyed near Chuchow, 70 miles north-west of Pukow, it was reported.

On January 20 a Japanese military train was blown up near Kaomi on the Tsinnan-Tsingtao Railway, causing heavy casualties to Japanese troops bound for the eastern front, it was claimed.—United Press.

Japanese Cross Chientang River

Hangchow, Jan. 23.

Japanese forces inaugurating new operations south of Hangchow crossed the Chientang River with a minimum of casualties, a communiqué issued today by the headquarters of a Japanese detachment said.

Darkness, sleet and snow counteracted the strongly fortified Chinese positions on the south bank of the river, the communiqué stated. The river was from 1,800 to 3,000 metres wide at the places the Japanese crossed, the announcement said.

An hour after all forces had landed, operations against retreating Chinese troops had started, it was stated.

The communiqué stressed that the Japanese operations were not conducted for territorial gains, but to crush the anti-Japanese forces operating south of the river.—Domei.

Chinese Harry Railway

Chinese regulars and guerillas are continuing to make concerted attacks on the Japanese along the Soochow-Kashing Railway and also the Shanghai-Hangchow Railway which they have been doing during the past few days, states a Chinese evening report. It is asserted that despite the presence of Japanese war vessels Chinese forces are continuing to cross the Chientang River to reach the northern bank of the river carrying much war material.

Chinese Beaten in Hupeh

Hankow, Jan. 23.

More than 400 Chinese troops were crushed on Sunday by a Japanese unit conducting mopping-up operations in the areas south of the Han River in Hupeh province, according to dispatches received here today. The Chinese troops were defeated in the vicinity of Tsokiachang, 12 kilometres south-east of Tsienkiang.

Another Japanese detachment scattered Chinese troops near Hukiachang, 12 kilometres north-west of Sientaochen in central Hupeh.—Domei.

U.S. Note to Britain On Shipping Delays

Discrimination Alleged in Passing Gibraltar

Washington, Jan. 23.

The Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, yesterday sent a Note to Britain alleging that ships of the United States passing Gibraltar are delayed three times as long as Italian ships and asked assurances that Britain will cease discrimination.

The Note said that American ships are delayed on the average of 12.4 days, compared with the average four-day delay of Italian ships.—United Press.

Egyptian Minister to Japan Decorated

Tokyo, Jan. 23.

Emperor Hirohito decorated Abdel Wahab Daoud Bey, Egyptian Minister to Japan, with the First Class Order of the Sacred Treasure today in recognition of his services towards developing friendship between Japan and Egypt.

Daoud Bey will be transferred to Greece. He will be succeeded by M. Nicholas Cali, Egyptian Minister to the Netherlands.—Domei.

Chinese Red Cross Directors Meet

This picture was taken last week in Hongkong where the directors and auditors of the China Red Cross Society held a conference at which many resolutions aiming at the improvement of the country's medical service were passed. Front row left to right: Mr. Hsu Shih-ying, Dr. C. T. Wang (chairman) Mr. Yeh Kung-tso and Mr. Ling Kung-hou who is also general secretary of the Shanghai Bankers Association. Directly behind Dr. Wang and Mr. Yeh is Mr. Wang Hsiao-lai, former civic leader in Shanghai. Dr. J. Heng Liu, formerly of P.U.M.C. is also here standing behind (and third from) Mr. Ling.

Browder Sentenced To Imprisonment

U.S. Communist Leader Convicted of Passport Falsification Charges

New York, Jan. 23.

Earl Browder, leader of the Communist Party in the United States, was convicted here yesterday on two counts of passport falsification and sentenced to four years in prison and $2,000 fine.

The jury deliberated for 45 minutes before bringing in its verdict and Judge Alfred E. Coxe immediately delivered the sentence.

"I am not in the habit of thanking juries," Judge Coxe said while rendering the verdict, "but in this case I want to thank them for the way they courageously and fearlessly conducted themselves."

Browder's bail was continued until Wednesday, Judge Coxe specifying that he must perfect an appeal by that time. Browder left the court room, presumably to speak at a state Communist rally at Madison Square Garden last night.

Browder, acting as his own advocate, in a quarter-hour summation of his case, said defiantly, "I am a Communist and proud of it!" He asked that he be acquitted "in the American tradition."

The prosecution, in summing up, charged that Browder was carefully versed in the scheme of obtaining passports fraudulently.

"He got so bold that he did it four times," the prosecutor declared. He demanded a conviction. "If ever there was deliberation, repetition, aggravation and wilful intent, it is in this case," the prosecutor declared.

Browder, occasionally pounding the jury rail in his excitement, denied that the Government had proved him guilty. At one time he launched a discussion of the "rights of American labour and the American working class," but Judge Coxe forced him to desist. The Judge drew Browder's attention to the fact that his Communist affiliation was no contention in the case.

The prosecution, in his summation, reminded the jury that Browder was "not under oath."—United Press.

Boulder Dam Sabotage

Washington, Jan. 22.

Taking the advice of the Secretary of state, Mr. Cordell Hull, that revelations of the plot to blow up Boulder Dam, largest in the world, would not be to the public's interest, the House Foreign Affairs Committee today rejected the Kramer motion demanding such information. Mr. Hull, appearing before the Committee, pointed out that the Federal Bureau of Investigation is still pursuing inquiries into the plot.—Havas.

4,000 Planes in Empire Training Scheme

Ottawa, Jan. 23.

It is officially announced that over 4,000 aircraft have been ordered for the Empire air training scheme. Seven schools are being established in various parts of the country as well as three large wireless schools, each accommodating a thousand students.—Reuter.

Sarawak Crown Prince Loses Title, Powers

Sir Charles Brooke Says Nephew Unfit for Post

Singapore, Jan. 23.

The Rajah of Sarawak, Sir Charles Vyner Brooke, issued a proclamation at Kuching today depriving his nephew, Anthony Brooke, of his title of Rajah of Muda, Crown Prince of Sarawak, which was conferred on him last March, and derogating all authority and powers vested in him by earlier proclamation.

The Rajah added that "it appears to us that our nephew is not yet fitted to exercise the responsibilities of this high position."

The Rajah's nephew married the former Miss Kathleen Hudden, of Bristol, last November. After their honeymoon in Sumatra, the couple went to England where Mr. Brooke planned to engage in war work "following the example" of his uncle, who served actively in the Great War.

The nephew of the famous "White Rajah" administered the government of Sarawak during the Rajah's visit to England last year.—United Press.

Britain Suspends U.S. Tobacco Imports

State Department Urged To Protest Stoppage

Washington, Jan. 23.

Lord Lothian, the British Ambassador, visited Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, yesterday to discuss, particularly, the situation created by the suspension of United States tobacco imports into Britain.

Mr. Henry A. Wallace, Secretary of Agriculture, and other officials and private individuals are urging the State Department to protest against Britain's policy of not authorizing an allotment of exchange for the purchase of United States tobacco.

It is understood that Mr. Cordell Hull has requested, or will request, the British Government to continue to fill, at least, part of its tobacco requirements in the United States market.—Reuter.

Orazio Passengers All Saved

French Navy Thanked By Italian Consul in Marseilles for Rescue

Marseilles, Jan. 23.

The owners of the Italian liner Orazio (11,669 tons), aboard which a fire raged yesterday after an explosion in the engine-room, announce that all the 417 passengers aboard have been saved. Only a few mechanics belonging to the crew are said to be still missing. They were in the engine-room at the time of the explosion.

French circles in London state that a French auxiliary cruiser stopped the Orazio after the latter left port and removed eight Germans who were aboard. Shortly afterwards, the Orazio's S.O.S. was picked up by the Toulon radio station, and the French authorities sent a destroyer to the spot immediately. The cruiser also received the message, and returned to the Orazio, where her searchlights helped in the rescue of passengers and crew.

Most of the ship's passengers and 300 members of the crew are said to have jumped into the sea, to be picked up by lifeboats put out by three other Italian liners and two French warships.—Reuter.

French Navy Thanked

Marseilles, Jan. 22.

All lifeboats carrying survivors of the Orazio, were picked up by rescue ships and therefore the only casualties of the blaze at sea were a number of wipers and mechanics in the engine-room, the French Admiralty announced this evening.

It was in the engine-room according to an officer of the Orazio, where occurred the explosion which set the liner ablaze yesterday morning when she was off the French coast, bound from Genoa for Valparaiso via Barcelona.

Information on the rescue of the last three lifeboats, carrying 107 passengers and sailors, was forwarded the Italian Consul here by the Admiralty this evening. The Consul, upon receiving the information, expressed recognition of the pains taken by French vessels to aid in the rescue work and emphasized the "solidarity of all seamen." He also announced that survivors of the Orazio who had reached Marseilles earlier in the day in the French ship Ville d'Ajaccio had immediately left for Italy.—Havas.

German Report Refuted

Paris, Jan. 22.

German propaganda insinuations that the disastrous fire on the Italian liner Orazio was the result of French naval action was indignantly refuted in French quarters. They pointed out that, for one thing, if such insinuations were to be made, Germany is hardly in a position to make them. Rome, they further stressed, published a detailed official version of the fire and, far from making any calumnious accusations, paid high tribute to the rescue work accomplished by the French Navy and merchant marine.—Havas.

Mexico to Sell Asphalt To Australia

Mexico City, Jan. 23.

The Government oil company has closed a deal to sell several million pesos worth of asphalt to Australia, the newspaper "Grafico" said last night.—United Press.

U.S. Urged to Save Scandinavia

Carnegie Foundation Agents Say Finns Are Only Bulwark

New York, Jan. 23.

The Finnish Relief Fund has now reached the total of $1,000,000, according to an announcement by Mr. Herbert Hoover, chairman of the Fund. This is in addition to $600,000 already available for relief, and $400,000 en route to Finland.

Without more foreign active support than is at present forthcoming, Finland cannot hold out much more than ten weeks, according to reports from European agents of the Carnegie Endowment For International Peace, published today by its president, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler.

The gist of the reports is that if the United States does not help Finland, the Scandinavian countries will succumb to aggression one by one.

"Britain is not in a position to give Finland much help because she needs all the ammunition she can manufacture, and because it is felt that British intervention in support of Finland would almost be certain to precipitate immediate and direct German intervention in all Scandinavian countries," the reports declared. Finland's present supplies of food and armaments are very low, and are likely to be exhausted when weather conditions alter in a few weeks so as to favour an overwhelming Soviet offensive."—Reuter.

Reuters Criticized on Shansi Report

Hongkong Paper Denounces Spreading of News

Hongkong (By Mail).

Reuters has once again become the object of violent attack by the "Hongkong Daily Press," this time for its publication of the reported clash between General Yen Hsi-shan's "old" and "new" armies in Shansi.

In a vigorous leader, denouncing the Reuter report as "inaccurate from one end to the other" and as "hardly meriting the compliment of serious factual analysis," the "Daily Press" declares:

"It is a matter for some regret that ....an agency as reputable as Reuters should so far be influenced by the environment of the occupied territories as to permit itself, not only to fall into the trap of accepting the Japanese version of happenings in the interior of Free China, but also to perpetrate the sin, unpardonable for an organization devoted to the accurate reporting of news, of commenting on such happenings in the way most pleasing to China's enemies."

No mention is made in the "Daily Press's" attack of the explanation from Chungking that "minor clashes" had occurred in Shansi, as a result of the "insubordination" of "about 3,000 men."—Reuter.

Earthquakes Again Felt in Turkey

Ankara, Jan. 22.

Earthquakes once again shook Turkey today when tremors were felt in the Gihesoun, Zian and Yozkat regions. Three persons were killed and three injured at Yozkat. Quakes were felt throughout the past 48 hours, reports stated.—Havas.

Bourdrez Memorial Fund

The tragic and untimely death of Mr. F. J. M. Bourdrez on May 11, 1939 while surveying the Chinsha River near Kiaokia, Yunnan, has been deeply lamented by his friends both in China and abroad. He had spent over seven years of uninterrupted service in China after his arrival on March 21, 1932 as Conservancy Expert sent by the League of Nations.

In planning or directing construction work, he played an important part in all major Chinese conservancy projects of recent years, such as Huai River regulation, Yellow River dyke closure at Kuantai and Tungchuang, Northwest irrigation work, construction of Paimaokow sluice, etc. In reconnaissance work, his trail covered almost the entire country in spite of the hardships and risks involved. In conservancy administration and general planning, his counsels and proposals, first to the former National Economic Council and then to the Ministry of Economic Affairs were as many as they were valuable.

As a memorial to the late Mr. Bourdrez, it has been decided to establish a certain number of scholarships in Hydraulic Engineering at the leading Chinese universities. Apart from the money donated by various Chinese Government organizations in recognition of his distinguished services, opportunity will be given to all friends or admirers of the late Mr. Bourdrez to participate in establishing the Bourdrez Memorial Scholarships in Hydraulic Engineering. All those who wish to do so are hereby requested to communicate either with Mr. J. van den Berg, c/o Consulate of the Netherlands, Shanghai.

Dies Committee Mandate Prolonged by Year

Washington, Jan. 22.

The Rules Committee of the House of Representatives today approved a motion prolonging by one year the mandate of the Dies Committee investigating un-American activities. The motion, in the form of a Bill, will come up for discussion in the House tomorrow.—Havas.

South African Union Had to Enter War

Gen. Smuts Says Neutrality Would Divide Own People

London, Jan. 22.

In a message to Kuruman electors where a bye-election is pending, General Jan Smuts, Prime Minister, dealing with the possibility of the Union remaining neutral in the present war said today: "To me it is clear like daylight that neutrality would have struck the economic interests of this country a fatal blow and, above all, would have been the cause of such a racial conflict as would rent our people completely and for years to come."—Reuter.

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4 A.M. Home from a wild stag party... hazy with a hangover!
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with STUART ERWIN GLORIA STUART

RAYMOND WALBURN · JUNE GALE DOUGLAS FOWLEY · CLARENCE KOLB

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CARDS

Mr. M. T. Stewart

P.P.C. -1359

The family of the late Mrs. Margaretha Mottu are very grateful and thank their friends for the beautiful flowers and sympathy extended during their recent bereavement.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

PLAIN TALKING

Mr. Winston Churchill's reference to the fate of the small neutral Powers should the Allies be defeated by the Germans has created quite a sensation, and, it has to be admitted, some show of indignation in those countries where it is felt highly desirable to do everything possible to keep the Reich in a sweet temper. The First Lord of the Admiralty asked what would happen if all the small neutral nations concerned were spontaneously to do their duty in accordance with the covenant of the League of Nations, and stand together with the British and French against aggression and wrong. This has been eagerly seized upon by the Reich propaganda machine as an attempt by the British Government to persuade the small neutral countries to take up arms against Germany. It is only by the most tortuous mental processes that the warning, that the defeat of the Allies must mean suffering and disaster for the small countries unfortunate enough to be neighbours of the Reich, can be twisted into a definite exhortation to them to take up arms against the Hitler régime. The plain fact of the matter is that in the unlikely event of Great Britain and France being defeated, the last bulwarks of safety and independence for the smaller countries would disappear and the Reich would be able to pick them off piecemeal just as it suited its book. German ambition is for the complete domination of Europe. It always has been. During the last war there were published in Germany maps purporting to show the manner in which the whole of Europe would be divided in the event of Germany and her Allies winning. One in particular showed the German intention of dividing all the territory between the Bay of Biscay in the west to the Ural mountains in the east practically equally with Austria, as grandiose a scheme as any which Napoleon Buonaparte ever dreamt of. That is what Europe has to expect if Germany succeeds in winning the present struggle, and there can be no gainsaying the fact that a German victory means the disappearance of all the small European nations incapable of defending themselves against the German might which could easily overwhelm them.

And thus reduced, what could they expect from their conquerors? Czechoslovakia and Poland are learning. Swift and ruthless suppression in which, to use the words of Count Raczynski, Polish Ambassador to Great Britain, "....human life has become the sport of ferocious and bestial hangmen." Those words occur in a memorandum which the Count has presented to the British Government as a prelude to an official publication which will contain a tabulation of all the cruelties which have come to the knowledge of the Polish Government. It says *inter alia*:—

> Never before, and nowhere else has an enemy treated with such ruthlessness the whole of a defenceless population, upon which in cities, even villages there rained bombs, shells, and machinegun bullets.
>
> One would have thought that as soon as the whole country had been subjugated this lust for inflicting misery would have ceased.
>
> However the contrary has happened.
>
> While the property of the population has become the object of unending robberies and is being seized on the spot from its owners, who together with their families are being evicted from their homes, so the entire population is being driven away from vast and ancient Polish areas, and human life has become the sport of ferocious and bestial hangmen.
>
> In all districts of western Poland leading citizens are being shot one after the other, and their names are whispered throughout the horrified country over their silent graves.
>
> Within the space of a single day there were jailed and deported into the interior of Germany all the professors of the ancient university of Cracow.
>
> These are only the most glaring of the acts of violence that are being perpetrated amidst the incessant and general oppression of millions of people.
>
> National Socialist savagery is writing a new and ominous page in the history of German cruelty, which by its slaughter of the helpless outdoes the darkest memories of the past. The Germans will learn once more that by such acts one gains before the eyes of the world not greatness but contempt, not fame but infamy, not victory but defeat.

Following as this does upon the reports of the manner in which the Czechs have been treated in Bohemia, the ruthless suppression and the swift execution which has marked German policy in that area, what must small neutrals anticipate should the present struggle end in a German victory? What of the terms of the peace inflicted upon Rumania during the last war, or those imposed upon Soviet Russia? The way of the vanquished when Germany is the conqueror has proved already to be hard.

The world has seen the callous repression of the Czechs and the Poles, is witnessing the cynical attempt on the part of the Soviet to subjugate the Finns. Is it to be believed for one moment that a victorious Germany would be any more magnanimous than the present one which still has victory to secure? A defeat for the Allies, and a victorious Germany running rampant over the face of Europe would inevitably mean that those small nations, which in the past have fought for, and now cherish their independence, would be swallowed in the insatiable maw of a nation whose leaders know nothing except that might is the only right which they care to acknowledge. That is indeed what Mr. Churchill told the world in his broadcast on Saturday. The truth of his statements is incontestable. It is being daily demonstrated in those countries unfortunate enough to have been brought into subjection to Germany. This lust for power which has kept Europe in a state of uneasiness for the past seventy years still animates the policies of the German leaders, and the world today sees the spoliation of the vanquished exactly as it was seen in the days of Attila. Mr. Winston Churchill was not inciting the smaller neutrals to enter the war. That is not necessary, for they will be obliged sooner, or later to do so if Germany commits those breaches of their integrity which it is confidently expected she will do, and which, despite all allegations to the contrary, the disposition of a large proportion of her military forces places her in a position to do. Those neutrals may have to suffer all the disasters of war until an Allied victory can restore to them that of which they will have been deprived. Peaceful submission to German demands will gain them nothing, for whatever the Reich promised for such would not be fulfilled should it prove victorious. It is as well that these things should be said, for it appears there are still people in the world who hug the belief that after all a victorious Reich might keep its promises. It needs to be said, again and again, that the fate of the small countries of Europe depend upon Allied success, if that fate is to be the continuance of their present integrity.

Threat to Holland

For the time being at least, the German threat to Holland has been stayed and there has been a relaxation of military precautions in the latter country. Whether Herr Hitler's military plans envisage the invasion of Holland or Belgium in order to obtain advanced bases against Britain, or whether recent movements have been part of a bully's plan to overawe small nations, is not known. Hitherto, the Hitlerian legions have been flung into action only against small and almost impotent nations but against powers of equally measured strength a definite caution has been maintained. The German threat to Holland, however, is not minimized, not only from the point of view of that tiny but stout-hearted country but also in regard to the Netherlands East Indies, which occupy a position in the Far East almost analogous to Singapore and Malaya, although disproportionate in population and political respects. Any imposition of Nazi military will on Holland means the isolation or independence of Holland's colonial empire overseas but does not necessarily mean any weakening of her position. A military correspondent writing in the "Sydney Morning Herald" recently expressed Australia's concern regarding any adverse situation in Holland although he expressed no anxiety in view of tremendous large increases in the Netherlands East Indies defence appropriations in recent years. Holland's defences in the Far East are by no means negligible and the extent of her co-operation with the British Empire at Singapore is something undisclosed but obviously important. This correspondent writes:

> If Germany invades Holland and any other power tries to extend the war to the Dutch Indies, it seems incontestable that Holland's allies in Europe would have to support her in the East ....It would not be Java at stake, but the whole balance of power in the Far East and the Pacific Ocean, a factor that would probably tend to make for a greater immobility than one would otherwise expect if Holland were invaded.
>
> The Dutch are more favourably situated for defence in the Javanese group than in Holland itself, and they have built up over recent years a defensive organization admirably modernized and adapted in all particulars to the needs of the local problem.

This, in a nutshell, from a country vitally interested in any violent change in world strategical dispositions, reveals a new aspect of the extension of the European battlefield, but describes such extensions in terms of a new confidence based on a knowledge of actual conditions which may have held back Germany's hand against Holland.

Childish Propaganda

The one pleasing feature about the loss of the Italian liner Orazio is that fortunately the casualty list was small, though there must always be regret that so fine a vessel has come to such an end. What is of particular interest is the manner in which the German propaganda machine has seized upon the unhappy incident for the purpose of endeavouring to blacken the French in the eyes of Italy, by suggesting that the outbreak on board the Orazio was the result of sabotage committed by sailors of the French search party which had boarded the vessel practically twenty-four hours before. It is a ridiculous story, for the simple reason that the search party would at all times have been accompanied by officers of the vessel. They most certainly would not have been allowed to roam all over the ship without attendant witnesses, while the idea of one of the French sailors being able to smuggle an infernal machine aboard for the destruction of the ship is equally as foolish. It was natural that the German Propaganda Ministry should try and make as much capital out of the affair as possible and to endeavour to create bad blood between France and Italy, but neither the French nor the Italians are likely to be deceived by such puerile methods, just as the world at large refused to be impressed by the stories which the Germans issued about the explosion at Munich. It may be that in some directions the propaganda work of the Allies is open to criticism, but that is chiefly due to slowness of operation rather than in other ways. They have found that in the long run the dissemination of truth is the best possible form of propaganda, and in this it is generally admitted in the United States they are excelling. The German lie about the use by the British of gas shells against the Admiral Graf Spee has been revealed for what it was by the action of the Uruguayan Government, which has cancelled the certificate of the German doctor who certified that gas had been used, upon an investigation by other medical men which definitely showed the contrary. Ingenuity very often overreaches itself as it did in this case.

A Country Diary

Weihaiwei, Jan. 8.—This is the story of our local Donald Duck, alias "Captain X," the half-bred Mallard drake who walks round with the Turkeys in this compound where I am staying. Last Chinese New Year when the "local incident" was still active here, and we had not arrived at the existing state of peace, a famous guerrilla leader (whom I will call Captain X.) sent a few presents of game to his foreign acquaintances in this city: how they arrived intact is a mystery, but as each present was accompanied by a note asking the recipient if he would like to go out and do some shooting, I have no doubt that the bold Captain was indulging in a little *bravado*: the duck I refer to was handed over alive to the mistress of this compound and she, seeing the humour of the guerrilla exploit, saved the duck from the cook's knife, christened him "Captain X" and let him loose with the Turkeys: he was not at first kindly received by the larger birds, but so amusing were his ways, and so obvious his devotion to the lady Turkeys, he was finally accepted as a sort of poor relation and permitted to follow them round in peace. So "Captain X" waddles round wagging his latter end and gabbling away to himself so much after the Walt Disney manner, that I verily believe the King Gobbler has adopted him as a kind of Court Jester: further than this, I am beginning to think that his influence has become so great he has now acquired the status of Legal Adviser to His Majesty: for if the Gobbler comes forward to attack a stranger (such as myself) Captain X comes waddling forward and whispers in his ear, "*Woggledy-woggledy-wish-wish-wish*" (or some equally sound legal advice)—whereupon the great potentate turns on his heel and walks majestically away. So Captain X leads a happy and carefree life, with regular meals thrown in, and if he is in love with one or more of the lady Turkeys, he conceals his feelings in a gentlemanly manner. This is the saga of Donald Duck, alias Captain X., which surely should not have been left unsung.

IN PARENTHESIS

Early

"War broke out while my husband and I were on our honeymoon."

"That was a bit early to start scrapping, wasn't it?"

* * *

It Seemed an Age

He was a very new and nervous recruit and he dropped his rifle while at drill.

"Hey you! How long have you been in the Army?" the "S.M." roared.

"P-p-please sir, all d-d-day," he stammered.

* * *

Explained

Someone once asked in the presence of the Prince Imperial why people said "brave as a sword" and never "brave as a cannon."

The Prince replied, "Because a cannon always recoils when it is fired."

* * *

Keep the Change

The old lady prided herself on always making her evacuee boy say Grace after meals.

One day she took him to tea at a cafe, and after the tea had been served, said: "Now, say Grace, please."

"But," he protested, "we're paying for this, aren't we?"

* * *

Stop and Go

The unwelcome guest was lingering long, and his host and hostess were being treated to a discourse by him on the desirability of moderation in the use of alcohol.

He had just declined a second glass of sherry. "The man I admire," he told his host, "is the man who can take a drink but knows when to stop."

"Yes, or the man who takes a drink and knows when to go!" muttered his weary host.

* * *

Orders are Orders

Husband and wife were talking one night about her brother, who is somewhere in France, when their little boy said:

"Daddy, where is Uncle Cyril?"

"Out in France, fighting the Germans."

"Why are the Germans fighting?"

"Because of Hitler, who is their boss."

After a little hesitation the child said: "But, Daddy, Mummy don't make you fight, and she's your boss."

* * *

Neutrals

"Critic" relates in the "New Statesman" the following "story from Ireland":—

A U-boat recently wrecked a ship and landed the survivors in South Ireland. Some of them were English. Two Civic Guards discussed the problem.

"We ought to intern them."

"And why, I'm asking?"

"Why? Because we're neutral."

"Sure, we are; but who are we neutral against?"

* * *

Mack Sennett Dept.

This week (says the "New Yorker") we're going to divulge a naval secret, and be damned to the consequences. During target practice aboard an elderly United States gunboat on duty in the China Seas, the captain dispatched a seaman to check the vessel's cruising speed. We're almost ashamed to tell you how it is done on this ship: a man with a stopwatch stands in the bow, throws an old box overboard, then runs like a bunny back to the stern, clocking the time it takes to pass the box. Given the ship's length, you can compute her speed. This isn't the modern way of doing it, but it's the way this particular captain did it in this particular ship. Well, the time we're speaking of, the tar returned to the bridge and sheepishly reported that he had been unable to take the reading; explained that most of the crew were on deck, watching target practice, and that he couldn't push his way through fast enough to beat the box to the stern. The captain, a testy old sea dog if ever there was one, got red in the face and roared, "I'll get through them, by God! Get another box and follow me." (His lieutenants, of course, were all busy at their gun stations). Captain and sailor went to the bow, where they dropped another box. Then, with the captain running ahead, roaring and waving his arms to clear the way, and the sailor carrying the stopwatch, they raced down the deck. They got through all right until they reached the ship's galley. The cook, seeing the captain running frantically, evidently pursued by a madman, allowed his superior to run past the galley door, then leaned out and bashed the sailor with a skillet. This is the kind of thing you don't see in the newsreels.

THE WEATHER

Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—

Yesterday	Min. 24.0	Max. 33.0
Same date, 1939	Min. 30.5	Max. 44.0

Rainfall nil.

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min. 22.5	Max. 36.3
Same date, 1939	Min. 28.8	Max. 46.9

Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 22nd:—Siberian anticyclone all over the Far East. Strong monsoon along the China Coast. Fine and cold weather in the north: overcast to cloudy with snow at times in our regions.

State on the morning of the 23rd:—Fine weather and sharp cold. North-westerly wind. High and steady pressure.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Fine to cloudy and very cold weather with snow over the Yellow Sea and strong north-westerly to northerly monsoon. Cloudy, rather fine and cold with strong north-westerly to north-easterly monsoon over our regions and the Eastern Sea.—Siccawei Observatory.

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British Tokyo Embassy Guarded by Police

Public Indignation in Japan Over Asama Maru Incident Increases; Demonstrations Staged; Press Threaten Reprisals

FROM PERCY WHITEING
N.C.D.N. Special Correspondent in Japan

Tokyo, Jan. 23.

A STRONG guard of police has been thrown around the British Embassy here as demonstrations are anticipated due to the intense public irritation which the stopping of the Japanese liner, Asama Maru, by a British cruiser, has aroused. In addition the removal of 21 Germans from the Japanese vessel by a British boarding party has brought severe criticism upon the head of Capt. Watanabe, the commander of the Asama Maru, who has been attacked for not sending a radio message to Japanese warships which were, to quote some reports, "only a stone's throw away at Yokosuka."

Capt. Watanabe has also been criticized in many quarters for not demanding the name of the British cruiser or even the name of the boarding officer, under whose command the Germans were removed to the British ship. The Tohokai Party in the Lower House has sent a resolution to Admiral Yonai, the Japanese Premier, and to the Navy Minister demanding that the captain of the Asama Maru be punished and, secondly, that Japan should declare belligerent rights via à vis China for the purpose of evicting British warships from Sino-Japanese waters.

The Tohokai Party, in a third request, asked that the Japanese navy should take strong action to retrieve its prestige and to "wipe out the insult." Similar resolutions from organizations in Japan are pouring in to the Government. It is stated here that Britain has broken International Law and has acted in a highhanded manner without consulting the Japanese or without submitting any proof to Japan, who is one of the chief parties concerned.

It is further alleged that Britain has acted in collusion with the United States in connection with the approaching severance of treaty relations by the latter with Japan. The navy has now assured Japanese shipping companies of its protection, as it has been reported that several ships are carrying Germans.

London's Reply Awaited

The British Embassy here is awaiting London's reply to a strongly worded protest, which was handed by Mr. Y. Tani, Foreign Vice-Minister, to Sir Robert Craigie, British Ambassador, on Monday shortly before midnight. The protest demanded an explanation of "this serious and unfriendly action which was a contravention of Japan's known views." The right was reserved to demand the return of the Germans and a warning was issued against a repetition of such action.

The British Embassy has stated that it does not know the exact basis of International Law on which the cruiser acted, but it is understood that Sir Robert Craigie had taken exception to a charge of unfriendliness on Britain's part, especially as Britain had agreed that Japanese parties could board British ships in connection with the China hostilities. Many boardings of British ships have occurred since then, it was pointed out.

It is being suggested here that it might be a good policy on Britain's part to return some of the seized Germans. The Japanese were unconcerned over the fate of the Germans, it was said, but they resented any action against a Japanese vessel "almost within sight of Tokyo."

Crowds Demonstrate

Tokyo, Jan. 23.

Hundreds of people demonstrated in front of the British Embassy today against the action of a British warship in stopping the Asama Maru.

Approaches to the Embassy were blocked and heavily guarded.

Later a deputation entered the Embassy and presented a resolution demanding the immediate release of the Germans taken from the liner, and the issue of an apology by the British Government.—Reuter.

Tokyo Warned Beforehand

London, Jan. 23.

Britain warned Japan several days before the British cruiser halted the Japanese steamship Asama Maru and removed 21 Germans last week, it was reliably learned here last night.

(Continued on page 8, col. 4)

Japan May Demand Custody of Germans

Tokyo, Jan. 23.

Mr. Masayuki Tani, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, was believed in informed circles today to have suggested to the British Ambassador, Sir Robert Craigie, last night that the British Government should set aside technical discussion and return to Japan the 21 Germans taken off the Asama Maru on Sunday. Mr. Tani was believed to have told Sir Robert that if Britain did not hand over the Germans the Japanese Government would be compelled to invoke its right formally to demand their surrender.—Domei.

Anglo-American Plot Alleged

Combined Pressure Being Put on Japan, Says Tokyo Journal

Tokyo, Jan. 23.

The boarding of the Japanese steamship Asama Maru by the British navy and the forcible seizure of 21 German passengers was evidence of British and American co-operation in putting pressure on Japan, the "Kokumin Shimbun" said today.

"Judging from the fact that the British cruiser was in possession of a well prepared list, (of Germans aboard the Asama), it is clear that there is a political link between the United States and Britain," the newspaper said. "In other words, on the eve of the enforcement of the abrogation of the commercial treaty, the United States and Britain have sounded Japan's reactions.

"It is clear that in case Japan adopted a weak attitude the United States and Britain would resort to a stronger policy—their arrogant, cunning intention."

Retaliation Unlikely

Meanwhile, it was felt that Japan will not be likely to take retaliatory measures, although nationalist groups urged that some action be taken.

An anti-British meeting is planned on Friday under the leadership of Admiral Mobumasa Suetsugu, former Home Minister, and Captain Kingoro Hashimoto, who was responsible for the Japanese attack on the British gunboat Ladybird.

Popular feeling was high here today against the stopping of the Japanese vessel and it was said that similar action by Britain would force the Government to retaliate severely.

The "Hochi Shimbun" urged the Government to assume a vigorous policy in the Asama case stating that the incident could be settled amicably if Britain would admit that the action of the British warship was irregular, but if she "persists in her unilateral, arrogant action" Japan will be forced to take retaliatory measures. In this case the incident might "take an ugly turn," the newspaper said.

The "Asahi Shimbun" cautioned the Government not to allow any third Power to estrange Britain and Japan by taking advantage of the incident. The newspaper, however, emphasized the necessity of protesting vigorously against the action.

All responsibility for any situation growing out of the Asama incident must be assumed by Great Britain, the "Nichi Nichi" said. The newspaper said that Britain, by such action, was deliberately aggravating Japan.—United Press.

I.R.A. Appeals Against Death Sentences

Extraordinary Precautionary Measures at Old Bailey

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Jan. 23.

Appeals by the members of the Irish Republican Army against the death sentences passed on them for a bomb outrage at Coventry in December were heard in the Old Bailey yesterday. At the resumed hearing today, two of the appeals were dismissed.

Rarely have there been such precautionary measures in the history of law-courts. A strong police cordon was thrown round the building, all entrances were watched, and the court-yards patrolled. Two hundred policemen were on duty in every part of the building.

A special guard was provided for the prisoners, and five wardens armed with revolvers were with them in the dock.—Reuter.

American Correspondent Still Detained

Mr. James R. Young Well Treated in Tokyo

Tokyo, Jan. 23.

Mr. James R. Young, American chief of the International News Service's Far East Bureau, continued to be held *incommunicado* today by the Japanese authorities.

Although arrested suddenly on Sunday, no charges have yet been filed against Mr. Young.

The present process was characterized by Japanese officials as a "preliminary investigation."

Mr. Young, who recently returned here following a visit to Shanghai, north China and Chungking, was permitted to eat any food he desired. The food was obtained from outside.

The Hearst correspondent was also permitted to receive heavier clothing because the cell in which he was kept was not heated.—United Press.

Japan Keeps Present U.S. Tariff Rates

Expiry of Trade Pact Brings No Change in Existing Conditions

FROM PERCY WHITEING
N.C.D.N. Special Correspondent in Japan

Tokyo, Jan. 23.

Following the expiry of the 1911 Japanese-American trade treaty, the Japanese Ministry of Finance announced today, Imperial Ordinances will be issued tomorrow becoming effective on January 27. These will preserve the present tariffs and conditions under which American imports, shipping, etc., arrive in Japan under the most favoured nation treatment. The Japanese measures follow similar American moves to assure continuance of existing regulations.

Washington Consultations

Washington, Jan. 23.

Mr. Kensuke Horinouchi, Japanese Ambassador in Washington, was expected to see Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, shortly before noon today, presumably to renew talks on the Japanese-American trade situation.

The Japanese Ambassador was ill and confined to his room all last week when he was unable to see Mr. Hull.

Informed quarters also understood that there would soon be conversations in Tokyo between Mr. Joseph C. Grew, U.S. Ambassador to Japan, and Mr. Hachiro Arita, Foreign Minister, although they could not indicate the exact date.

Political quarters here speculated that Mr. Horinouchi might seek a definite United States answer to Japan's earlier proposal for a *modus vivendi* after the expiration of the 1911 Japanese-American trade treaty January 26. So far all official indications have been that after the expiration of the treaty there would be a *status quo* without a formal establishment of a *modus vivendi*.—United Press.

Filipinos Urge Embargo

Manila, Jan. 23.

The Philippine League for Defence of Democracy and also the Congress for Democracy and Collective Security, today jointly cabled Rear-Admiral Harry E. Yarnell, former chief of the U.S. Asiatic Fleet and Vice-Chairman of the Committee for non-Participation in Japanese Aggression, and Colonel Henry L. Stimson, former U.S. Secretary of State, urging that the United States place an embargo against Japan.

The two groups also sent similar cables to the leading members of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee and the House Foreign Affairs Committee.

In their cable to Col. Stimson and Admiral Yarnell they said, "An embargo against Japan is the only way to save Democracy and American influence in the Orient. We are with you."

The cable to the Senators said, "We urge an embargo against Japan as the only way to localize the war in China and prevent Japanese southward expansion and to save Democracy and American influence in the Orient."

Another cable sent to the Congressmen said, "We urge an embargo against Japan. A Japanese victory over China means the ultimate destruction of Democracy and American influence in the entire Orient."

Admiral Yarnell last week appealed for funds to aid China in turning back Japan, while Col. Stimson, who advocated strong action against Japan during the Manchurian incident when he was Secretary of State, recently wrote the "New York Times" and urged an embargo against Japan.—United Press.

Air Training in South Rhodesia

Special South Rhodesian Squadrons Within R.A.F.

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Jan. 23.

The British Government has approved of the establishment of an Empire air training scheme in Southern Rhodesia. The cost will be borne by the United Kingdom Government, with the Southern Rhodesia Government contributing to it.

While equipment and the majority of instructional personnel and pupils will be provided by the United Kingdom Government, the schools to be established under the scheme will be under the control of the Southern Rhodesia Government, and the existing training organization in Southern Rhodesia will be incorporated in the new scheme.

Southern Rhodesian personnel, when trained, will be posted to the Royal Air Force, retaining their identity, and when sufficient numbers are available will form the Rhodesian squadrons of the R.A.F. recently accepted for service by the United Kingdom Government.

The Southern Rhodesian air staff is now in the process of expansion, and necessary preparations for the accommodation of personnel and the reception of aircraft and equipment are actively in hand.—Reuter.

Abundant British Food Supplies Keep Prices at Moderate Levels

Some Products Even Cheaper Than Before War and Rationing; Survey Shows Ample Provisions

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Jan. 23.

With the war in its fifth month and rationing in the third week, a survey of food supplies and prices shows that many foods are as cheap and plentiful as before the war, and that some prices are actually lower.

Butter is rationed and meat supplies are restricted, but of eggs there are unlimited supplies at unchanged prices, whereas the Germans have one egg a week.

The consumption of margarine has gone up because of the rationing of butter, but there is no shortage and the prices of five pence to eight pence per pound have not advanced.

Game is as cheap or cheaper than ever and not rationed. A hare weighing seven pounds at 42 pence is actually six pence to one shilling cheaper than before the war.

Although more delicate kinds of fish are generally dear and scarce, herrings are two pence a pound cheaper than before.

Dried fruits are in ample supply since the trade agreement was signed with Turkey, and controlled prices are to be reduced.

There is no shortage and no increase in the price of coffee and cocoa, and the pre-war prices of tea have been maintained, and there is no difficulty in obtaining supplies.

Unlimited supplies of biscuits are available without price increases.

The Government now has a surplus of bacon and ham. Prices have slightly advanced.—Reuter.

First Pictures of Asama Maru Incident

These are the first pictures of the Asama Maru incident when a British cruiser took off 21 German passengers on the high seas. Here are seen the British naval landing party on the Asama Maru and, below, the launch, indicated by an arrow, taking the German prisoners to the cruiser waiting alongside.

Nazi Troops in Polish Carpathia On Rumanian, Magyar Borders

Russian-Occupied Galicia Filling With German Technicians; Ruthless Soviet "Purge" Reported

Cernauti, Jan. 23.

ON the night of January 14-15, the night that German troops marched into Soviet-occupied Poland, the Soviet Radio addressed the population in the Polish and Ukrainian languages asking them to remain absolutely calm, well-informed circles here assert.

It is known that a part of the German forces are remaining for the present in Lwow, while other detachments left on January 15 for a destination eastward. A Soviet officer declared to a traveller that the destination of this train was Virochta, in the Polish Carpathians at a point near the juncture of the Polish, Rumanian and Hungarian frontiers.

Other available information reveals the arrival in Eastern Galicia of German technicians.

Indications lead to the belief that Germany may be seeking to benefit by the Soviet difficulties in Finland by bringing about large-scale military collaboration between the two countries.

The builder of the German Siegfried line, the prominent engineer, Herr Todt, who also is noted for his work on Germany's famed "express roads that cut through the Reich from border to border, was expected to arrive in the Soviet occupied Polish city of Lwow on the evening of January 22, well-informed sources here assert. This report takes on special significance through the entry into Galicia by German troops and technicians. This fact, in the eyes of observers, would seem to indicate that the Reich is preparing to extend an active hand to Russia in the development of these areas.—Havas.

Reds "Purge" Galicia

Bucharest, Jan. 23.

In a monster purge, the Soviet authorities are arresting from 20 to 100 people a day in Eastern Galicia, well-informed sources here assert. In one week 2,000 Polish officers disappear from Lwow. This is not all that is threatening the inhabitants of Red-occupied Poland as hunger has now been added to the list of enemies, and the residents of Eastern Galicia are seriously close to starvation, the reports added.

Food prices are rocketing and in some instances have reached enormous figures. One kilogram of butter, for example, now costs from 70 to 80 roubles as against two roubles at the end of September.

As a result of the lack of able bodied men, due to the wholesale arrests, disappearances, and exile into the interior of Russia of working men, all the manual labour is now being done in Lwow by women, who have even taken over such tasks as street-sweeping and sanitary work.—Havas.

Berlin Issues Denial

Berlin, Jan. 23.

The report of a Soviet-German deal, whereby the oilfields of Galicia, in Soviet-occupied Poland, will be handed over to the Reich in return for Nazi military aid against the Finns, is denied by the official German news agency.—Reuter.

Agreement Reveals Japan's Aims

Gen. Chiang Warns Powers Over Wang Accord With Japanese Government

Chungking, Jan. 23.

A warning to friendly Powers against the implications of the agreement alleged to have been signed between Mr. Wang Ching-wei and the Japanese, and an appeal for help to China, was issued here this afternoon by General Chiang Kai-shek.

The Chinese Foreign Office, it is understood, has already communicated the text of the documents of the Wang agreement to various embassies and legations in Chungking.

The Generalissimo's message stated: "While an agreement by an expelled traitor naturally holds no validity, yet the document is of striking significance. It confirms, by Japan's own mouth, that whatever professions or protestations are made, her traditional policy of conquest could no more be changed than a leopard could change its spots.

Policy Exposed

"The spirit of the so-called agreement for a New Order in East Asia speaks for itself. As revealed in the Twenty-One Demands, and later in the Tanaka Memorial, the present policy of Japan, as so boldly indicated in this agreement, is the complete military, political and economic domination of China, making her a Japanese protectorate in all but name.

"If there were any doubters, it must now be clear to all that so long as the Japanese military dominate their country, the policy of aggression and conquest will remain unchanged.

"From the conquest of China and the utilization of her manpower and resources, it is but a short step to the conquest of Indo-China, the Malay Peninsula, the East Indies, India and the Philippines, and to the hegemony of the Pacific, which was clearly outlined in the Tanaka Memorial.

"China has long realized the immutable aims of the Japanese militarists and has taken up arms in resistance, regardless of the odds against her.

"We have been engaged in more than two and a half years of ruthless warfare, enduring untold sufferings. Yet in our resistance against Japan we are fighting, not alone for ourselves, but against grandiose Japanese ambitions which take all nations in their purview.

"Beside the domination of China, with all that it entails, how meaning-

(Continued on page 8, col. 2)

U.S. Christians Issue Warning

Allies and China Must Win to Assure Liberty Of Conscience, Justice

Washington, Jan. 23.

Christians in neutral countries cannot remain neutral in the present international conflicts, declares a manifesto issued by 33 prominent Protestant clergy and laymen, which says the "basic distinctions between civilizations in which justice and freedom are still realities, and those in which they have been displaced by ruthless tyranny, cannot be ignored."

"A victory for the Allies and China," the statement continues, "would not in itself assure the establishment of justice and peace, but a victory for Germany, Russia and Japan would inevitably preclude justice, freedom of thought and worship, and that international co-operation which is fundamental to Christian world order.

"The United States cannot hope to have a part in determining a just and stable peace unless, during the conflicts, she proves herself alive to the deeper issues involved, and is sympathetic and prepared to make a contribution to a better future.

"That contribution cannot be merely in terms of moral preachments and lofty ideals for the conduct of other nations, but rather of responsible national participation in the long and painful task of reconstruction."

The "New York Herald-Tribune," which splashes the manifesto on its front page, declares in an editorial: "The appeal is a refreshing confirmation of the fact that soft-minded Pacifism is on the decline in the United States."

The signatories include the presiding Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church, the President of Yale University and the President of Brown University.—Reuter.

Coldest Spell in 52 Years Felt in Amsterdam

Amsterdam, Jan. 23.

The lowest temperature for 52 years was recorded here yesterday—29 degrees Fahrenheit below zero.—Reuter.

Reds Bomb Uleaborg to Cut Finn Link with Sweden

Heavy Reinforcements Rallying for Big Russian Drive in Salla Area; Preliminary Attacks Fail

With Finns on Northern Front, Jan. 23.

SEVENTEEN Russian planes bombed Uleaborg on Sunday night, apparently in an effort to destroy the railway north of that city which is vital in transporting Finnish supplies from Sweden and the outside world to the interior. The railway was bombed at two points, it was learned.

Messages from Finnish headquarters indicated that the Red troops had started moving most of their heavy war materials and many men eastward from Lake Marka to the Salla front and possibly even farther east. The total number of Russian forces in the Salla area at present is estimated at about 40,000 men, over two divisions.

Finnish observers said the Russians sent troops from several different bases to the Salla fighting area. Finnish officers declared they had noticed the appearance of Soviet troops from a new regiment almost every second day.—United Press.

Reds Suffer Heavily

Helsinki, Jan. 23.

Nearly 1,000 Russian troops were killed in five separate attacks at various points between the Karelian isthmus and central Finland on Sunday, a Finnish war communique announced yesterday. Twelve Red tanks were destroyed on Sunday, the communique said; 450 Red soldiers were killed and five Red tanks were destroyed at Killanjoki while 120 Russians were killed and five tanks and two armoured cars were destroyed in an engagement at Kitila.

In the third engagement, the communique said, several hundred Russians were killed when the Finns repulsed them on the Taipale River front on the Karelian Isthmus. In the clash at Taipale, the communique declared, the Russians tried to frighten the Finns by using public address systems to warn them that the Germans were coming.

Artillery units yesterday sent shells at the rate of 100 each minute into the east end of the Mannerheim Line in an apparent attempt to make the entire line untenable by turning the Finnish left wing along Lake Ladoga. It was reported that the Finns were replying to the fire with machine-guns and artillery fire and were holding fast. Reports from the front said the Russians were piling up munitions during the past two weeks and a large-scale battle was thought to be in prospect.—United Press.

Soviet Warships Damaged

Helsinki, Jan. 23.

The number of Finnish planes which raided Kronstadt while other Finnish planes bombed Russian ports in Estonia, is now placed at thirty. Warships in Kronstadt were completely immobilized by the ice, and authoritative reports say a number of them were seriously damaged by the bombing.—Havas.

Foreign Legion Growing

Helsinki, Jan. 23.

Nearly a dozen nations are represented in a foreign legion now organized and ready to proceed to the front. The present strength of the unit is about one battalion, but reinforcements are expected soon. Foreign volunteers piloted the planes which bombed Kronstadt and Soviet bases in Esthonia, it is reported.

A threat that the Germans were coming to their help and would kill all Finns, was broadcast by the Russians yesterday just before another attack on Taipale. It had no effect as the Finns, instead of surrendering as exhorted, are reported to have crushed the attack in short time. North-east of Lake Ladoga, the Finns are also claimed to be fighting successfully and repelling reported Russian attacks.

There is little official information about the Salla fighting, but it is believed that the Finns are steadily driving the Soviets back.

The Russians are believed to have organized a fresh air base, and the attack on the port of Oulu yesterday in said to have been in the nature of a trial from this new base.

A review of Soviet air raids on Finland in the past week, issued by the Finns, states that altogether 6,667 bombs were dropped on non-fighting areas. Finnish casualties behind the front totalled eighteen dead and 109 wounded. The targets of Soviet bombers, the statement adds, were "very rarely military objectives."—Reuter.

Tallinn Issues Denial

Tallinn, Jan. 23.

A report that Finnish planes yesterday bombed the Soviet base of Baltiski and a Soviet aerodrome near Tallinn, is officially denied here.—Reuter.

Their Majesties Back In London

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Jan. 22.

The King and Queen, who spent the week-end at Windsor Castle, returned to London today.—Reuter.

Greek Ship Sunk By Torpedo

Four British Vessels Lost in Past Week But Convoys Kept Immune

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Jan. 23.

The Admiralty has announced the following casualties as a result of the sinking of the flotilla leader Grenville (1,485 tons): "Officers: no casualties. Ratings: eight killed and 73 missing and presumed dead—total 81 men."

It is officially announced that His Majesty's trawler Valdora is overdue and must be presumed to have been sunk.

Nine members of the crew of the Danish steamer Tekla (1,469 tons), which sank off north-east Scotland on Sunday, were landed at Bergen last night, says an Oslo message. The ship is said to have been torpedoed by a German U-boat, which wirelessed for assistance for the crew. Nine men are still missing.—Reuter.

Week's Losses Assessed

London, Jan. 23.

During the week ending January 21 four British merchant vessels with a total tonnage of 23,843 were sunk by the enemy, it is authoritatively stated here. Neutral countries, in the same period, lost eleven ships totalling 35,248 tons. The combined loss of Great Britain and the neutrals represents but two per cent. of the total number of ships escorted by British convoys.

During the same week, Germany lost three merchant vessels, these being the Albert Janus (1,598 tons) which was scuttled by her crew when hailed by French warships, the August Thyssen (2,342 tons) which struck a mine off Sweden and the Phaedra (699 tons) which was captured by a British warship and taken to a port in England.—Havas.

Greek Steamer Torpedoed

Lisbon, Jan. 23.

A Greek steamer was torpedoed 50 miles from Estoril today. It was the Ekatontarcjoc Dracoulis, of 5,000 tons. Forty of the crew have been picked up.—Reuter.

Two U-boats Attacked

Paris, Jan. 23.

British naval forces recently attacked two German submarines, authoritative circles here stated today. In the absence of positive proof, the British Admiralty is not in a position to announce with certainty that the two submarines were destroyed.—Havas.

Germans Claim Successes

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Berlin, Jan. 23.

"The German Navy, in recent weeks, has been conducting successful merchant warfare in the North Sea, the Baltic and the Atlantic," says a communique issued here today. German minesweepers and patrol boats, the statement adds, are continuing their activities systematically.—Reuter.

Two More Ships Mined

London, Jan. 23.

The British steamer Balt Anglia (1,523 tons) and the Norwegian vessel Pluto (1,598 tons) struck mines and sank off the north-east coast of England today.

There were no casualties, the 27 members of the crew of the Balt Anglia and the 22 sailors from the Pluto being landed at a fishing village today.—Havas.

German Attack West of Vosges Repulsed

Nazi Plane Comes Near Outskirts of Paris

Paris, Jan. 23.

"A sudden enemy attack west of the Vosges last night was repulsed with losses," this morning's General Staff communique announced.

Despite the bitter cold prevailing on the front with the temperature registering about four degrees Fahrenheit below zero, patrols and reconnaissance elements continued their activities on the Alsace-Lorraine front, well-informed circles said. Weather conditions stopped aerial operations. Some artillery fire was exchanged in the region of the Blies river. In the wooded region west of the Vosges, a large German patrol attacked a French advanced post. As the attack was not accompanied by artillery fire, it was easily repulsed and the Germans left some dead behind, these well-informed quarters said.—Havas.

Germans Claim Prisoners

Berne, Jan. 23.

"In the frontier region south-west of Pirmasens, a German scouting unit captured several prisoners without suffering any losses itself," the official German General Staff communique claimed this morning. "In the engagement, the enemy suffered some losses," it added.—Havas.

German Plane Near Paris

Paris, Jan. 23.

The commanders of all Allied armies in the field made the same report yesterday, namely: "Snow and cold; nothing to report."

Today's communique says. "On the West Front the enemy suffered losses, while attacks launched were repulsed."

There has been very little aerial activity. A single German reconnaissance plane flew over eastern France and penetrated as far as what is authoritatively described as the "edge of the Paris watershed."—Reuter.

Anti-British Society in Peiping Issues New Denunciation of "Capitalism"

British Activities in China Said of Aid to Chiang Regime; People Urged to Act

Peiping, Jan. 23.

Overthrowing of "British capitalism in East Asia," was advocated by Mr. Leng Chia-chi, Chairman of the "People's Enlarged Anti-British Committee," in a broadcast over the Central Broadcasting Station here. Special interest was attached to his speech in view of the fact that the anti-British movement had been dormant for some time.

Reasons for the anti-British movement were outlined by Mr. Leng. Among British "aggression" in China, he mentioned the British suggestion to China to adopt a paper currency and nationalize silver, which the National Government effected in November, 1936.

"As a gesture of neutrality," he declared, "Britain concluded a customs agreement with Japan, but in reality she has been taking advantage of her predominant position in China openly to assist the Chiang Kai-shek régime and the Communists."

Outlining the future work of the anti-British Committee, the Chairman stated that:—

"Firstly, we must overthrow British capitalism in East Asia as a prerequisite to the establishment of an economic bloc in this region."

Secondly, he went on, they must eliminate all unequal treatment by various Foreign Powers, and free China from her status as a 'quasi-colony.'

"Thirdly, assistance should be given to the world's weak races in their self-awakening and self-determination, with a view to realizing permanent peace in the world."

In conclusion, Mr. Leng expressed the hope that the British authorities would understand the "Chinese stand," and try to improve the situation.

One of the few signs in Peiping that there is still an anti-British movement in being, besides the posters, which still remain in the streets, is the practice of showing anti-British cartoons at the local cinemas.

These are flashed on to the screen prior to the opening of the main performance, usually being mixed up among advertisements for soap, tea and other commodities. The cartoons are repeated day after day, and arouse but little attention from the Chinese audience. Some are of a faintly obscene character, evidently intended to appeal to the poorer class Chinese among the audience.—Reuter.

Tientsin Judgment Reversed

H.M. Full Court Hears of Dispute Over Skins in Tientsin, New York

A judgment entered by Major G. A. Herbert, who sat with two assessors in H.M. Consulate Court in Tientsin on May 1, 1939, was reversed in H.M. Full Court yesterday by Judge Sir Allan Mossop and Judge P. Grant Jones. The appellant in the case was Mr. Samuel Jones, British, who was the defendant in the action in the lower court, and the Quasha-Fetner Fur Co., Co., Inc., an American firm, were the respondents. The latter had been plaintiffs in the original action. Mr. J. R. Jones, instructed by Mr. R. T. Evans of Tientsin, represented the appellant and Mr. L. H. Kent, of Tientsin, appeared on behalf of the respondents.

It was pointed out in court that the Quasha-Fetner Fur Co., Inc., had had a dispute with Mr. Jones over some fur exports sent by him to the United States. Both parties made a submission to arbitration in writing, dated November 17, 1938, under the auspices of the Tientsin Fur Exporters' Association, who appointed two arbitrators and they, in turn, appointed an umpire.

The arbitrators and the umpire sat and made an award dated November 28, 1939, and it was the fourth part of that award that was the issue in the appeal case. Their was a question as to whether a certain quantity of kid skins, exported to New York by the defendant, were of the proper quality according to the contract. The arbitrators disagreed and the umpire made a recommendation that as the skins were somewhere in the U.S.A., an expert should be appointed to examine them in order to find out whether they were of a lower quality or not.

Expert Appointed

On December 30 the plaintiff firm in Tientsin wrote a letter, soon after arbitration, to their New York office, which asked the American Fur Merchants' Association and the Association of American Arbitration to appoint an expert to hold a survey in accordance with the recommendation. Mr. Arthur Brachman was appointed and made the survey in the absence of Mr. Jones. After the survey he awarded a sum of U.S.$812.60 against Jones.

Later the American Fur Merchants' Association received a letter from Mr. Silverberg, Chairman of the Tientsin Fur Merchants' Association, asking that a survey be made. The American Association wrote back on February 8 to state that they had already made an inspection of the skins and had made an award on the application of the Quash-Fetner Fur Co., Inc.

They sent a duplicate original of the award made in New York to Mr. Silverberg but this award was not brought back to the arbitrators, who adopted it. Mr. Silverberg then showed the award to Mr. Jones, who replied that he had not been consulted about the reference to New York. On the same day Mr. Silverberg, as Chairman of the Tientsin Fur Merchants' Association, wrote to Mr. Jones enclosing a copy of the award, and Mr. Jones wrote back to state that, in view of the fact that at no time had he been informed of the action of the appraiser, and that as his approval had not been requested, he could not recognize the findings.

Tientsin Action

Following this the plaintiffs brought an action in H.M. Consulate Court in Tientsin, claiming the sum of U.S.$812.60 on the strength of the American award, and the action came up for hearing before Major G. A. Herbert, as judge, and two assessors. They gave judgment in favour of plaintiffs for the sum claimed with costs. The defendant then appealed on several grounds, mainly that the findings of the judge were against the weight of evidence and contrary to the evidence given in the case, and that the judge was wrong in law in holding that the letter of March 9, written by the defendant, should be construed as evidence of knowledge or consent on his part of the reference to Brachman in New York.

In yesterday's judgment Sir Allan Mossop stated that the finding was against the weight of evidence and there was no evidence whatsoever of any kind that Mr. Jones knew before March 8 that the plaintiffs in New York had obtained Mr. Brachman as an expert, in pursuance of the recommendation made in the award in Tientsin, or that Mr. Fetner in Tientsin had ever informed Mr. Jones of any proceedings in New York.

His Lordship found also that Mr. Silverberg admitted that he had not informed the defendant that the Tientsin Fur Merchants' Association had written to New York. There was no estoppel preventing the defendant from denying that he consented or agreed to the reference to any particular party.

Against All Evidence

If the recommendations of the arbitrators had been accepted by the parties the next step would have been for the parties to appoint some expert and to agree to his findings and abide by his findings. If they did not agree the plaintiff would be left to the remedy at law to bring an action on the contract.

The parties never had got together or had agreed. The appointment of the surveyor in New York, did not, in any way, form part of the Tientsin award. It was not an auxiliary award and not binding on the defendant in any way. There was no knowledge on Jones' part to found an estoppel. The court below had based its view against all the evidence in the case.

His Lordship stated that there were other points in the judgment, especially the penultimate paragraph, with which he did not agree. He ordered that the judgment of the court below be reversed and that the monies deposited by the defendant with the court in Tientsin be released. The costs of the appeal and in the court below were awarded to Mr. Jones. Judge P. Grant Jones stated that he was entirely in agreement with His Lordship's remarks.

Rationing Enforced In Rumania

Bucharest, Jan. 23.

For the first time since the beginning of European hostilities, Rumania, as a part of her rapidly improving defence system is enforcing a rationing system on certain important foodstuffs. It is believed that shortly all vitally important foods will be brought under government control.—Havas.

Homage Paid Late Senator Borah

State Funeral Ceremony Held in U.S. Senate

Washington, Jan. 23.

The late Senator William Edgar Borah, Republican Isolationist of Idaho, who died here last Friday night, was given a statesman's funeral in the Senate Chamber yesterday where he sat as a Senator for 33 years.

President Roosevelt, Senate colleagues, the Justices of the Supreme Court, Cabinet members, diplomats, and officials assembled in the Senate to pay tribute to the memory of the doughty Senator whose remains rested in a gray steel casket at the foot of the rostrum. Flowers were banked nigh round the casket, including a wreath of pink carnations from the White House and lilies and white carnations from the Senate.

Mrs. Borah did not wish to witness the ceremony but sat outside the lobby close to Vice President John Nance Garner's office accompanied by the late Senator's secretary.

All chairs in the Senate were occupied, with the exception of Senator Borah's, where a single spray of red roses covered the copper name plate.

The Rev. James Montgomery, Chaplain of the House of Representatives, opened the service. The Senate Chaplain, the Reverend Mr. ZeBarney Phillips, concluded the ceremony. Two hymns were sung—favourites of Senator Borah—"Lead Kindly Light" and "Abide With Me."—United Press.

Prince Saionji Again Overcomes Illness

Last of Genro, Now Aged Ninety, Fully Recovers

Okitsu, Jan. 23.

Prince Kimmochi Saionji, last of the "Genro," today had recovered from a chill which sent his temperature up to 37.2 degrees Centigrade yesterday morning. The slight heightening of temperature, coming close upon an attack of cerebral anaemia on Sunday, gave rise to fears because of the patient's advanced age.

The 90-year-old statesman suffered from a digestive ailment earlier in the month, but recovered under the treatment of Dr. Seizo Katsunuma. His latest indisposition was ascribed to the prevailing cold wave, coupled with the frequent calls he received in the middle of the month as a result of the change in Cabinets.—Domei.

Agreement Reveals Japan's Aims

(Continued from page 7)

less are the gestures with which Japan, in her desperation, is now tempting the Powers, such as the opening of the Yangtze under Japanese military supervision, delimitation of the Manchurian-Mongolian boundary, and cessation of the Tientsin blockade.

"I trust the implication of the agreement is clear and that friendly Powers will immediately take positive measures to help China, and to refrain from furnishing Japan with resources to conquer China.

"It goes without saying that they should also refrain from any measures which, in the exigencies of the moment, they may be tempted to take, that may weaken China's resistance, which it is clearly so vital to maintain in the common cause of mankind."—Reuter.

FUNERAL

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Honigsberg

Funeral services were conducted over the cremated remains of the late Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Honigsberg yesterday afternoon at the Bubbling Well Chapel, by Chaplain R. R. Marken of the Fourth United States Marines. Mr. and Mrs. Honigsberg were killed on August 14, 1937, as a result of the bombing affair at the corner of Avenue Edward VII and Yu Ya Ching Road. The services yesterday were held under the auspices of the American Legion, General Frederick Townsend Ward Post No. 1. Among those present were Messrs. Mark L. Moody, Commander of the American Legion, Frank J. Mortimer, Adjutant, L. R. Schinazi, Past Commander, Wilbur Judd, Treasurer, A. F. Kerske, Vice Commander, William Van Buskirk, representing the United Spanish War Veterans, M. Speelman, R. H. Parker, Arnold Dewar and other close friends. Several wreaths from the American Legion, United Spanish War Veterans, the Management and Staff of the West Coast Life Insurance Company, Karl and Marie surrounded the urn.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Gang Sentenced for Death of Waiter

Charged with assault causing death, Hsieh Ching-ken, a loafer who refused to pay his restaurant bill, was sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment yesterday by the First Special District Court while his five accomplices drew prison terms ranging from five to seven years. They were convicted of having fatally injured a waiter of a Chinese restaurant at 18 North Shanse Road by waylaying the latter in North Soochow Road on January 8. He was murderously attacked with hatchets and died later. It was an act of revenge, as the waiter angered Hsieh and his men when he insisted that they should pay their bill after finishing their dinner at the establishment sometime ago.

Lord Galway's Term Extended

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Jan. 23.

The Dominions Office announces that the King has approved the extension for six months of the term of office of Viscount Galway as Governor-General of New Zealand. His tenure would normally end in April, 1940, but owing to the war he has, at the request of the New Zealand Government, consented to stay on in New Zealand.—Reuter.

Holland Resolved On Neutrality

Surprise Expressed at Mr. Churchill's Views; U.S. Notes Significance

Amsterdam, Jan. 23.

Surprise and regret at Mr. Winston Churchill's call to small neutral countries to join the Allies against Germany is expressed by the "Telegraaf," which says that if Mr. Churchill had addressed himself to the United States, Italy or Japan, that would have been easier to understand.

The newspaper emphasizes the determination of the Netherlands Government to maintain its neutrality at every cost, and says there will be no change in this attitude even if it becomes crystal clear that the Reich is heading for defeat. The "Telegraaf" concludes by assuring Mr. Churchill that the Netherlands will not let themselves be devoured by either side.

"We are ready to act in self-defence against an assailant," the "Handelsblad" declares, "when we find this unavoidable, but not before, and certainly not as a result of foreign advice."—Reuter.

Significance Seen in U.S.

New York, Jan. 22.

Mr. Winston Churchill's speech two days ago was of crucial importance for it marked a turning point in the evolution of British conceptions of war conduct, American political quarters concurred today.

Chief point remarked on in these quarters was not the reference to neutrals and their stand in the war, but the violence with which Mr. Churchill condemned Soviet aggression in Finland. He seemed to recognize that sooner or later the Allies will be compelled to consider the U.S.S.R. as much an enemy as the Nazi Reich.

The speech therefore was a step forward toward the merging of the two European wars of today and the consequential grant of psychological and military advantages to the Allies.

Commenting on Mr. Churchill's allusions to the neutrals, American quarters showed less unanimity, but all admitted that Mr. Churchill frankly exposed a situation which does exist in fact. Many of the neutral nations, they stated, are already too greatly affected by the general European war situation to hope for improvement before the end of the conflict.

The majority of political commentators here agreed with Mr. Churchill that the fate of the neutrals is linked to that of the Allied cause, but declared that American public opinion in general is alarmed at the British statesman's warning that the neutrals cannot much longer escape embroilment in the conflict.

Hopes that some compromise might be reached in the Allied-German struggle were given a heavy blow, it was stated, for Mr. Churchill clearly emphasized the Allies' firm determination to achieve their aims of liberty and democracy.

A growing trend of opinion in political quarters admitted that the interests of neutral countries must needs fade into the background in the minds of the belligerents engaged in the present war.—Havas.

Neutral Attitude "Unjustified"

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Paris, Jan. 23.

Pertinax, well-known commentator on international affairs, writing in "l'Ordre" today, takes neutral countries to task for their attitude towards the recent broadcast by Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the British Admiralty. He says the speech in no way lends itself to the interpretation which has been given it in certain quarters.

"Mr. Churchill," he adds, "did not seek to tell neutrals what they should do. Their position and their lot would be no pleasanter if they were committed to Hitler and Stalin, or if France abandoned the struggle before the victory was won, when they would be exposed, without defence, to the violent enterprise of nations with predatory instincts."—Reuter.

No British Planes Go Over Netherlands

Dutch Government Will Protest to Germany

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Jan. 23.

The Air Ministry states that full enquiries made into the Dutch official announcement that a foreign 'plane flew over Holland yesterday afternoon have established that the aircraft in question could not have been British.—Reuter.

Dutch to Protest to Reich

The Hague, Jan. 23.

It is officially announced that the foreign plane which flew over Holland yesterday afternoon, was German. Holland, which recently made representations to Berlin over the flight of German aircraft over her territory, is making another protest.—Reuter.

Warplanes Over Hague

Amsterdam, Jan. 23.

Two anti-aircraft shells fell at Katwijk and Kwinsteul, near the Hague, at about 1.30 p.m. yesterday, but caused no serious damage. Toward 1.30 p.m., the Hague correspondent of the "Telegraaf" reported, he saw a warplane flying over the suburbs of the capital, coming from the south-east and bound for the north-west. Anti-aircraft shell explosions as Dutch batteries went into action were heard clearly in The Hague. Two other warplanes were noticed at the same time over Schewening, near the capital. They swiftly made off when fired upon, he said.—Havas.

Mr. Lansbury Proposed For Nobel Peace Prize

London, Jan. 23.

The Rt. Hon. George Lansbury, leader of the Left Labour Wing in Parliament and a prominent pacifist, has been proposed by a number of members of both Houses of Parliament, as well as by several notable British societies and personalities, for the Nobel Peace Prize, which has not yet been awarded this year.—Havas.

British Tokyo Embassy Guarded by Police

(Continued from page 7)

Following reports that Japan would protest against the incident, it was pointed out that recent incidents establish a precedent for the action of the Japanese navy. It was recalled that on September 24 a German warship removed eleven British fishermen from the Swedish ship, Kron Prinzessin Margareten. Other cases were also cited in which a German warcraft forcibly took Polish citizens off neutral vessels.

It was expected here that any Japanese protest against the Asama incident would be rejected.—United Press.

Press Indignant

Tokyo, Jan. 23.

The strong protest filed yesterday by the Japanese Government with Great Britain over the Asama Maru incident, in which a British warship stopped the Japanese liner and removed 21 Germans of military age, is fully endorsed by the Japanese morning press, which voices tremendous indignation over the affair.

According to the "Asahi Shimbun," in a "cool" interview with Sir Robert Craigie, the British Ambassador, from 10.50 to 11.35 last night, the Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr. Masayuki Tani, read the Japanese protest to the Ambassador, who replied that he would notify his home government forthwith and arrange for a reply after careful consideration.

"Only I must say," Sir Robert added, "that the British Government believes that the warship has done merely what is recognized by international law."

The "Asahi Shimbun" expresses apprehension over similar incidents in connection with the Tatsuta Maru, Ginyo Maru and La Plata Maru.

Insult to Empire

The "Miyako Shimbun" splashes a resolution passed by the ultra-Nationalist Tokohai Party, declaring that the British warship's action "constitutes the maximum insult to the Japanese Empire and a pollution of the soul of the Japanese people."

"This national insult," the resolution adds, "is born of the favour-courting diplomacy of the Japanese Government in dealing with Great Britain and the United States. We will not pardon it."

The "Kokumin Shimbun" deduces that, coming on the eve of the abrogation of the Japanese-American trade pact, the Asama Maru incident was actually an Anglo-American endeavour to sound out Japanese reaction.

"It is clear," the newspaper asserts, "that if Japan adopted a weak attitude, Britain and the United States would resort to a stronger policy, a very arrogant, cunning intention."

Navy to Act

It is understood that further Japanese action depends on the British reply to the protest, handed to Sir Robert Craigie yesterday.

According to a semi-official Japanese report, the Naval Office has promised the N.Y.K., owners of the Tatsuta Maru and the La Plata Maru, to take "appropriate measures" to prevent such incidents occurring."

The report also states that "free and frank exchange of views" took place at a conference called by the Naval Commander-in-Chief this morning regarding the Asama Maru incident.

It reports that the conference decided to "take necessary steps to prevent recurrence of such incidents."—Reuter.

Cabinet Confers

Tokyo, Jan. 23.

The Premier, Admiral Mitsumasa Yonai, and Mr. Hachiro Arita, Minister of Foreign Affairs, today studied details of the Asama Maru incident.

Mr. Arita called on the Premier at his official residence this morning before the extraordinary Cabinet meeting.

The Foreign Minister explained the results of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs' inquiry into the incident and reported on the protest made to the British Government through Sir Robert Craigie, British Ambassador to Japan.

The Cabinet today stood solidly behind the Japanese Foreign Office in the action taken in protect to the removal of 21 German passengers from the mv. Asama Maru.

Mr. Hachiro Arita, Japanese Foreign Minister, explained the protest delivered Monday night to Sir Robert Craigie, British Ambassador, at a meeting of the Cabinet today. The Cabinet solidly upheld the action.—Domei.

British Exclusion Urged

Exclusion of British ships from waters near Japan and China was urged today by the Tohokai, a Japanese political party.

In resolutions passed by the organization yesterday and presented to officials of the Japanese Government, the Tohokai advocated this action in retaliation to the British seizure of 21 German passengers on the Asama Maru.

The political party also urged that vessels of all third party Powers assisting the Chungking Government should be prevented from entering Chinese and Japanese waters, but pointed particularly to those of Great Britain.

The Japanese navy was also requested to assume a strong attitude in order to maintain the prestige of Japan in the eyes of not only the people of Japan but throughout the world.—Domei.

Anti-British Campaign May Be Launched

Extremist Society in Japan Plans Action

Tokyo, Jan. 23.

Decision to launch an anti-British campaign was made yesterday at a special meeting of the East Asia Construction National League Preparatory Committee, called to study the British action in seizing 21 German passengers on the Asama Maru.

A lecture at the Aoyama Kaikan on Friday will open the drive.

Resolutions condemning the British action were passed, and the Committee voted to urge the Japanese Government to maintain the prestige of Japan by making vigorous protests to the British Government.

Attending the meeting were Admiral Nobumasa Suetsugu, former Minister of Interior; Mr. Seigo Nakano, leader of the Tohokai Party; Col. Kingoro Hashimoto, president of the Japan Young Men's Party, and Mr. Ichiro Kiyose, leader of the Jikyoku Doshikai which is composed of a group of members of the House of Representatives.—Domei.

M. Guiseppe Motta Dies in Berne

Swiss Statesman Passes After Notable Career; Services for League

Berne, Jan. 23.

M. Guiseppe Motta, four times president of Switzerland, and a member of the Swiss Government since 1911, died today at the age of 69. At the time of his death M. Motta was Chief of the Swiss Political Department.

M. Motta was President of the Swiss Confederation in 1915, 1920, 1927 and 1932.

He made a name for himself in Europe as a skilful and trusted inventor of compromises. In 1920 he was Honorary President of the League of Nations, a position which he also held in connection with the Disarmament Conference. In 1924, as a tribute to his hard work and his popular personality, he was named President of the Fifth Assembly, and up to 1934 no assembly was felt to be complete if his name did not figure as one of its committeemen or as a member of its bureaux.

In 1934, however, circumstances placed him in a position in which, instead of helping to smooth over the difficulties of others, he was compelled, as Foreign Minister of Switzerland, to take a firm and intransigent line on behalf of his own country in respect of three big problems which came before the League Assembly.

Opposition to Soviets

His speech opposing Russia's entry into the League was universally considered to be a masterpiece; and behind his reasoned arguments, there was generally felt to be an added reason in the fact that he was a devout Catholic.

Within a few days after his unsuccessful attempt to prevent M. Litvinov from taking his place in the Assembly, he was again at grips with the majority of opinion in Geneva—this time in the Council, where he presented Switzerland's claim for the war damages sustained by its citizens at the hands of belligerents. Here he had a hopeless task, and was bitterly attacked even by France. It was on this occasion that for the first time in his life, he broke an inflexible rule and received journalists; as soon as the Council meeting was at an end, he called together the representatives of the Swiss press and begged them not to exaggerate the importance of the harsh words of M. Barthou, the French delegate.

The third problem with which he was concerned was the proposal to permit the recruiting in Switzerland of a neutral police force for the Saar—a course which the Swiss Federal Council refused to permit.

New Trend in Foreign Policy

When M. Motta took over the direction of Switzerland's foreign affairs in 1920, he was faced with problems which were entirely new to his country.

Ever since 1870, the tendency had been to withdraw politically from the rest of Europe and to have as few possible "foreign relations" in the political sense but at the end of the World War, with the adherence, after a referendum, of Switzerland to the newly created League of Nations, this policy clearly became unworkable despite the provisions regarding Switzerland's neutrality which had accompanied her adherence to the Covenant.

It fell to him, therefore, to build up a Foreign Office, keeping in mind the fact that any Swiss Minister is answerable to three sets of public opinion—those of the French, German and Italian language divisions of the country.

M. Motta was born on December 29, 1871. He was married and had ten children.—Reuter.

Rice Scarcity Hits Foochow

Gloomy Lunar New Year Foreshadowed

Foochow, Jan. 23.

Foochow envisages a gloomy Chinese New Year on February 8. The populace is conducting scant business, stoically facing the artificially inflated cost of living.

Profiteering continues on practically every commodity. The rice situation is acute, despite ample stocks for local needs. First grade rice is being quoted at $42.60 per picul, while second quality grain is being sold at $36 per picul. Only small quantities are available to householders.

At dawn today the thermometer fell to 41 degrees below zero, and there is prospect of the cold spell continuing until the next change of the moon.—Reuter.

Japanese Freighter in Scheldt Refloated

London, Jan. 23.

The Tajima Maru, N.Y.K. freighter which ran aground at the Mouth of the Scheldt on Friday morning, was successfully refloated at noon yesterday, according to a message received by the London branch of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Four hours later the vessel arrived at Antwerp. The vessel was not damaged, messages received here stated, and the ship will sail for Rotterdam as scheduled.—Domei.

Waltham Abbey Factory Reconstructed

Few Casualties Said Due To Safety Measures

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Jan. 22.

Work will be resumed tomorrow morning in some of the buildings at the Royal Gunpowder Factory at Waltham Abbey, where repairs to the damage caused by the explosion have been proceeding throughout the weekend, according to a statement issued by the Ministry of Supplies.

The structure of the factory had been designed to prevent the effect of a possible explosion spreading. Thus, whilst windows in houses some distance away were shattered, windows in factory buildings within a few yards of the explosion remained intact.

After visiting the three men detained in hospital as a result of the explosion, the Parliamentary Secretary for the Ministry of Supplies, Lieut.-Col. J. J. Llewellen, said that one of the men was returning home immediately. The second of the three men would be discharged from hospital within a week, and the third was making satisfactory progress, he added. He marked that the small number of casualties was largely attributed to safety measures enforced in the factory.—Reuter.

Canadian Control of Wheat Exports

Ottawa, Jan. 23.

Generally well-informed source believe the Canadian Government will establish control of wheat exports as from tomorrow. The Cabinet has decided it but the fact is not yet official. This is said to follow the storm of protests over the recent sale of 1,000,000 bushels of wheat to Soviet Russia, the argument being that this wheat may be re-shipped from Russia to Germany. Canadian wheat is sold on the free market and Canada maintains normal diplomatic relations with Moscow. In future, Canada will probably try to sell all her wheat to the Allies.—Havas.

Japan's Rice Crop Gives Big Yield

Tokyo, Jan. 23.

Japan's rice crop for 1939 totalled 344,985,670 bushels, an increase of 4.7 per cent. over the yield in 1938. This represents an increase of 11.7 per cent. over the average yield of the past five years.

Damage to rice fields in the Kyushu, Shikoku and Chugoku districts was less than had been anticipated. There were fewer immature ears in this year's crop.—Domei.

Soviet Envoy in London Returning to Moscow

London, Jan. 23.

M. Ivan Maisky, Soviet Ambassador in London, is leaving here to return to Moscow, the "News-Chronicle" announced today.

M. Maisky, it was pointed out, is an authority on Finnish questions, having served as Soviet Minister in Helsinki for three years, taking part in the negotiations that resulted in the Soviet-Finnish non-aggression pact of 1932.—Havas.

Belgium Refuses Railway Car Loan to Reich

Brussels, Jan. 23.

The German requests for a loan of Belgian railway carriages were first received in Belgium several weeks ago, the Belgian Railway Society revealed today. The requests, coming from two neighbouring German railway lines had been refused in the interests of Belgian neutrality.—Havas.

Polish President Sees M. Paderewski

Paris, Jan. 22.

The Polish President, M. Raczkiewicz, today received and conferred for several hours with M. Ignace Paderewski, world famous Polish pianist and statesman. Conversations were resumed later in the day when President Raczkiewicz repaid M. Paderewski's call and visited him at his home.—Havas.

Wang Seeks Peace On Firm Principles

Statement by Leader of New Regime; Exposure Of Terms Dubbed False

Tsingtao, Jan. 23.

An ever-lasting peace should be based on firm principles, Mr. Wang Ching-wei, Chairman of the Central Executive Committee of the "reformed" Kuomintang and China's peace-movement leader, told newspapermen here today.

"I have long cherished this idea," Mr. Wang declared, "and when the Konoye statement was issued I hoped then that Japan would make it her mission to effect the integrity of East Asia and allow China to share in that mission.

"My view on the peace movement is that it has been launched from the standpoint of taking a broad view of East Asia; that is, based upon a plan for both Japan and China recognizing that fighting between the two countries injuries both and peace between them brings about their co-existence and co-prosperity."

Mr. Wang declared that he would drive on to meet his ideals, even in the face of difficulties.

"Believing in the possibility of realizing this ideal, I have come to devote my efforts in my peace movement in conjunction with those who are of the same mind.

"While firm principles are necessary, no little emphasis should be placed on the possession of an ardent belief for peace in order to have a solid foundation and healthy development of a peace movement.

"As my peace movement progresses," he said, "this principle and belief, I believe, will be implanted deeply in the minds of the people and will make possible the realization of our objectives.

"Exposure" Ridiculed

Mr. Chou Fo-hai, chairman of the standing committee of the "reformed" Kuomintang composed of adherents to the "peace and national reconstruction" programme of Mr. Wang Ching-wei, today denied that the alleged terms of an agreement between Mr. Wang and the Japanese published in Hongkong yesterday, were authentic.

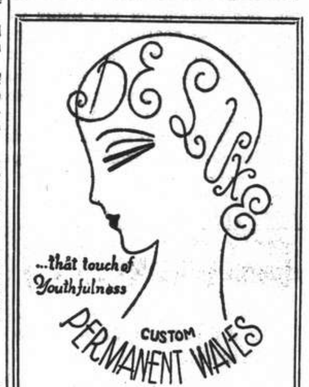
The proposed terms of the agreement were "exposed" in Hongkong by Mr. Kao Tsung-wu, former director of the Asiatic Affairs Department of the Chinese Foreign Office, and Mr. Tao Hsi-sheng, former Peiping University professor, who left the fold of Mr. Wang on January 3.

The two men, it was reliably understood, never were members of Mr. Wang's close entourage, although Mr. Kao accompanied the former Deputy Executive of the Chungking Kuomintang to Japan last year.

"The purported agreement made public in Hongkong," Mr. Chou told newspapermen here today, "represented only the private draft prepared by a group of Japanese and was not based upon the wishes of the Japanese Government."

The Hongkong version, he continued, differed from the agreement discussed in Tokyo for more than a month between representatives of Mr. Wang Ching-wei and "responsible Japanese". The "reformed" Kuomintang leader's delegates at that time were Mr. Mei Ssu-ping, Mr. Lin Pai-sheng, and himself, Mr. Chou declared.

When Mr. Kao and Mr. Tao left Shanghai for Hongkong, Mr. Chou added, they were not in possession of the final terms of agreement.—Domei.



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FROM DAY TO DAY

Mr. M. Speelman has resumed his position as chairman of the committee for the assistance of European Jewish Refugees in Shanghai.

Mr. W. L. Bates, formerly of the "North-China Daily News" is now a Lieutenant in the Royal Naval Reserve.

The date of the third concert of the chamber orchestra 1939, under the guest-conductorship of Dr. Erich Marcuse, with Mr. Wilhelm Loewit as soloist, has been postponed to February 1.

Mr. T. S. Powell has been elected Chairman of the Staff Committee of the Shanghai Municipal Council in succession to Mr. G. E. Mitchell, who resigned the position recently on account of illness.

The popularity and value of the classified columns of "The North-China Daily News" is reflected in the 380 letters which were received yesterday in reply to various advertisements.

Branches of the World Anti-Aggression League for Liaoning, Kirin, Heilungkiang and Jehol Provinces were formally inaugurated in Chungking yesterday, says a message to the "Sin Wan Pao."

Mr. and Mrs. Morris Stranack and their daughter Barbara are sailing this morning by the s.s. Tegelberg for Durban, South Africa, where they expect to spend a short holiday in their old homeland.

Prince Rene of Bourbon-Parma, brother-in-law of Prince Aage of Denmark and a high officer, in the Foreign Legion, arrived in Stockholm from Copenhagen on Monday to serve as a volunteer in the Finnish forces.

The American Women's Club is holding a reception on January 26, from 4.30 to 6 p.m., for Mrs. Clarence E. Gauss, Mrs. Peck and Miss Peck. No invitations are being sent but it is hoped that all members will attend.

The engagement is announced between Second Lieutenant John Prentice Wilkinson, Royal Artillery, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Wilkinson of Shanghai, and Dorothy May Paynter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Oswald Paynter, of Poole House, Worcester.

Tomorrow at 10 a.m., the members of the Civic Department, American Women's Club will meet at the China Refugee Babies' Nursery, 33 Carter Road, on a tour of inspection. This nursery was started by Mrs. A. Young and is now under the patronage of Mrs. M. Helmick.

On January 4 a son was born to Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Chancellor at their house in Hertfordshire. Both mother and son are reported to be doing well. Mr. Chancellor was formerly general manager for Reuter's in the Far East and is now working in the London office.

Mrs. F. W. Toler, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. O. M. Green, formerly of Shanghai, gave birth to a daughter at her parents' house at Virginia Water, on December 4. This is the first grandchild. Mr. and Mrs. Green's second daughter, Ruth, is now with her husband stationed in Egypt.

Mr. Peter Clear, younger son of Mr. A. C. Clear, formerly manager of the Shanghai-Nanking Railway, who was ordained two or three years ago, and who has been a curate in Hoxton, has become a naval chaplain. He tried first for the Army without success, and then intended to enlist as an ordinary soldier, but he heard of a vacancy for chaplain in the Navy and got it.

There has been such a demand for the 1940 edition of the China Hong List that the whole issue has already been sold out. A further edition is now going through the press, and it is hoped another supply will be ready in a fortnight. Orders may be sent to the Hong List Department, "North China Daily News" office, and these will be filled as soon as possible.

The Opium Suppression Commission has ordered the complete suppression of opium smoking in Hunan by the end of June this year, says a message to the "Sin Wan Pao." According to census returns, there were 600,000 opium smokers in the province during 1936, but 270,000 of them have already rid themselves of their habit, the report states. Considerable progress is also reported to have been made in the suppression of poppy planting.

Old friends in Shanghai and the Far East, will learn with regret of the death of Captain R. Llewellyn Jones, M.C., A.R.R.O., Censor Department, Burma, on January 11, at the British Military Hospital, Mingaladon. The deceased was a prominent figure in local sporting circles for a number of years, being a very keen cricketer and boxer. During the Great War he served with the King's Royal Rifles, being in command of a battalion and was awarded the Military Cross for distinguished services.

In a recent instruction to the Shanghai City Chamber of Commerce, the Ministry of Economic Affairs of the National Government warned local Chinese manufacturers not to smuggle goods or export these under false labels or trade-marks into Chinese-controlled areas, says the "Sin Wan Pao." In addition to the confiscation of such goods, the Ministry will penalize guilty manufacturers by forbidding the sales of their products in Chinese-controlled areas, the report adds.

The programme for the Sixteenth Sunday Symphony Concert to be given in the Lyceum Theatre on Sunday, January 28, at 5.15 p.m. is as follows:—

Overture "Leonora No. 3" ...Beethoven
"Intermezzo" ...Pergolesi
(From the Cantata "Orfeo")
(Orchestral Setting by Gui)
(First Performance)
Symphony No. 11 in G major ...Haydn
(Military)
Introduction: Adagio-Allegro
Allegretto
Menuetto
Finale: Presto
Two Nocturnes ...Debussy
(a) Nuages
(b) Fetes
Notturno e Rondo Fantastico ...Piek-Mangiagalli
Deputy-Conductor: Prof. Arrigo Foa.

125,000 Francs to French Red Cross

Final Goal of Christmas Drive Exceeded by Far; Many Members Join

As a result of its Christmas Drive which was successful beyond the wildest expectations, the Shanghai Committee of the Wounded Soldiers' Relief Society of the French Red Cross was in a position to remit 125,000 francs to the Paris Headquarters of the organization although the final goal had been fixed at only 100,000 francs. The great success of the drive was in part due to the generosity of Sir Victor Sassoon, who donated 25,000 francs to the Committee, to the French community in Hankow and its friends and to all those who answered the appeal.

The membership of the Shanghai Committee is rapidly growing consisting of 45 life members, 83 ordinary members, 34 life subscribing members and 6 subscribing members.

The life members are:

Mmes. Dupuy, Jourdan, de Champeaux, de Sayve, Fabre, Bachschmidt, Batraud, Minutti, Boland, Poulet, Cloarec, Senaterre, H. Cosme, Darré, Cattand, de la Ferté-Sénectère, Martinoli, Rivelain-Kaufman, Blot, Augé, Sigaut, Campaignolle, Barbier. Mm. Bar, Sadoc, Baudez, Favret, Perrier, Rondon, Baroukh, de Courseulles, Fermigier d'Auxion de Ruffé, Palud, Raynal, Grenier, d'Hooghe, Basset, Cochain, Chevretton and Messrs. Banque Franco-Chinoise, Cie Française de Tramways et d'Eclairage Electriques de Shanghai, Banque de l'Indochine, Hongay Sales Ltd., and Cie des Messageries Maritimes.

The ordinary members are:

Mmes. Stolitza, Malval, Fredet, Sauvayre, F. Ferrin, Jacottin, Ducimetière, Cahart, Génin, Grégoire, Creston, Thellier, Moreau, P. Jordan, Ségalen, Lellèvre, Vivien, Schmidt, Palud, Bordes, de Guyadet, Merlant, Kramarenko, Marchetti, Colin-Duchaine, Prud'hom, Ingey, Maître, Ricard, Pages, Brunet, Magalon, Vogt, Bernaert, Veillot, Porte, Fréchet, Dupuy, Saint-Lebe, Klim, Durocher-Carnavaro, Charleux, Grenier, Puynel, Seniavine, Volanthen, Monot, de Boissezon, Brediam, Salembier, Widmer, Decos, Meyer, Muller, Andurant, Jacobi, Prefet, Blanchet, Perrin, Tracy, Karmiloff, Boucher, Valentin, Lepechinsky, Kowalska. Mlles. Thermos, Sauvayre, Bonnet, Grégoire, Léger, A. Berthelet, M. Berthelot, Cosme, de Guyedet, Chiteri, Civet, L. Haim, E. Haim. Mm. Sauvayre, Rémusat, A. Grégoire, P. Cardeusat.

The life subscribing members are:

Mmes. Laborne, Tchou Sin-lan, Kann, Busch, Moller-Barraud, Lerossey, Berthier, Beaulieux, Grosbois, Blaise, Givet, de Santerre, Donné, Lafon-Morel, Leclerc, A. Chollot, Lebert, Sellen, Morestine, Schlepinoff, Rigot, Lorél, Vitanson, Eveile, Heintz, P. Blanchet, A. Milhomme, Mary, de Perceval, Millet, Fedoclenko, Tatarinoff.

The subscribing members are:

Mmes. Pawlova, Ilune, Pavloff, Lee Foh-ming, Tirback, Cossin.

Subscriptions received by the committee were as follows:

	Francs
Sir Archibald Clark Kerr	1,000.0u
M. M. Baudez	377.50
M. P. Likarieff	2,190.00
M. Pierre	200.00
M. Speelman	1,000.00
Hongay Sales	1,500.00
M. Salembier	300.00
E. D. Sassoon Bank Corp.	25,000.00
M. Jordan	100.00
M. Fevret	500.00
Divers	245.61
	32,413.11
	S'hai $
Anonyme	1,000.00
M. Plattner	50.00
M. Walter	100.00
M. Terni	50.00
Mme. Doyle	20.00
Anonyme	10.00
M. Chieri	25.00
Mme. Valentin	10.00
C. T. Tai and Son	300.00
Personnel Banque de l'Indochine	74.50
M. A. Leonard	300.00
Mme. de Boissezon	50.00
M. R. Porte	16.00
A. and F. Berthier, L. and R. Caminada	8.20
Mme Pribitskova (Théâtre Russe)	510.00
Chuen Wai Bank	300.00
Pootung and Comm. and Sav. Bank	100.00
Tung Lai Bank	100.00
China Estate Bank	100.00
Nat. Ind. Bank of China	100.00
Land Bank of China	100.00
Comm. Bank of China	100.00
Ningpoo Com. and Sav. Bank	100.00
Shanghai Com. and Sav. Bank	50.00
Chow Chang Yin	100.00
Yang Vong Ming	5.00
Mme. Cuzzirocco	74.83
M. A. Leonard	100.00
Anonyme	25.00
Mme. Blaise	84.55
Produit du Concert donné pr. la Sirène	10.00
Mme. Meyer	100.00
M. C. A. Walter	3,893.03
S. F. A. produit match de bienfaisance	200.00
M. M. Baudez	10.00
Mme. Meyer	50.00
Mme. P. Blanchet	75.00
M. Fontanel	150.00
M. Chevretton	100.00
Dr. Raynal	150.00
Dr. Veillot	20.00
Mme. Lachant	50.00
M. C. H. Hoffman	25.00
M. M. J. Nathan	1,500.00
Anonyme	100.00
M. R. Degoy	30.00
M. Cazaux	20.00
Mme. Franchi	30.00
M. A. Sator	200.00
M. M. Baudez	225.00
Professeurs l'Ecole Professionnelle Française	8,000.00
Somme recueillie à Hankéou	20.00
Ladies Relief Committee	100.00
M. Grosbois	20.00
Mme. Claude Rivière	10.00
M. Salmas	100.00
M. Chevretton	19,156.91

Contributions in kind were received from the following:

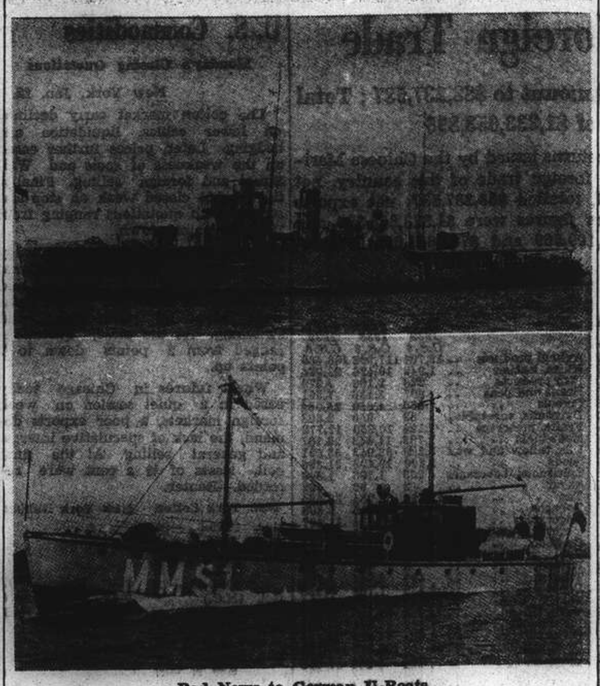
Mme. Gigant, Ladroitte, Fermigier, Leclerc, B. Spunt, Fumagalli (The White Flower Society), Michelet, Theilier, Creston, Tatarinoff, Barberat, Miss Middleton, and the Benevolent Section of the Russian National Committee, the Russian Women's League and a group of French ladies in Tsingtao.

Chinese Detective Relieved of Pistol

A Chinese detective attached to Gordon Road Police Station came to grief shortly after 1 p.m. yesterday when, while walking along Hart Road near Connaught Road, he was held up by two men, one of them armed, who relieved him of his service pistol, 2 magazines containing 14 rounds of ammunition, a warrant card and $20 in bank-notes.

With the thug's pistol stuck against his side, the detective was unable to raise an alarm. As soon as his assailants had departed, he reported the matter to his police station. Investigations were immediately begun but up to a late hour last night, no arrests had been made.

The Duke and Duchess of Kent will, it is understood, make their home in Kensington Palace in the coming year. The move will not be made for some months, because of the extensive improvements which are to be carried out. These will include new furnishing, modern lighting, up-to-date bath rooms, a new method of heating and electric lift. There have been no substantial purchases or renewals in the apartments since long before the death of Queen Victoria. Although the extent of Princess Louise fortune is still not known, the Duke is the principal beneficiary.



Bad News to German U-Boats

Here are two of the various types of small vessels which the British Navy is using to checkmate the treacherous mine and submarine warfare waged by Nazi Germany. Top photo shows a minesweeper of the Halcyon class, built to withstand mine explosions while the bottom picture shows one of the new motor minesweepers. Note the paravanes at the stern of the motor minesweeper.

Small Boats Play Big Part In Britain's War at Sea

Fleet of Sturdy Little Vessels Maintain Eternal Vigilance Against Nazi Mines and Submarines

WHEN one thinks of the British Navy the picture which immediately springs to mind is a formidable battle Armada of mighty battle-cruisers, ponderous dreadnoughts, sleek, speedy cruisers and giant air craft carriers. In the face of this imposing array of sea power the smaller craft, humble armed trawlers, minesweepers and anti-submarine vessels, are relegated to relative obscurity, but the truth of the matter is that these nondescript boats are seeing a lot more action in this war than any other branch of the fleet.

As Germany's desperate effort to break the British sea blockade revolves around ruthless warfare with mines and submarines it is expedient that the Navy counteract this type of warfare with adequate defensive weapons. Thus, in order to checkmate the Nazi under-sea drive, a horde of daring little minesweepers and anti-submarine boats have been commissioned for the maintenance of continuous vigilance in the North Sea and the waters surrounding the British Isles. German submarine warfare can only be successfully waged provided there are sufficient outlets established beyond the blockade lines. It is for the prime purpose of stopping any such outlets or hunting down any under-sea raiders which may have eluded the blockade that the anti-submarine vessels have been designed.

Better Prepared

The outbreak of this war found the British Navy much better prepared to combat the submarine and mine menace than it was at the beginning of the Great War in August, 1914. At that time Britain had only twelve armed trawlers, which were used as a nucleus for training personnel in minesweeping, and there were no anti-submarine boats other than an inadequate number of torpedo-boats and destroyers. As a result of this lack of preparedness, German submarines took a heavy toll of British naval vessels in the first few months of the war. To repair this deficiency Britain acquired 550 American-built motor launches during 1915 and set about constructing a further number of small boats with all the speed which the shipyards could muster. By the end of the war a total of 1,783 vessels had been constructed to combat the unforseen menace of mines and torpedoes.

The Navy learned its lesson in the World War, however, and when in subsequent years it became evident that the submarine was here to stay, the Admiralty devoted much time to the study of various methods of combatting this nuisance. New types of anti-submarine patrol boats and trawlers were designed and equipped with scientific instruments for the detection of the elusive prowler of the depths. One such device is the Asdic Ray, which is capable of locating any submerged object, giving an estimate of distance, measuring its length, and determining the material used in its construction.

Mine Experimentation

Mines have also come in for a great deal of experimentation. Britain is believed to have developed a mine which does not need contact to be exploded, but which will explode whenever a vessel comes within a certain distance of it. This type of mine, it is believed, was designed for the purpose of ridding coastal waters of enemy submarines. For the dangerous task of clearing the seas of enemy mines a fleet of small vessels have been equipped with minesweeping equipment which consists of paravanes suspended from davits over each counter. Shortly before the war broke out last year the Admiralty decided to add 180 additional small vessels to the anti-submarine and anti-mine class and no doubt this figure has been expanded since the outbreak of the war. Some destroyers of the British Navy have also been equipped with mine-sweeping devices.

Probably the most efficient type of minesweeper is the 1935 Halcyon class, an improvement on the former sloop or escort vessel. A feature of this type of vessel is its ability to withstand mine explosions due to the fact that its seams are welded instead of rivetted. The worth of welded seams was proven when the destroyer Hunter struck a submerged mine while on patrol in Spanish waters on May 13, 1937, and survived the shock. The explosion of the mine lifted the forward part of the vessel completely out of the water yet the damage was such that she was able to be towed to Gibraltar for temporary repairs, the repairs being completed at Malta a year later.

Another type of vessel which was in the experimental stage before the present war broke out is the motor minesweeper. Built by Thornycroft, these vessels were primarily designed to operate in narrow seas or coastal waters. These little vessels are constructed with hulls of double skin mahogany that are divided into five water-tight compartments. These boats normally carry a crew of one officer, two C.P.O.s and nine other naval ratings. The motor minesweepers are each equipped with two sweeping winches at the stern and are armed with four machine-guns each. They have a maximum speed of 18½ knots but this is reduced to about 10 knots when engaged in sweeping operations.

Two other models which have been developed for anti-submarine work are the 696-ton Basset and the 490-ton Mastiff. Both are coal burners with speeds of 13 and 12 knots respectively, carrying identical armaments of one 4-inch gun, two machine-guns and 16 depth charges racked over the stern.

In all, the Navy had about 400 of these little anti-submarine fighters and minesweepers of various classes either built or under the process of construction when the war broke out and no doubt a considerable number has been added to that total since then. These small ships are certainly playing a big part in the war at sea and playing that part in a dangerous manner. Their crews, the unsung heroes of the deep, are engaged in what perhaps is the most hazardous duty of the three services, keeping sea lanes clear so that Britain's merchant fleet may carry on their world trade.

Japanese Press Chief Entertains

Commander Toyo Mitsunobu, former chief of the Foreign Affairs Section of the Japanese China Seas Fleet, was host at a cocktail party at Broadway Mansions on Monday night.

Eighty-five persons attended, including Commander Masaharu Kawabata, successor to Commander Mitsunobu, foreign military and naval attachés and newspaper representatives.

Commander Mitsunobu is scheduled to leave Shanghai on the Toa Kisen Kaisha, Shanghai-Kobe liner, Taiyo Maru on February 1. After spending a short time in Tokyo he will depart for Italy where he will assume the post of naval attache.

Wireless to Link China And Siam

Wireless communications with the Bangkok Telegraph Company in Thailand will be started by the Central China Telecommunications Company at the end of January, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reported yesterday.

Negotiations to begin the service, the paper said, were recently concluded.

Robbers Sentenced

Prison terms ranging from six months to nine years have been given to five robbers by the Second Special District Court in connection with the armed robbery committed on October 13 of last year in the Wan Tai Lung Native Tobacco Hong, 218 Rue du Consulat, which was victimized to the extent of about $20,000.

Three men, Ho Lao-shan, Chen Hsiao-lung and Wang Hsiao Wu-tze, were each sentenced to nine years' imprisonment for their part in the crime as gunmen. Chen Hsiao-er drew five years, while Chen Yen-tai, six months, charged with only hiding firearms for the gang. One arrested man was declared not guilty.

Soon after the crime, the French police arrested the six men in two hotels in the French Concession. In their possession, two pistols and 80 rounds of ammunition were found. Four of the sentenced men were alleged to have also been responsible for other crimes committed in the Settlement and therefore they have been extradited by Settlement police authorities.

German Stowaways Flee Sabang

Four Taken Off Japanese Ship Here Part of Crews Of 5 Nazi Ships in N.E.I.

The four German stowaways who were taken off the Japanese ss. Kurushime Maru after the freighter's arrival in Shanghai at 8.15 a.m. on Monday were part of the crews of five German steamers which are taking refuge in the Netherland East Indies port of Sabang, the "North-China Daily News" learned yesterday. The four German seamen were taken off the Japanese vessel by the Customs River Police and handed over to the German Consul-General in Shanghai after passing through quarantine.

Two of the German vessels laying low in the Dutch port at the Northern tip of Sumatra are believed to be the Linden Hall and the Monie Rickmers of the Rickmers Line, while two others are Hamburg-Amerika Line vessels. The five ships have been lying in Sabang since the outbreak of the war on September 3 last year.

The Kurushime Maru, a 3,000-ton freighter, was chartered by the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, Ltd., to bring cargo from Sabang to Shanghai. Before sailing from Sabang the skipper of the Kurushime Maru, Captain B. Hariuchi, put off fifteen German seamen who had stowed away in his ship to come to Shanghai; evidently the four who arrived here on Monday managed to escape notice until the ship was out to sea.

First Port of Call

Captain Hariuchi endeavoured to put the four men ashore at his first port of call, Keelung, Formosa. The authorities there refused to accept them and he had to proceed to Shanghai with his non-paying passengers. When the Kurushime Maru arrived here she moored to buoys 15 and 16 and the Captain handed over the stowaways to the Customs River Police when they boarded the vessel. The Kurushime Maru is now at the D.K.K. wharf in Wayside and is expected to sail from Shanghai on Friday morning.

The four stowaways who are now in the custody of the German Consul-General here are youthful men and are of military age. These four bring the total of German sailors in Shanghai to 92 as 88 sailors have been living on board the mv. Ramses, 11,000-ton German freighter of the Hamburg-Amerika Line which is now anchored above the Nantao Boom. Of these, 33 are the former crew of the German steamer Odenwald, who were replaced with a Chinese crew when that vessel sailed from Shanghai for Japan two days before the war broke out. The other 55 are the crew of the Ramses.

It is presumed that the four stowaways, who arrived here on Monday, will be sent to join their compatriots on board the Ramses for the duration of the war.

Woman Suffers Serious Burn Wounds

When turpentine was used in kindling a charcoal stove fire in the China Toy Factory, Lane 146, House 11, Laou Dong Ka Loong, off Tiendong Road shortly after 8 a.m. yesterday, a Chinese woman sustained serious burns in the face and on her hands and had to be rushed to the Refugee Hospital on Thibet Road for First Aid treatment. The fire brigade also responded to the call but found that no serious damage had been caused to the factory. The three engines which had been turned out from Central station, returned 27 minutes after the alarm had first been received.

Claim Dismissed In U.S. Court

Hearing of a suit in which Mr. G. Someck, plaintiff, claimed the sum of $400 from Mr. T. B. Brown, defendant, was dismissed at the plaintiff's cost in the United States Consular Court by Commissioner N. E. Lurton yesterday morning. The sum involved was said to be a balance of money loaned to the defendant by the plaintiff. No counsel appeared for either side.

Notorious Extortioner Sentenced

Louza District "King" Gets Prison Term

Woo Chung-hwa, alias Woo Kwang-ming, the vice ring chief and extortioner well known to amusement establishments and hotels in the Louza district, was sentenced to one year and six months' imprisonment yesterday by the First Special District Court. His assistant named Zee Lin-fu received a suspended prison term of 50 days.

Although less than 30 years old, Woo is described as a leading figure among bad characters in the Louza district where he had been preying upon sing song houses, "girl guide" societies, hotels and secret establishments for the past few years demanding "protection fee" from them from time to time. His notoriety recently received the attention of the police who were determined to eliminate his menace to the Chinese pleasure-seeking community.

The fact that Woo was too ambitious about two weeks ago in launching what may be termed a collective extortion campaign, led to his downfall. He sent numerous written "invitations" to managers of houses of joy in the area where he has been the absolute ruler of loafers, ostensibly for the purpose of celebrating his birthday, a trick played by many crooks for collecting cash gifts. Woo might have saved the trouble of going to court had he not mentioned in his "invitations" that each "guest" should present him a $10 cash gift. He was serious and appeared to be carrying out his celebration programme in a big way by renting a big room in the Dai Lu Hotel in Yu Ya Ching Road, which was later found to be his temporary accountant office.

The Louza police, however, knew how to handle him and just after he had collected enough cash gifts as evidence they swooped down on the chief gangster's temporary headquarters in the hotel in time to catch him and one of his lieutenants. Indicating his strong influence in the amusement district, few victims would venture to appear in court to testify against him. Only a Kwangsi Road "girl guide" society manager did. He and his assistants were recently assaulted by the gang when he refused to pay.

Friends of Finland Fund

List of contributions received: Previously acknowledged . £84-10-0 U.S.$110 Ch.$10,357.60

F. R. Palmer	10
P. Dufour	100
Anonymous	190
Mr. & Mrs. Glen V. Fuller	50
J. A. M.	25
Marcel Ricard	68.
Friends, Alexander Clark Co.	34
H. W. Brooke	20
Peter D G Gain	25
E. H. Adams	10
N. E. Kent	10
Ed Ducoudray	15
W N de Bruyn	25
Mr. & Mrs. P. Matson	20
Foreign Staff, Mollers Ltd.	502
G. E. Marden	
E. A. G. May	
H. W. Sainton	
H. W. Pritchard	
Capt. G. S. Weigoll	90
J. A. Anderson	
W. J. Hawkings	
I. G. Sinclair	
Underwriters	100
W. I. Sullivan	10
R. E. Skean	10
H. L. Yung	10
I. A. Altadukoff	20
H. M. Blake	10
L. A. Hekking	10
Ch. Metzler	10
Miss J. Schnapper	3
I. Nikitin	3
Miss J. Kal	2
James King	2
An Eng. friend	50
Mr. & Mrs. F. Rayden	25
Arnhold Trading Co. Ltd.	100
Foreign Staff, Chartered B.	35
Personnel European Service Police Concession Francaise	866
A. Bosselman	10
Anonymous	25
Mr. & Mrs Siegfrieds	25
Mr. & Mrs. Moskowsky	10
W. Crooks	5
Mme Claude Riviere	20
Colette et Jacquie Civet	20
W. Wanderbeach	50
S. Nickells	25
Atkinson & Dallas Ltd.	250
Mr & Mrs R. M. Saker	250
C. E. S.	25
B. W. Talbot	50
"Kim"	10
G. R. S.	10

Total amount received to date £34-10-0 U.S.$110.00 Ch. $13.653.47.

These amounts have been sent by cable to the War Fund in Finland on the 19th inst.

General Gamelin, the Generalissimo of the Allied Forces, who was in London on November at 10 Downing-street, has for his office in Paris a one-storey building in the Boulevard des Invalides, with a little garden in front. It is very like one of the small "cottage" houses in Chelsea or Kensington, and the last place one would associate with the head of the French armies.

Sailings to Ningpo Continue

No Interruption in Spite of Resumption of Hostilities In East Chekiang

Inquiries made in shipping and Chinese press circles reveal that despite the Japanese military operations, which have been renewed in East Chekiang, shipping between Shanghai and Ningpo has not been disrupted. Restrictions are said to have been placed on shipping between here and Wenchow it being asserted that at least one British-owned steamer is still being prevented from proceeding to Wenchow.

The Chinese Italian Navigation Company, 93 Canton Road, which maintains boats on regular runs between here and Ningpo is still keeping the same schedule, although the ss. Dehping of the company did not return here yesterday because loading at Ningpo had not yet been completed. The high wind along the coast was given another reason for the delay. Officers of the company could not give a definite date for its return here but declared that business would be continued as usual as the new military development did not affect it.

For those who wish to go to Ningpo today there is the Haidah, of a Norwegian firm, which is expected to leave today for the Chekiang district. Chinese shipping and press circles belittle the importance of the latest Japanese troop movement in Chekiang it being asserted that quiet reigned in districts in East Chekiang threatened by the Japanese. It is admitted that Chinese regulars and guerillas have been very active in regions bordering the Shanghai-Hangchow Railway and Soochow-Kashing Railway. One report stated that an explosion again occurred along the former railway on Monday causing the train service to stop.

The Japanese are reported to have restricted shipping between Shanghai and Wenchow but foreign-owned boats are said to be following their usual schedules. Two British-owned steamers, which left Shanghai last week, have reached Wenchow and one of them is expected to return soon. A third British-owned steamer is said to be still awaiting permission to proceed to Wenchow, although it already arrived at a place near the district more than a week ago. Before the Lunar New Year, local shipping circles are trying their best to ship as many native goods as possible from the Chekiang district to Shanghai.

Manchu Merchant Ship Arrives Here

The first Manchoukuo merchant vessel to call at Shanghai arrived here on Monday morning. Loaded with coal, the Ho Shun, a 858-ton vessel of the Daitsu Kisen Kaisha at Yingtow, docked at 11 o'clock on Monday morning at the Mitsu Bussan Kaisha wharf at Pootung. The vessel's arrival was expected to relieve the coal shortage here. The coal came from Fushun. The vessel left Dairen on Friday and stopped at Tsingtao.

Finnish Red Cross

Contributions received: Previously acknowledged Swedish Kroner 50.00	Ch.$7,036.00
E. Vasland	100.00
The Danish Association in Shanghai.	240.00
Total amount received to date: Swedish Kroner 50.-	Ch.$7,376.00

These amounts have been sent by cable to the Red Cross in Finland on the 19.

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Curry Luncheon
C-30A

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Branches:
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70 Foochow Road 598 Woosung Road
and at any Post Office in the town
Telephone 11130, Ext. 13 or 20
for a messenger to collect your radiogram

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Graeme D. Nicholl, Manager for North China

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

TUESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1940

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 4⅜d.		$ 50.86
U.S. $100 @ 7¾		$1,290.32
Francs	347	$100
Yen	33	100
Guilders	14½	100
Rupees	26⅛	100
Pesos	15½	100
Hongkong	$31½	100

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 4⅞d.		$ 49.23
U.S. $100 @ 8 1/32		1,240.31
London—demand, $1=		4⅛d.
4 months' sight credits		4⅛d.
4 months' sight docts		5 d.
6 months' sight credits		4⅛d.
6 months 'sight docts		5⅛d.
New York—demand, $100=		U.S.$81⅛
4 months' sight credits		U.S.$81⅛
4 months' sight docts		U.S.$81⅛

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling	4⅛d.	U.S. $7⅛
Hongkong/London		1/2⅛

WEI WAH DISCOUNT

Wei Wah $1,024.00 ..... C.N.$1,000.00

Netherlands Trading Society

Netherland Guilders	Buying	15⅛
Java Guilders	„	15
Netherlands Guilders	Selling	14⅜
Java Guilders	„	14⅜

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying	U.S.$100—$1,289.853 £1—$49.87
Selling	U.S.$100—$1,290.323 £1—$50.86

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Belgas 0.46¼=$1 Belgas 23.30=£1

Italian Bank for China

It. Lire 1.55—$1		Swiss Frs. 34¾=$1	
Tourist Lire 1.71			$1

Hua Hsing Commercial Bank

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d.		per H.H.$	1
„ Buying „ @ 6 1/32	„	H.H.$	1
U.S.$ Selling „ @ 9⅛	„	H.H.$	100
„ Buying „ @ 10 1/32	„	H.H.$	100

LOCAL DOLLAR (FAPI)

Selling Rate	@ 124	per H.H.$	100
Buying „	@ 129	„ H.H.$	100

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£	Highest 41⅞	Lowest	44⅛
U.S. G.$	7 1/16		7¾
Yen	—		—

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

SELLING		BUYING	
Cash		January	
£ T.T.	4 11/16	4 m/s. l.c.	4 13/16
G.$ T.T.	7 1/16	4 m/s. l.c.	7⅛
Fcs. T.T.	344	4 m/s.	356
Rs. T.T.	26⅛	15 d/s.	26¾

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	22	22
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	34⅝	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	58.05	—
Bombay offtake 75 bars.		

NEW YORK/LONDON CROSS RATES

New York closing Rate for Cash	3.96⅛
Local sellers U.S.$ for Cash	3.96
Local buyers U.S.$ for Cash	396⅛

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 4 1/16 sterling and 7 1/16 U.S.$.

The Interbank market opened with sellers for cash at 4 1/16 sterling and 7 1/16 U.S.$ and an uncertain feeling after the easiness the previous day. Shortly after the opening there was considerable easiness but the main decline came in the afternoon. The market closed easy with sellers at:—

4 1/16 sterling	7¾ U.S.$	Cash/Jan.
4 1/32 „	7 5/16 „	Feb.
4 1/16 „	7 1/32 „	Mar.

Foreign Exchanges

Closing Jan. 22.

Bombay Rupee T. T. on:			
Japan	78⅞	London	1/5 1/32
New York	333	2 mths	
Shanghai	28¼	„ (sellers)	1/5 1/32
Hongkong	83¾	„ (buyers)	1/6 1/16
		Japan	
		2 mths	
		„ (sellers)	80
		„ (buyers)	79⅝
London & Sterling T. T. on:			
New York	402.50	Shanghai	5d
Paris	176.50	Bombay	1/6 1/32
Berlin	—	Hongkong	1/23 1/32
Amsterdam	7.53	Singapore	2/4 11/32
Brussels	23.80	Yokohama	1/2 9/32
Madrid	39.00	„ (buying)	1/2 1/16
Milan	77.50	Prague	—
Berne	17.85	Bangkok	1/10 1/16

*—Unofficial rates.

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:			
Berlin	40.20	Montreal	88.125
Spain	9.95	Brazil	5.10
Holland	53.16	Japan	23.49
Paris	2.24½	Shanghai	8.00
Brussels	16.82½	Hungary	17.60
Italy	5.05	Rumania	0.73
S'zerland	22.42½	Yugo Slavia	2.35
Sweden	23.83½	Greece	0.73
Norway	22.72½	Bulgaria	Unq.
Denmark	19.32½	Finland	1.90
London			3.96⅜
„ Demand			3.96
Buenos Aires Paper			Unq.
„ „ market rate			22.80
Montreal on London			4.50

—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:	Jan. 22.	
Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	1 1/16%
Bank Bills,	6 months	1 1/16%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	2¾%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	3¼%
Call Money		0⅛%
Bankers' Acceptances for		0⅛%B
1, 2 and 3 months		0⅛%A
Bankers' Acceptances for		0⅛%B
4 months		0⅛%A
Call money		1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Paris Bourse

Paris, Jan. 22.

The market opened slightly weaker today amid light trading. During the session, the calm trend continued and most stocks closed lower then their previous levels.—Havas.

Silver Quotations

London, Jan. 23.

Unchanged quotations for silver were fixed in London today, with prices being:—

	Jan. 22	Jan. 23
London spot	22d.	22d.
„ forward	22d.	22d.
„ gold	168/—	168/—

—Reuter.

Cross Rates

Yesterday's Closing

London/New York	U.S.$4.0250	59.627d.
New York/London	3.96⅜	60.55d.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

The market again opened quietly with a small business passing but again towards mid-day on weak exchange, prices especially in the rubber section tended to harden, until at the close there were strong buyers for all rubbers particularly the cheaper issues. In the Industrials, the Trust companies were firm all day, but the most important rise was in New Engineering which reached a high point of $25.00 during the day.

Official Averages

1940 High	Low		Today's Averages	Change
245.00	105.32	General	236.27	+ 2.59
365.68	95.55	Rubbers	353.46	+10.44

Total 556,690 shares, 700 bonds.

Business Done

Telephone 6% Debs.				2000	96.00
Power 5½% Debs.				15000	88.00
25000	*88.00				
†28000	88.00				
Central Prop.				500	*17.00
I. I. Trust		500	14.50	2500	14.60
500	14.50	4500	14.60	2500	*14.60
500	14.50	3000	14.60	2500	*14.70
500	14.60	4500	14.70	2000	*14.70
1000	14.80	500	*14.70	5500	14.80
†7000	14.80	2000	*14.80	500	14.80
S'hai Loan		2500	*17.90	500	17.80
500	17.70	500	17.80	1000	17.70
†2000	*17.80	500	*17.70	2500	17.70
500	17.80				
Yangtsze Finance				7500	12.60
500	*12.60	4500	12.70	500	*12.70
†500	12.70	1500	12.80	2500	12.70
3000	12.80	500	*12.80		
Int. Assurance		1000	12.50	500	12.90
500	13.00	500	12.90		
†500	12.90	500	13.00		
China Realty		500	8.95	1500	8.90
1000	8.80	500	*8.80	1000	6.05
1500	8.90				
†3000	8.90				
S'hai Land		2000	*14.10	500	14.10
3500	14.20				
†1000	14.30	500	14.20	2500	14.30
500	*14.40	2500	14.40		
New Eng. (Ord)		300	*23.25	100	23.00
1100	23.25	1000	*23.50	1600	23.50
3000	23.75	200	24.00	800	23.75
500	*24.00	300	24.00	100	23.75
1000	*24.00	500	24.00	100	23.75
200	24.00	200	23.75	200	24.00
800	24.00	1500	24.25	700	*24.25
200	*24.00	600	24.25	1000	*24.50
1600	24.50				
†1800	24.75	200	*25.00	300	25.00
100	24.75	500	25.00	100	*25.00
300	*24.75	300	*25.00	1000	24.75
200	25.00	1900	24.75	100	*24.50
S'hai Dock				50	250.00
Wheelock		100	73.00	100	73.50
500	74.00				
†200	74.00				
C. G. Omnibus		100	24.00	100	24.25
100	24.50				
†200	24.50				
Telephone		100	*23.25	500	23.25
†600	23.25	200	*23.50	200	23.50
Metal		100	19.90	300	19.70
1300	19.80	100	*19.80	200	19.70
†800	19.80	400	19.90	100	*19.80
Kaiping		200	49.50	200	49.75
700	49.50				
†200	49.50	700	49.75		
Exploration		500	10.70	3000	10.80
1000	*10.80	1500	10.70	500	*10.80
†500	10.80	1000	10.90	500	10.80
1000	10.90	500	*10.80	500	10.80
Power (Pref)				50	128.25
†30	128.25	90	*128.00		
Ewo Mills (Ord)		800	33.00	100	*33.00
200	33.25	100	33.00	100	33.25
1300	33.00	3900	33.25	1300	33.50
200	*33.75	100	33.75		
†4000	33.50	200	*33.50	100	33.25
500	33.50	100	*33.25	200	33.50
500	33.25	300	*33.50	200	33.50
Anglo Dutch				100	22.00
†200	22.00	100	*22.00	100	22.25
Anglo Java		2000	43.50	1300	*49.50
300	43.75	100	*44.25		
†1500	44.00	100	44.25		
Batu Anam				2000	2.15
†1000	*12.20	1000	2.25	3000	2.30
3000	*2.30				
Bute		500	9.85	1000	9.90
500	10.00				
Chemor		1000	3.50	1000	*3.55
7000	3.55	9000	3.60	10000	*3.60
†1000	3.65	11000	*3.70	2000	3.70
1000	3.75				
Cheng		5000	1.28	6000	1.24
2000	*1.24	8000	1.26	5000	*1.26
10000	1.28				
†3000	1.30	1000	*1.32	3000	1.32
7000	1.34	1000	*1.34		
Dominion				500	13.80
Java Consolidated				2000	5.70
3000	5.80	2000	5.90		
†2000	6.00				
Kroewoek		16000	3.40	7000	*3.40
1600	3.45	2000	3.50		
†1000	3.50	2000	3.55	5000	3.57½
2000	3.60				
Langkat				300	28.25
†200	28.25	100	28.50	100	28.25
800	28.50	100	28.75		
Repah		5000	1.90	1000	1.90
2000	1.96	1000	1.98		
†4000	1.96	6000	2.00	4000	2.05
1000	2.03½				
Rubber Trust		500	9.95	1000	*9.95
1000	10.00	500	*9.95	3000	10.00
†1000	*10.20	1000	10.30		
Semambu				5000	1.98
†2000	2.10	1000	*2.12½		
Senawang		15000	2.45	5000	*2.42½
2000	2.47½	1000	*2.47½	1000	2.50
2000	*2.50	3000	2.53½	6000	*2.52½
1000	2.55	1000	2.52½		
Kelantan		3000	1.30	11000	1.28
6000	1.30	7000	1.32	1000	*1.32
8000	1.34	9000	1.36		
†4000	1.36	1000	*1.38	4000	1.37
1000	*1.40	2000	1.40	2000	1.38
17000	1.40	2000	*1.40	1000	1.42
Seremban				1000	3.20
†2000	3.40				
Tanah Merah		4000	4.20	2000	4.25
3000	4.30	1000	*4.30	1000	*4.35
†3000	4.45	2000	4.50	1000	*4.50
2000	2.07½	1000	*2.05	5000	2.05
Tebong		5000	2.05	1000	*2.05
2000	2.07½	1000	*2.05	5000	2.05
11000	2.10	1000	2.12½		
†1000	2.15	2000	2.12½	4000	2.15
1000	*2.15	1000	2.20	2000	2.17½
3000	2.20				
Ziangbe		100	31.75	700	32.00
600	*32.00	100	32.25		
†100	32.25	100	32.50		
Anglo French Land				100	*200.00
S. W. W. "C"				300	*36.00
Lumber				†100	41.00
Consolidated		†1000	9.65	1500	9.80
1000	9.85				
Kota		†1000	7.10	1000	7.20
Padang				†1000	3.30
Permata		†1000	2.10	1000	2.07½
4000	2.05	4000	2.10		
Senaeang		†1000	*2.57½	9000	2.57½
5000	2.60				
Kedah				†500	*14.00
Sua Manggis				†1000	3.20
Tanah Merah				†1000	4.40

ODD LOTS

I. I. Trust				200	14.70
†100	15.00				
Chemor				500	3.52½
Yangtsze Finance	50	12.40		100	12.60
Ewo Mills (Ord)				50	33.25
China Realty				200	8.90
†100	15.00				
Anglo Java				50	44.50
S'hai Land		†100	14.30	100	14.10
200	14.20				
Telephone				†20	23.00
Kelantan				†500	1.30
Exploration				200	*10.70
Ayer Tawah				†50	7.85
Permata				†450	2.07½
Tebong				†100	2.22½

*—Direct Business.
‡—Outport Business.
†—Afternoon Business.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

Jan. 22.	Bid Prices a.m. Closing		p.m. Closing	
Atoks	.20	S	.20	S
Antamok	.165	S	.16	S
Baguio Gold	.24		.24	S
Batong Buhay	.014	S	.014	S
Benguet Consolidated	5.50	S	—	
Big Wedge	.215		.225	
Coco Grove	.14		.135	
Consolidated Mines	.0035		.0035	S
Demonstration	.13	S	.13	S
East Mindanao	.095		.095	
I. X. L.	.39		.39	S
Ipo Gold	.125		.125	
Itogon	.27		.265	S
Masbate Consolidated	.11	S	.11	S
Mine Operations	.11	S	.11	S
North Camarines	.145	S	.145	S
Paracale Gumaus	.23		.23	
San Mauricio	.85	S	.83	S
Surigao Consolidated	.17		.17	
Suyoc	.13	S	.13	S
Syndicate Investment	.025		.025	
United Paracale	.31		.31	S
Mindanao Motherlore	.0975	S	.0975	S

*—Over Counter.

Turnover for the Morning: 58,200 Pesos.

Shares Index: (Morning Session) 78.05.

S—Sales.—Reuter.

New York Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, Jan. 22.

Quiet and easy conditions prevailed on the New York Stock Exchange today. News was generally featureless, but operators showed little disposition to enter the market, owing to the decline in steel operations and fears of a business recession.

However, some statistical services still remain bullish, while backlogs of some lines will keep factories running at capacity for a while.

The turnover today was small, totalling 440,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	145.66	144.57	145.13	—0.51
20 Rails	30.25	30.07	30.15	—0.10
15 Utilit.	25.26	25.05	25.14	—0.11
40 Bonds	—	—	89.37	+0.06
11 Commodity	—	—	60.30	—0.93

	Jan. 20	22		Jan. 20	22
Adams Exp	8	7⅞	Jones & L	58	*57
Alg Lud	18⅛	18⅛	Kennecott	35⅛	35⅛
Alid Stores	8	8⅛	Lak F & M	24	24
Allis Chal	37	37	Libbey O F	49¼	49
Alum Ld	*102	102½	Lockheed	30	29½
Amer Can	*114½	115½	Loews	35⅛	35¼
Am. Cyan	*34⅜	34⅜	Mack Tr	*24¼	24½
Am For Pr	⅞	*1	Martin G	36⅛	36
„ $7 pfd	24½	24¼	McK & R	*16½	*17⅛
Am G & E	38	38	Monsanto	105	104½
Am Loco	19⅛	*19	Mont Ward	50⅛	51
Am Metal	23	*22⅛	Nat Avian	11⅛	11⅛
Am Radtr	9⅛	9⅛	Nat C B	*29⅛	*29⅛
Am R Mill	15	15	Nat Dairy	19⅛	19⅛
Am Smlg	46⅛	46⅛	Nat Distrs	23⅛	23⅛
Am Sug R	*18⅛	*18⅛	Nat Gyp	10⅛	11
Am T & T	171⅛	171⅛	Nat Lead	19⅛	19⅛
Am Tob B	88⅛	88	Nat P & L	8⅛	8⅛
Am Wtrwks	10⅛	10⅛	Nat Steel	65	64
Anaconda	26⅛	26⅛	Nat Supply	8⅛	8⅛
Atchison	22⅛	22⅛	N Y Cent	16	15⅞
Auburn	*2	2⅛	Niag Hud	5⅛	5⅛
Bald Loco	14⅛	14⅛	N A Avian	24⅛	24⅛
B & Ohio	5⅜	5⅜	N Am Co	21⅛	21⅛
Barber	*13⅜	14⅛	N Pacific	8	8⅛
Barns Oil	12	12⅛	O I Glass	62⅛	62⅜
Bendix	28	28	Pac G & E	33⅛	33⅜
Beth Steel	71⅛	70⅛	Pac Light	*48⅛	49⅜
Bliss	12⅛	*12	Packard	3⅛	3⅛
Boeing	23⅛	23⅛	Paramount	7⅛	7⅛
Borg War	23⅛	23⅛	Penn R.R.	21⅛	21⅜
Brid Brass	10⅛	11	Phelps D	36	35⅛
Briggs	19⅛	19⅛	P & R Coal	*0⅜	*0⅜
Bkn-M Tr	16	15⅜	Phil Pet	39⅛	40
„ $6 pfd	53⅛	52⅛	Pitts C & I	*7⅛	*7
Budd Mfg	5⅜	5⅛	P S of N J.	39⅛	39⅛
Can Pac	5	5	Pullman	27⅛	27⅛
Case J I	70	71	Pure Oil	8⅛	9⅛
Celanese	27⅛	28⅛	Radio Corp	6	6
Chase N B	*34⅛	*34⅛	Reading Co.	*15⅛	15
Ches & O	39⅛	39⅛	Reading	*15⅛	15
Chrysler	82⅜	82	Rem Arms	*4⅛	*4⅛
Clim Moly	37	37⅜	Rep Avian	6	6⅛
Colts	*77⅛	77	Rep Steel	19⅜	18⅛
Col G & E	6⅛	6⅛	Rev C & B	12⅛	12⅛
„ 6% A	89	*63⅜	Rey Tob B	41⅛	41⅛
Com Cred	46⅛	46⅛	Richfied	*7⅛	7⅛
Com & S	1⅛	1⅛	Safeway	46⅛	46
Cons Edis	31⅛	31⅛	Schenley	12⅛	12
Cons Oil	7⅛	7⅛	Sears Roeb	82⅜	81⅛
Cont Can	42	41⅛	Shell U Oil	12⅛	11⅞
Copwid St	*15⅛	15⅛	Soc-Vac	12	12⅛
Corn Prod	63⅛	63⅛	Sthrn. Pac	13⅛	12⅛
Curtiss Wr	9⅛	9⅛	Stirn Rly	29⅛	29⅛
„ A	22⅜	22⅛	Sperry	43⅜	43
Deere & Co	29⅜	29	Spicer	*30	*30
Dist C S	19	19⅛	Std Brands	7⅛	7⅛
Douglas	78⅛	78	Std G & E	1⅛	1⅛
Du Pont	180	180	Std Oil C	25	25⅛
E P Lead	10⅛	10⅛	Std O of NJ	44⅛	44⅛
Eaton Mfg.	30⅛	30⅛	Stone & W	11⅛	10⅜
Elc A Lite	35⅜	35⅛	Studebaker	9⅛	9
Elec B & S	7⅛	7⅛	Swift Int	32	31⅛
„ $5 pfd	*57⅛	*56⅛	Technicolor	14⅛	14⅛
„ $6 pfd	67	*66⅛	Tex Cpn	44⅛	44⅛
E P & Lt	32⅜	32⅛	Tex Gulf	33⅛	*34
Fisk Rub	14⅛	14⅛	Timken	21⅛	21⅛
Flintkote	18⅛	18⅛	Transamer	5⅝	5⅛
Gen Am Tr	52⅛	*52	T Cent F	11⅛	11⅛
Gen Elec	38⅜	38⅛	T C F pfd	*24⅜	*24⅜
Gen Motors	52⅛	52⅛	Un Carbide	80⅛	81⅛
Gen Rly S	*16⅛	16⅛	Un Pacific	93	93
Gen T & R	22	21⅛	Un Aircraft	46	45⅞
Glidden	17⅛	17⅛	Un Air L	15⅛	15
Goodrich	17⅛	17⅛	Un Copn	2⅛	2⅛
„ $5 pfd	64	64	„ $3 pfd	38⅛	39
Goodyear	22⅛	22⅛	Un Gas	1⅛	1⅛
Gt N Ore	15⅛	15	Un G Imp	14⅛	14⅛
Gt N Rly	23⅞	23⅛	U S Ind Al	23	23⅛
Gt W Sug	*27⅛	27⅛	U S Rubber	37	36⅞
Greyhound	16⅛	16⅛	„ 8% pfd	111⅛	111⅛
Her Pow	90	89⅛	U S Steel	57⅛	56⅜
Homestake	59⅜	59⅛	Vanadium	29⅛	29
Int Harv	55⅜	55⅛	Walworth	5⅛	5⅛
Int Nickel	36⅛	38	War Br Pic	3⅜	3⅜
Int T & T	*4	4	West Elec	108	107
Johns Man	*72⅛	73⅛	Wood Iron	22⅜	22⅜

BONDS

Amer. & For.	63	63
Baltimore & Ohio	26	25¼
Brazil (U.S. of) 8%1941	20⅛	21⅛
Brazil (U.S. of) 6½% 1957	16⅛	16⅜
Cities Serv.	87⅛	86⅞
Erie R.R. 6s 1967	15⅞	14⅜
Int. Tel. & Tel.	44	43½
New England Gas & Elec.	65	64½
Republic of Colombia 6s	30	29¾
„ „ (1928) 6s	B 29⅝	29¾
Stirn. Pacific Co.	46⅝	46½
Stand. Gas & Elec. 6s 1951	55¼	56

Dow-Jones Summary

By Courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

In the lightest trading session recorded this year stock prices eased today, influenced by the further decline in steel operations and the softening of non-ferrous metal prices. Losses in steel leaders reached more than one point, while losses of other steels ranged more than two points. Exports said that traders were reluctant to make large purchases, owing to the Street anticipating a business recession of more than seasonal proportions. However, with the exception of the steel report, there was a dearth of news, while trading was purely a routine affair.

By Courtesy of S. E. Levy & Co.

The tone of this week's column was much more cheerful. If there is no serious depression, stocks can advance while business declines. There is literally billions of capital idle fearing the "New Deal", but it represents potential buying power, which is far more formidable than the menace of liquidation, either from here or abroad.

Investors and institutions are fearing a rainy day, resulting in the lowest market price to earnings ratios since the early stages of 1924 to 1929. However, a bull market stage is set for a big financing period if confidence returns.

One house sold 10,000 U.S. Steels acquired in the upper seventies, but the rest of the list was featureless. The technical situation is in balance, with short interest listed at 381,000 shares, the lowest on record in ten years, and brokerage loans below $500,000,000.

Steel incoming orders represent only 35 per cent. to 50 per cent. of capacity, which is not so good unless we get a quick reversal. However, it will be known in five weeks what orders are coming from railroads, automobile and farm equipment manufacturers.

U.S. Steel unfilled orders are equal to capacity operations until the Spring, with backlogs sufficient to permit good profits.

Returns of Federal Reserve System

New York, Jan. 22.

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve system, in their report for the week ended January 17, respecting the entire body of reporting member banks of the system, reveal a decrease on total loans amounting to $67,000,000 compared with the previous week, but an increase of $289,000,000 compared with the corresponding period of last year.

Investments show an increase of $148,000,000 over last week and of $1,483,000,000 compared with the corresponding period of last year.

Total loans during the period under review amounted to $8,579,000,000 and investments $14,633,000,000.—Reuter.

China's Dec. Foreign Trade

Net Imports Amount to $88,237,537 ; Total For the Year of $1,333,653,896

ACCORDING to the monthly returns issued by the Chinese Maritime Customs covering the foreign trade of this country, net imports during December, 1939, totalled $88,237,537; net exports $122,127,849. January-December figures were $1,333,653,896 and $1,027,246,508, as against $886,199,569 and $762,641,058, respectively for 1938.

Net Imports (in thousands)

Including Bond Withdrawals

	Dec. 1939 C.S.$	January-Dec. 1938 C.S.$	January-Dec. 1939 C.S.$
Cotton P.G. Grey	5	11,622	2,592
Piece white or dyed	742	9,131	7,830
Piece printed	193	1,227	3,770
Piece miscellaneous	128	553	1,403
Cotton raw, yarn	15,797	17,460	181,098
Cotton manu., sundry	273	2,876	3,277
Flax, ramie, hemp	980	14,622	20,636
Wool and manu.	1,061	18,889	26,170
Silk	1,403	17,832	25,862
Metals and ores	5,183	65,117	73,067
Machinery and tools	5,152	56,398	61,128
Vehicles and vessels	2,961	33,838	45,780
Metal manu.	2,438	29,703	33,434
Fishery products	1,912	9,940	16,975
Canned goods	1,421	10,133	17,019
Cereals and flour	13,059	130,004	223,657
Fruits, seeds	2,195	13,857	27,016
Medicinal goods	1,977	6,830	14,390
Sugar	1,514	19,795	52,643
Wines, beer	442	2,840	6,138
Tobacco	980	22,602	36,629
Pharmaceuticals	4,531	57,117	75,939
Dyes, varnishes	2,451	31,145	44,869
Candles, resins, etc.	7,364	91,291	109,274
Books, maps, paper	4,080	45,277	60,762
Hides, leather, etc.	473	4,463	7,314
Timber	2,330	29,344	34,443
Bamboo, straw, etc.	805	6,605	11,739
Coal, fuel, tar	742	21,501	26,384
Chinaware, etc.	298	3,793	5,200
Stone, earth	387	3,986	5,758
Sundry	4,943	103,387	71,440
Grand Total	88,237	886,199	1,333,653

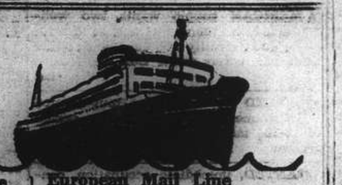
Net Exports (in thousands)

	Dec. 1939 C.S.$	January-Dec. 1938 C.S.$	January-Dec. 1939 C.S.$
Animal products	12,704	117,902	188,436
Hides, leather	1,942	19,426	23,924
Fish products	226	2,763	3,379
Beans and peas	807	3,136	7,901
Cereals	868	4,850	25,084
Dyestuffs, vegetables	82	950	2,608
Fruits, preserves	1,124	10,350	12,772
Medicinals	1,725	11,443	20,167
Oils, tallow and wax	3,299	53,053	53,521
Seeds	1,400	19,498	21,388
Spirituous beverages	266	1,196	1,846
Sugar	2	99	422
Tea	12,736	33,054	30,385
Tobacco	484	9,645	9,808
Vegetables	599	10,084	11,507
Vegetable products	1,308	6,517	9,104
Bamboo	94	1,942	1,695
Fuel	3,141	16,641	31,757
Rattan	6	104	86
Timber	499	2,957	4,877
Paper	1,438	7,758	9,258
Textile fibres	22,574	165,127	173,386
Yarn, thread	18,383	63,163	92,082
Piece goods	7,142	24,449	57,245
Other textiles	4,224	14,976	31,394
Ores, metals	13,709	106,570	109,124
Glass, glassware	753	1,014	4,676
Stone, earth	1,297	5,702	10,995
Chemicals	3,154	7,979	16,822
Printed matter	382	3,262	3,354
Sundry	5,744	37,017	58,228
Grand Total	122,127	762,641	1,027,246

**IMPORTS FROM AND EXPORTS TO FOREI

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE



Orient-San Francisco Line
via Honolulu
ASAMA MARU ..... Feb. 17

Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver
From Kobe
HIKAWA MARU ..... Feb. 8

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
SAKITO MARU ..... Jan. 30

Japan-Australia Line
via Hongkong and Manila
From Nagasaki
KAMO MARU ..... Feb. 19
ATUTA MARU ..... Mar. 18

For Hongkong
ASAMA MARU ..... Feb. 11

European Mail Line
Naples, Marseilles and Liverpool
via Hongkong and Straits
HAKOZAKI MARU .. Feb. 7
*Special call at Casablanca and Lisbon
HUSIMI MARU ..... Feb. 25

Bombay and Calcutta Line
Singapore, Penang, Rangoon and Calcutta
NAGARA MARU .... Jan. 23
Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Kundla and Karachi
OKITU MARU ..... Feb. 8

Japan-Madras Line
Singapore, Tuticorin, Colombo, Pondicherry and Madras
TOYAMA MARU ..... Jan. 27

Orient-South America Line
via San Francisco from Kobe
ARIMA MARU ..... Jan. 29

For Japan
SUWA MARU ..... Jan. 29

31 The Bund **NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA** Telephone 12343
General Passenger Agents, Cunard-White Star Line

LLOYD TRIESTINO

EXPRESS SERVICE

to Naples, Genoa, Trieste, Venice via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Port Said.

Next Departures:

Steamer:	From Shanghai:	Arrivals in Italy:
CONTE BIANCAMANO	Feb. 24	Mar. 24
CONTE ROSSO	Mar. 9	Apr. 5
CONTE VERDE	Apr. 7	May 3

For Further Particulars Apply to:

LLOYD TRIESTINO

26 The Bund Telephone 16385

DE LA RAMA LINE

NEW YORK

Via Los Angeles and Panama Canal

mv. IVARAN

sailing Shanghai February 19

ALL VESSELS CALL NEWPORT NEWS AND SAVANNAH

PORTLAND-ORIENT DIRECT SERVICE

Vessel	Sails P'land	Arri. S'hai	Sails S'hai	Arri. H'kong	Arri. Manila	Arri. S. F.
ms. AGRA	—	Jan. 30	Feb. 3	Feb. 6	Feb. 11	Mar. 21
ms. CANTON	Jan. 27	Feb. 20	Feb. 20	Feb. 23	Feb. 27	Apr. 9

ALL VESSELS HAVE DEEP TANKS FOR OIL IN BULK

For freight and passage apply to:

DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP AGENCIES

51 Canton Road *General Agents* Telephone 1504

MAERSK LINE

Homewards:
ms. MARCHEN MAERSK
Loading Jan. 30/Feb. 1
ms. LEXA MAERSK
Loading Feb. 16/17
ms. ANNA MAERSK
Loading Feb. 28/March 2

via Japan for LOS ANGELES and via Panama to NEW YORK and BOSTON direct. Also Philadelphia, Baltimore, Savannah, Norfolk and other Atlantic Coast Ports.

Outwards:

	arr. Shanghai
ms. ANNA MAERSK	Jan. 26
ms. SOPHOCLES	Feb. 14
ms. LAURA MAERSK	Feb. 25

From New York, Norfolk, Savannah, Panama, and Los Angeles.
Excellent accommodation for a limited number of passengers.

MAERSK LINE Shanghai Agency
210-214 Kiukiang Road Telephone 15566

East Asiatic Co. Ltd. of Copenhagen

Next arrival from Scandinavia and Continental ports

Due Shanghai middle of February, 1940

Further particulars of arrivals and departures on application

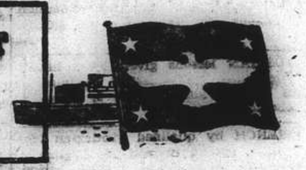
Agency of

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

Telephone 15055 17 Canton Road

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

PRESIDENT LINER Sailings



TRANS-PACIFIC: Fortnightly service via Japan and Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

	Leave Shanghai		Leave Shanghai
PRES. TAFT	Feb. 4	PRES. TAFT	Mar. 25
PRES. CLEVELAND	Feb. 12	PRES. CLEVELAND	Apr. 8
PRES. PIERCE	Feb. 26	PRES. PIERCE	Apr. 22
PRES. COOLIDGE	Mar. 12	PRES. COOLIDGE	May 7

TO HONGKONG AND MANILA:

	Leave Shanghai		Leave Shanghai
PRES. GARFIELD	Feb. 14	PRES. ADAMS	Mar. 13
PRES. COOLIDGE	Feb. 28	PRES. HARRISON	Apr. 10

ROUND-THE-WORLD: To New York and Boston via Straits, Ceylon, India, Egypt, Italy and France.

	Leave Shanghai		Leave Shanghai
PRES. GARFIELD	Feb. 14	PRES. HARRISON	Apr. 10
PRES. ADAMS	Mar. 13	PRES. POLK	May 8

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"TWA" and "UNITED AIR LINES"
"AMERICAN GULF ORIENT LINE"
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AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES
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31 CANTON ROAD Tel. 15309

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Two conveniently placed sailings each month to UNITED KINGDOM PORTS

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CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
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Information relating to sailings, ports of call, freight and passage rates will be gladly given on request to intending passengers and shippers.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
Agents

21-23 French Bund Telephone 82020

TŌA K. K.

Nagasaki Express Service

	Arrival	Departure
NAGASAKI MARU Jan. 24	(Yangtszepoo Wharf)	Jan. 25 at 9 a.m. (Yangtszepoo Wharf)
NAGASAKI MARU Jan. 28		Jan. 29 at 9 a.m.

Kobe Express Service

KASIMA MARU	Jan. 23 (Wayside Wharf)	Jan. 29 at noon (Wayside Wharf)
TAIYO MARU	Jan. 29 (Wayside Wharf)	Feb. 1 at 10 a.m. (Wayside Wharf)

For passage apply to the ticket office of Toa Kaiun Kaisya at Astor House Hotel. Telephone 45297, 42350, 42359

TŌA KAIUN KAISYA

5 THE BUND TELEPHONE 19600

THE SWEDISH EAST-ASIATIC COMPANY LIMITED

REGULAR SAILINGS BETWEEN SCANDINAVIAN PORTS AND THE FAR EAST

Agents: The Ekman Foreign Agencies Ltd.

HAMILTON HOUSE TELEPHONE 11330

WILHELMSEN LINES

Outwards

From Scandinavian and Continental ports

ms. TORRENS, left Lisbon Dec. 10, due Shanghai, Jan. 30

Homewards

For CASABLANCA, BERGEN AND OSLO
Via Aden and Port Said

ms. TRITON loads Shanghai .. .. January 29

For Freight or Passage apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

GENERAL AGENTS

17 Canton Road Telephone 11366

VESSELS ARRIVING TO-DAY

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive to-day are based upon information available yesterday evening

From NAGASAKI: Nagasaki Maru, with mail, due about 2 p.m. O. S. K. Wharf.

From DAIREN: Dairen Maru, with mail, due between 2-3 p.m. Whangpoo Wharf.

DUE AT FUTURE DATES

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From LISBON

Torrens	10/12	30/1

From TRIESTE

Himalaya	21/12	7/2

From KARACHI

Sumatra	27/12	25/1

From SOERABAYA

Tjibadak	12/1	29/1
Tjitjalengka	19/1	5/2

From MANILA

P. Taft	22/1	28/1
Tjibadak	21/1	29/1
M. Maersk	24/1	30/1

From HONGKONG
See "China Ports" below

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK

A. Maersk	9/12	26/1
Mokihana	—	10/2
Sophocles	24/12	14/2
Ivaran	—	17/2
Sorholt	30/12	21/2
Laura Maersk	10/1	25/2
N. Maersk	24/1	12/3

From PANAMA

L. Maersk	21/1	25/2

From LOS ANGELES

Asama M.	1/1	10/2
Sophocles	16/1	14/2
Sorholt	18/1	21/2
Tatuta M.	15/1	24/2

From SEATTLE

Collingsworth	13/1	8/2

From PORTLAND

Agra	23/12	30/1

From HONOLULU

Asama M.	9/1	10/2
Tatuta M.	23/1	24/2

From KOBE

A. Maersk	21/1	26/1

From NAGASAKI

Nagasaki M.	27/1	28/1

From KEELUNG

Hukuken M.	24/1	26/1

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From CAPETOWN

Ruys	17/1	24/2

From DURBAN

Ruys	23/1	24/2

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN

Hoten M.	25/1	27/1

VESSELS LEAVING

NORTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to North CHINA PORTS.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

SOUTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to SOUTH CHINA PORTS, INDO-CHINA, BORNEO, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS and INDIA.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

TJIBADAK Feb. 1. AMOY, HONGKONG, MUNTOK and JAVA PORTS.—The J.C.J.L. s.s. Tjibadak sails from Shanghai on Thursday, Feb. 1, taking cargo to Hongkong, Muntok and Java Ports. Excellent passenger accommodation. Through tickets issued to European and Australian Ports. For particulars apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V. Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. Nos. 16247 (4 Lines). 31-1

AMERICA

MARCHEN MAERSK Feb. 1. Via JAPAN for LOS ANGELES and via PANAMA to NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, SAVANNAH and NORFOLK.—For Freight and Passage apply to Maersk Line, Shanghai Agency, 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 1-2

KANSAI M. Feb. 5. FOR LOS ANGELES, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE.—FOR freight apply to O. S. K. Line, 20 Canton Road. Room No. 316 Tel. 15324. 5-2

(Continued in next column)

GLEN & SHIRE LINES

Sailings to UNITED KINGDOM

Loading for Casablanca if sufficient inducement

For details of sailings apply to:

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Agents

27 The Bund Telephone 15290

O.S.K.

Shanghai Sailing
For New York via Los Angeles
KANSAI MARU ..... Feb. 5

Kobe Sailings
For South America via Panama
MONTEVIDEO MARU .. Feb. 1
For South America via E. & S. Africa
ARIZONA MARU ..... Feb. 27
For Bombay
SUMATRA MARU ..... Jan. 26
LONDON MARU ..... Feb. 11
For Calcutta
BORNEO MARU ..... Jan. 24
HIMALAYA MARU ..... Feb. 12

Nagasaki Sailings
For Manila, Cebu and Davao
TAKAO MARU ..... Feb. 1
MEXICO MARU ..... Feb. 5

Keelung Sailings
For Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok
BANGKOK MARU ..... Feb. 3

Kobe Sailings
For Australia and New Zealand
TOKYO MARU ..... Jan. 31
For West Africa
*ALASKA MARU ..... Jan. 25

*Cargo only

OSAKA SYOSEN KAISYA

20 Canton Road Telephone 15324

D. K. K.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival.	Departure.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Jan. 22	Jan. 24 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Jan. 24	Jan. 26 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Jan. 27	Jan. 29 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Jan. 30	Feb. 1 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Feb. 1	Feb. 3 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Feb. 4	Feb. 6 at 9 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE
(Freight only)
ss. KOGA MARU ..... Jan. 25

For Passage and Freight apply to

DAIREN KISEN KAISHA

110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19648

VESSELS SAILING

The undermentioned vessels are due to sail from Shanghai upon the dates indicated.

For LIVERPOOL

Hakozaki Maru	7/2
Husumi Maru	25/2

For OSLO

Triton	29/1

For BOMBAY

Nagara Maru	28/1
Okitu Maru	2/2

For COLOMBO

Toyama M.	27/1

For CAPETOWN

Tagelberg	24/1
Ruys	28/2

For JAVA

Tjibadak	1/2
Tjitjalengka	8/2

For HONGKONG

Asama Maru	11/2

For NEW YORK

Sakito Maru	30/1
M. Maersk	1/2
Kansai Maru	5/2
L. Maersk	17/2
Ivaran	19/2
Torrens	22/2

For SAN FRANCISCO

Agra	3/2
P. Taft	3/2
P. Cleveland	12/2
Asama Maru	17/2
P. Pierce	26/2

For SEATTLE

Collingsworth	10/2

For YOKOHAMA

Suwa Maru	29/1

For KOBE

Kasima Maru	29/1

For NAGASAKI

Nagasaki Maru	25/1
Nagasaki Maru	29/1

For DAIREN

Tsingtao Maru	24/1
Dairen Maru	26/1
Hoten Maru	29/1
Tsingtao Maru	1/2
Dairen Maru	3/2
Hoten Maru	6/2

VESSELS LEAVING (Cont.)

STRAITS AND EUROPE

TRITON Jan. 29. ADEN PORT SUDAN, PORT SAID, CASABLANCA, BERGEN and OSLO via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE and COLOMBO.—Motorship Triton of the Wilhelmsen Lines will be despatched from Shanghai for the above-mentioned ports on or about January 29. For freight or passage please apply to the agents Dodwell and Co., Ltd., 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11366. 29-1

SOUTH AND EAST AFRICA

TEGELBERG Jan. 24. FOR MAURITIUS, REUNION, TAMATAVE, LOURENCO MARQUES, DURBAN, CAPETOWN, MOSSEL BAY, PORT ELIZABETH, EAST LONDON, ZANZIBAR and MOMBASA via HONGKONG, MANILA, SAIGON, BANGKOK (Koh-Si-Chang), SINGAPORE and BATAVIA.—The K.P.M. Line ms. Tegelberg sails from Holt's Wharf, Pootung, on Wednesday, January 24, at 9 a.m. Passengers' tender leaves Customs Jetty at 7.30 a.m. Cargo accepted for all ports in South and East Africa, also East Coast of South America. For passage and freight apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V. Agents, K.P.M. Line, Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. 16247 (4 Lines). 24-1

VESSELS DISCHARGING

AJAX. From Liverpool arrived on Jan. 21, and is discharging her cargo at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Free storage period expires on January 30, 1940. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Friday, January 26, at 10 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Agents. 25-1

MYRMIDON. From Liverpool arrived on Jan. 23, and is discharging her cargo at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Free storage period expires on February 1, 1940. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Monday, January 29, at 10 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Agents. 26-1

BURDWAN. The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Burdwan, from London and Ports, —This steamer is berthing at Nos. 12-13 Buoys and her cargo will be discharged at the Hongkew Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Cargo. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" will further be required to send their Representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such Cargo whilst it is being landed. Examination of ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Hongkew Wharf on Wednesday, January 31, at 9 a.m. by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. All Claims against this steamer must be sent in within fifteen days from date of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be recognized. All risks of Fire etc. at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of the Cargo. Pro. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents. 28-1

POST OFFICE NOTICES

The following times apply to the Head Post Office, Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

		Reg.	Ord.
WEDNESDAY, January 24.			
Tsingtao and Dairen		*20.00	7.15
Hongkong and Canton		*20.00	7.30
Amoy and Hongkong		*20.00	8.00
Ninghsien etc. via Chinhai	x	9.30	10.00
Tinghai and Shenkiamen via Tinghai		9.30	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao		19.30	20.00
THURSDAY, January 25.			
Japan and Korea via Nagasaki		*20.00	7.15
Hongkong Canton Aust. and N.Z.		*20.00	8.00
Tsingtao Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin		8.30	9.00
Foochow via Santuao		19.30	20.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao		19.30	20.00
FRIDAY, January 25.			
Tsingtao and Darien		*20.00	7.15
U.S.S.R. and Europe via Siberia		*20.00	8.00
Amoy and Hongkong		9.30	10.00
Nantung		14.30	15.00
Aust. N.Z. and Manila	x	15.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton	x	15.30	16.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao		19.30	20.00

* The night before.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Z Parcel mail only.
Next parcel mail for U.S.A. closes on Feb. 2.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service per steamer on January 26, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary due London on February 7.

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on January 26, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary due San Francisco on February 6.

Air France per steamer on January 26, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary.

Neth (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Batavia-Naples) per steamer to Hongkong.

Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Hongkong.

Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service: daily at 8 p.m.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 9.45 a.m. and 12.00, at Yuhang Road Sub-Office at 9.15 a.m. and 11.30 a.m.

Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kalgan, Shanhaikwan, Tsingtao Tunghsan, Shihkiachwang, Chengte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan and Yuncheng by the planes of the Chung Hua Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Hangchow 11.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

North Pinghan and Lunghai Line (Chenghsien and east thereof) 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Wuhu Hwaining, Klukiang and Hankow 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe via Siberia are despatched on every Tuesday and Friday per trains via Nanking and Tientsin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:—
Per steamer via Suez, Jan. 29, due L'don Mar. 6.
Per steamer via Pacific, Feb. 2, due L'don Mar. 7.
Per steamer via Suez, Feb. 4, due L'don Mar. 11.

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

Wednesday, January 24, 1940 (16th day of 12th moon)	SICCAWEI Jan. 22 16.00	21.00	Jan. 23 4.00	9.00
Barometer inches	30.43	30.47	30.47	30.52
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.02	+0.03	+0.04	+0.04
at 32 F. (" " 12 hrs.)	0.00	—0.01	+0.04	+0.05
Wind (direction)	NW	NW	WNW	WNW
" (miles per hour)	11.3	11.3	18.7	16.3
Temperature (Fahr.)	32.2°	29.1°	24.3°	26.8°
Humidity %	75	82	79	69
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	2	3	3
Rainfall inches	0.00	0.00	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report January 22	Mean 1940	24 hrs. variation	67 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	30.45	+0.03	30.32
Temp. Min. 30.°9 Max. 35.°4	33.°2	—1.°1	37.°8
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	1.55	0.00	1.13

Time and Tide	24/1	25/1	26/1	27/1	28/1
Sun rises at Shanghai	6.51	6.51	6.51	6.50	6.49
Sun sets at Shanghai	17.21	17.22	17.23	17.24	17.25
Moon rises at Shanghai	16.48	17.56	19.03	20.10	21.17
Moon sets at Shanghai	6.44	6.35	7.23	8.03	8.50
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	10.00	10.36	11.14	12.06	12.45
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18	15.36	16.02	16.30	17.10	17.55
H.W. Wsung Bar 6 to 18	11.58	12.31	13.20	14.01	14.51
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	6.95	7.58	8.45	8.28	8.00

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Liesel	Tsingkong	Chin Dah
Katyosan M.	Japan	M.B.K.
Fusijama	Hongkong	Lloyd T.
Koryo M.	Tsurumi	Showa S.S.
Fooshing	Hsinkong	C.C.T.H.
Sakito M.	Osaka	N.Y.K.
Kiangnan	Tsingkong	Chu Foong
Chekiang M.	Tsungming	T.K.K.
Sandro Sandri	Tsingming	Chu Foong
Chingning M.	Tsungming	T.K.K.
Taiko M. 18	Hsinkong	T.K.K.
Kasima M.	Japan	N.Y.K.
Karsten	Tsingkong	Chin Dah
Patti	Sanhokong	V. Chieri

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Takoshima M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Hwaging	Jap.	Hwa Chung
Taiko M. 8	Jap.	T.K.K.
Lipari	Ital.	Dong Shing
Huashan M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Myoko M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Yosida M. 3	Jap.	Y.K.K.
Tamesis	Nor.	Dodwell
Haitung	Nor.	T.K.K.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
Henderson	Am.	Tr.	U.S.N.B
Marblehead	Am.	Cr.	B.N.B.
Pigeon 6	Am.	Gbt.	Y.P.D.W.
D. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	Garden P.
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	J.N.B.

THIS will not be a champagne vintage year according to all reports from the wine-producing countries, as the gathering of grapes began later than usual and there will be a good quantity of wine pressed. As regards sherry, it is reported that the average quality will be below normal, as also will port, but some good wine will be produced in areas which did not suffer heavy rains. The wines of 1939 vintage are maturing well and the quality of Bordeaux wines will be much the same as that of the 1938 vintage.

PRINCE LINE and SILVER LINE

Joint Round-the-World Express Service

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES ON APPLICATION TO AGENTS

Fortnightly sailings for Hongkong, Philippine Islands, Java, Straits, Colombo and Atlantic Coast ports via Cape of Good Hope

All vessels have accommodation for limited number of first-class passengers.

Silver Line vessels have refrigerated space

For further particulars regarding

PRINCE LINE — *Apply to Jardine Matheson & Co., Limited*

SILVER LINE — *Apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V.*

The News of the Week

Complete and authentic in its statement of facts, not rumours; trenchant and witty in its cartoons and other features, and well illustrated by photographs — the "North-China Herald" is the newspaper to send to the family and friends abroad.

THE NORTH-CHINA HERALD

17 The Bund, Shanghai Telephone 11065

Wang Ching-wei Says New Regime Works with Tokyo

Japanese Policy to Be Followed in All Relations With Foreign Powers; Three People's Principles

Tokyo, Jan. 23.

The diplomatic policy of the proposed new central régime in China is to be "in perfect step with that of Japan," and all questions regarding "our relations with Britain, the United States, Russia, France and other third Powers shall be dealt with in strict consonance with Japan's policy."

This statement is alleged to have been made by Mr. Wang Ching-wei in the course of a lengthy interview, widely published here, given to a Japanese correspondent in Shanghai.

Mr. Wang frankly declared that the proposed central régime would keep in perfect step with Japan. The main points of the general policy which would be pursued, he said, would be the eradication of Communism and the adoption of aggressive measures for founding a "new China."

As regards individual questions, Mr. Wang said: "I would first dissolve the existing administrations in North and South China, in order to establish a perfectly co-ordinated, single new government."

Peace Remote

So long as the Chungking régime stubbornly adhered to the policy of resisting Japan, he added, it would hardly be possible to hope for the realization of nationwide peace, but when the proposed new administration was formed, peace could be realized within its jurisdiction.

Asked whether the new government would be based, like the old one, on the Three People's Principles, Mr. Wang recalled that certain circles in Japan advocated revision of those principles, but that question, he said, depended on how you defined them. Certain factions, he agreed, had clearly stated they opposed the Principles, nevertheless he planned to found the new state on the basis of the Three Principles.

As long as they upheld them, different factions would be at liberty to hold their own opinions, "though it is hardly necessary to state that communism must be absolutely rejected."

Mr. Wang said the main aim of the Tsingtao Conference was realization of peace and the drafting of preliminary steps for setting up a constitutional government. He thought the former draft Constitution might be used for the purpose, but the question of amending it, would be left to the National People's Council. He, personally, had an open mind on the question.

To Unify China

The Tsingtao Conference, said Mr. Wang, was not being held for the purpose of discussing terms of peace but for that of consolidating and unifying China.

"We now ardently wish to organize a central administration which will be able to assume responsibility in name and reality to answer the Konoye Statement," said Mr. Wang, adding that he would direct further efforts to meet Japan's expectations that the Tsingtao Conference would fulfil its mission of laying the foundation for the realization of a New Order in East Asia.

Asked what he expected of Japan, Mr. Wang Ching-wei said that difficult questions confronted both Japan and China, but frank exchanges of views and fuller co-operation would enable the two nations to accomplish the present task.

"Your country," he asserted, "is a powerful one and is a victorious nation today. It is an important issue to stipulate terms satisfactory to your country as a victorious nation. . . . It is necessary for the Japanese nation to understand the mood of the Chinese people and for the Chinese fully to appreciate the sentiments of the Japanese people. Mutual understanding is the most important factor, and that alone will enable us fully to realize peace in its true sense. I sincerely hope the Japanese people will realize this point."

Temporary C.P.C.

Mr. Wang proposed to set up a temporary Central Political Council in which the Orthodox Kuomintang and all other political parties and factions would co-operate in creating the new central government. This Council would be as small as possible in order to minimize friction among the different interests and accelerate formation of the new régime. Later a large Central Political Commission would be set up with adequate powers to function as the supreme political guiding organ.

Mr. Wang then expressed the opinion that Sino-Japanese relations in such matters as Japan's recognition of the new régime, exchange of ambassadors, and the conclusion of a treaty of commerce and navigation, would be adjusted on the basis of the Konoye statement, though in view of the fact that the new régime actually meant restoration of the old one with its substance renewed, he thought it would not be particularly necessary for Japan to give formal recognition to the new government. In such a case, the Japanese ambassador would not require fresh credentials.

With regard to educational policy, Mr. Wang referred to his circular telegram of December 29, 1938, in which he urged that China should abandon its anti-Japanese education while Japan should drop its traditional disdainful attitude and the attitude of a conqueror towards China. He suggested the two countries should co-operate to improve the text-books used in the schools of both countries.—Reuter.

Wang Ching-wei Denounced

Chungking Papers Publish Alleged Agreement With Japan; Tokyo Denial

Chungking, Jan. 23.

All Chinese newspapers this morning published under banner headlines the text of the agreement alleged to have been signed between Mr. Wang Ching-wei and Japanese military authorities in Shanghai. The papers also carry special articles on the subject.

They unanimously denounce Mr. Wang Ching-wei and express alarm at the severeness and extensiveness of the alleged Japanese demands. Commenting on this, they declare: "There can be no doubt in every Chinese mind that armed resistance is the only way out for China."

The "Sao Tang Pao," organ of the Chinese army, calls the attention of foreign Powers to that part of the agreement alleged to reveal clearly that Japan intends to oust foreign interests not only from all parts of China, but from the Far East.

The "Hsin Hua Jih Pao," official organ of the Chinese Communist party, while denouncing Mr. Wang Ching-wei, and upholding a policy of resistance, also vigorously opposes Mr. Kao Tsung-wu and Mr. Tao Hsi-sheng (the men who made the alleged revelation) and all those who believe in reaching an agreement with the Japanese on reasonable peace terms."

The "Ta Kung Pao," influential Chinese daily, however, expresses gratification at the exposure of the agreement by Mr. Kao Tsung-wu and Mr. Tao Hsi-sheng. The paper hopes they will change their attitude and offer their services to the Chinese Government.—Reuter.

Published Agreement Denied

Tokyo, Jan. 23.

Publication of the alleged agreement between Mr. Wang Ching-wei and representatives of the Japanese Government in a Chinese newspaper in Hongkong was regarded in official Japanese circles today as another piece of chicanery by the Chungking Government.

The agreement as published by the "Ta Kung Pao" in Hongkong was branded as a "perverted and garbled version," and represented a desperate move of the Chungking Government to invite interference from third Powers in Chinese-Japanese affairs on the eve of the Tsingtao conference, official circles said.

The purported agreement, it was stated, was published through the efforts of Mr. Kao Tsung-wu and Mr. Tao Hsi-sheng and is alleged to give the policies governing the formation of the new Central Government of China.—Domei.

Allied, U.S. Buying of Aircraft Co-ordinated

Stable Prices and Smooth Deliveries to Be Ensured

Washington, Jan. 23.

At a press conference yesterday, Mr. Henry Morgenthau, Secretary of the Treasury, said he saw no danger involved in the liquidation of British-owned securities in the United States to provide dollar exchange to finance Allied war purchases in the United States.

A problem existed regarding the transfer of gold owing to shipping difficulties, but it was no greater for Britain than for other countries.

Mr. Morgenthau indicated that, at the request of President Roosevelt, he was co-ordinating Allied and American purchases of aeroplanes in the United States.

It is assumed from this that aircraft orders are being cleared through Mr. Morgenthau to prevent conflicts which might boost prices and interfere with deliveries.—Reuter.

Foreigners Pay Last Respects to Wu Pei-fu

Peiping, Jan. 23.

Many prominent foreigners, including diplomatic officials, were present yesterday afternoon at a special memorial ceremony in honour of Marshal Wu Pei-fu, China's soldier-poet, who died here on December 4.

The foreigners paid their respects at the late Marshal's home, each of them bowing three times in front of the Marshal's portrait.

The reception hall was hung with many eulogistic scrolls.

The funeral will take place on the morning of January 24.—Reuter.

Japanese Empress Down With Slight Cold

Tokyo, Jan. 23.

Because of a slight cold, Empress Nagako was unable to attend ceremonies today opening a series of lectures to be given this year before the Throne in the Imperial Palace. Her condition was not considered serious.—Domei.

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INTERNATIONAL FORWARDING CORPORATION

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Telephone 11230 (3 lines)

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED a Russian lady with thorough experience, to run a high-class restaurant. Must have good reference. Apply to Box 704, NCDN. "1423

WANTED co-operator who has already working connections in various markets abroad, by old exporters for extending their trade. Reply to Post Office Box 986, with references. "1291

WANTED steno-typist, must possess a good knowledge of English, book-keeping and office experience. Please reply stating full particulars with copies of testimonials and salary expected. No amateurs accepted. Box 666, NCDN. "1241

BARBER, foreigner most experienced and speaking fluent English, wanted for Park Hotel Barber Shop. Beginners will not be considered. "1214

WANTED, an excellent Chinese or Japanese correspondent, well-experienced in export business. Apply by letter with indication of previous experience and copies of testimonials. Address Yagi & Co., 308 Hamilton House, Kiangse Road. "1257

WANTED, British mechanical engineer, age 25-30, B. O. T. certificate essential, electrical experience advantageous. Duty: general supervision of steam, Diesel and electrical plant. Address Box 708, NCDN. 10431

EFFICIENT Chinese ledger clerk with knowledge of English, French, typewriting and general office work. State age, experience, salary expected in handwriting. Box 630, NCDN. 10390

WANTED by American firm an efficient young male Chinese as shroff and office assistant. Good chances for advancement. State age and education. Box 650, NCDN. "1310

YOUNG ambitious male Chinese with good English and Chinese education, wanted as office assistant by American firm. Speedy typing required. Box 651, NCDN. "1310

WANTED, first-class experienced Russian dress designer by well-known firm. Apply stating experience. Box 649, NCDN. "1309

WANTED young Chinese girl-operator with pleasant voice, must be able to speak and write English, Shanghai and Cantonese dialects. State age and salary expected. Apply in English and Chinese own handwriting to Box 638, NCDN. "1288

FOREIGN employee required, preferably American citizen, for big company in town. General office work. Address Box 549, NCDN. "1122

WANTED male stenotypist for Yangtzepoo factory, American company. Address Box 519, NCDN. 10320

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of five dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.80.

EXPERIENCED British stenographer seeks position immediately. Address Box 680, NCDN. "1369

YOUNG Viennese lady, good appearance, speaking English, French, seeks any kind of position. Address Box 692, NCDN. "1398

YOUNG, intelligent Chinese lady (beginner) seeks immediate position as typist/stenographer. Hardworking and reliable. Outport no objection. Box 677, NCDN. "1356

EXPERIENCED Chinese secretary, good knowledge of English and import/export, desires half-day work, either morning or afternoon. Best references. Box 681, NCDN. "1371

YOUNG Russian girl seeks position as steno-typist, with knowledge of English and German. Box 697, NCDN. "1409

INTELLIGENT, college-educated Russian, 29, desires position. Experienced technical supervisor, clerk, salesman, driver. Excellent recommendations. Any remuneration. Box 255, NCDN. "1109

YOUNG Dutchman, speaks English, German, local dialect, seeks position as beginner, energetic, reliable. Address Box 543, NCDN. "1068

INTELLIGENT young Chinese lady typist, seeks employment for mornings. Salary no object. Box 655, NCDN. "1321

EDUCATED young Briton, speaking good Japanese, seeks position, any capacity. Box 654, NCDN. "1316

EXPERIENCED and efficient lady stenographer, British, seeks employment. Willing to accept moderate salary. Box 624, NCDN. "1250

Business Opportunities

$25,000 "$30,000 wanted immediately from responsible party (only Chinese or American) to establish semi-industrial enterprise, yielding 1,000-1,200 per cent. profit. Apply Box 703, NCDN. "1422

TRADE enquiries, financial status reports, insurance (all classes). Clarkes Agency, 88 Nanking Road, Telephone 10092. 10419

PARTNER wanted by export/import firm with contracts providing profitable large-scale business. Box 705, NCDN. "1424

BAR restaurant for sale. Going concern with British and American clientele. Apply Box 699, NCDN. "1411

DEALERS in duck feathers and hard cordage fibres wish to get in touch with foreign exporters having American connections. Large stocks available. Apply Post Office Box 1755. "1223

RELIABLE exporters of strawbraid, groundnut and produces from North China, looking for connections at Shanghai and Hongkong. Tsingtao, Post Office Box 459. "1198

$5,000 to $10,000 available for investment in local enterprise. Only sound propositions considered. Box 626, NCDN. "1260

Summer Resorts

ISLAND Hotel, Weihaiwei. Those who have not seen Weihaiwei in the Spring should not miss the Leauty and peacefulness of the surroundings. For special Springtime rates (as well as communications regarding Summer reservations) apply: Miss Kathleen Lynch, Henley House, 1094 Avenue Road, Shanghai. 10168

KING'S Hotel, Weihaiwei. Shanghailanders preferring the Mainland for their Summer vacations are advised to book early. Owing to the prevailing conditions, Weihaiwei already promises to be the most popular Summer resort this year. For reservations apply: Mrs. K. Lemiere, Henley House, 1094 Avenue Road. 10164

For Sale—Miscellaneous

BARGAIN sale: one gentleman's new fur-coat, first-class, middle-sized. 613 Avenue Joffre, House 65, room 4. "1382

TWO imported, chromo-steel beds with first-class Schlaraffia spring mattresses. 12 Rue du Consulat, room 501. Telephone 87801. "1418

NATIONAL cash-register, used but in good condition, for bargain sale at US$112.50, at 1133 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 34394. "1287

MODERN light oak dressing table with full length mirror, $35. Address Box 687, NCDN. "1385

FOR SALE, cutlery, crockery, crystalware, glasses, one sideboard, etc. Owner leaving. On view 2 to 3 only. 7 Tifeng Road, Flat 4. "1372

BARGAIN sale in crystalware and porcelain, dinnersets, 6 persons, $48 up. 12 persons, $78 up, coffee sets, $29.50 up. Crystal dishes, plates, vases, glassware, figures, collected and small cups. Handbags, rugs and other useful bargains. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. "1379

KNIVES and forks, silver plated; wonderful brass samovar; gentleman's fur-coat, Virginia otter collar; rugs; writing desk set, genuine onyx; Kodak Retina cinema with projector, made USA; vacuum-cleaner. Everything at sacrifice. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. "1390

"FOR YOU" the quality goods store. 1017 Avenue Joffre. Beautiful sweaters and costumes, belts, collars and flowers to match. Suede and leather gloves, imported ladies' Jersey underwear. Warm Pyjamas, night gowns. Novelties of the latest designs. Orders taken. "997

PERSIAN carpet (Heris) first-class, also two Persian rugs, privately, for sale reasonable price. Box 359, NCDN. "1243

STAMPS for sale, latest price-list of Chinese stamps sent for 10 cents. Inspection welcome. Chen Kee Stamp Service. 397 Szechuen Road. "1262

PORTABLE Corona typewriter, first-class condition at fraction original cost. $190 for immediate sale. Box 678, NCDN. "1364

MODEL collection of ladies' hats, Paris and American style, in one lot or single, for sale; cheap. 335 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 72232. "1254

WESTINGHOUSE refrigerator, 1939 model, never used. US$170. Address Box 698, NCDN. "1410

RARE occasion! Attractive nutria lady's furcoat, excellent value. 150 Route des Soeurs, room 2. Telephone 75914. 2-6 p.m. "1413

SCHOOLBOY'S bicycle, British make, almost new, for sale. $90. Room 145 Hamilton House, 11-12 noon, 2-3 p.m. "1396

CLEARANCE sale of ladies' fur-coats, jackets, capes, silver-foxes. Real bargains. Far Eastern Credit Co., 46 Route de Grouchy. After office hours telephone for appointment 73740. "977

FOR SALE, dental equipment: engine, chair (German production "Velox"), in perfect condition. Telephone 73445. "874

EMERALD, about 3½ carats, in ring, with perfect diamonds, US$225. Telephone 76253, 8-10 a.m., 7-8 p.m. "1066

YORKSHIRE style whole ham firm and tender, equals any imported brand, good keeping, 14-25 lb. each, $1.80 Boneless ham (10-12 lb.) $1.65. Yorkshire style smoked breakfast bacon (8 lb.) $1.35. Salami $1.60. Prices per lb. free Shanghai. Martin Krogh, Tsingtao, Post Office Box 201. 10241

SOME old English prints, European paintings, miniatures, porcelain, antiquities, for sale. Dr. Glance, 818 Route Ratard, 3-7 p.m., telephone 76841. "1107

PERSIAN carpet (Heris), 1 x 12, best quality; and three rugs for sale. Box 640, NCDN. "1287

PORTUGUESE pure olive oil, 1 kilogramme $5. 476 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 83172. "1304

SHIRTS made to measure. Superior "double-thread" broadcloth $15.50, "Tootal" $24, "Clydella" Wool $35. Razon's, Central Road. 10246

SECONDHAND furniture store. Buying and selling, new and secondhand furniture, household effects, cut-glass, carpets, etc. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. "19

ATTRACTIVE Baccarat crystalware, Meissen plates, cups, figures, candlesticks, clock. Rosenthal dinner/tea sets, collected cups, wine-glasses, Persian carpets. 150 Tifeng Road, House 15, flat 2. "1057

TEASET, silver, new, European, with 12 silver cups/saucers, exquisite brocade tapestry, table cloth, brocade curtains, for sale. Dr. Glance, 818 Rue Ratard, Sunday 9-1, weekdays 3-7. "1247

BABIES' aprons, $1.10. Silk scarves, $3.10. Coloured towels, 55 cents. Laundry bags, $2.30. Mahjongg cloths $1.85., Night gowns, $4.25. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 10317

NICK'S secondhand furniture shop. We pay best price for furniture, carpets, pianos, frigidaires and household effects. Telephone 73937. 146A Route des Soeurs, 3 inside. "902

SHIRTS correctly made to measure, English poplins and pure silk from $14.50. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 12186

SHIRTS made to measure. Superior "double-thread" broadcloth $15.50, "Tootal" $24, "Clydella" Wool $35. Razon's Central Road. 10246

SILVER cutlery, porcelain dinner and tea sets, floral pattern, crystal tumblers, 16 tube Philco radio. 12 Rue du Consulat, room 501. "1419

Offices, Shops, Godowns

TO LET, Ste. Anne Building, 25 Rue du Consulat, office rooms. Apply No. 34, third floor. "1294

Garages

TWO garages, big, painted, light, water, telephone, suitable for cars, godown, workshop or living quarters. One big room, furnished, moderate price. For particulars telephone 72580, room 4. "1183

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

360 RUE Bourgeat, Room 2, near Route des Sœurs. Massage, from 2 to 8. "1114

LADY gives massage from 2 to 9. 1225 Bubbling Well Road, Room 231, Telephone 34200. "400

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30. Second Floor. 10088

Educational

BRITISH youth requires elocution lessons, etc. Terms Box 686, NCDN. "1384

RUSSIAN lessons given by a highly qualified lady-teacher (diploma). 108 Route Vallon, House 5, Room 4, Telephone 84641. "1405

CASH for used cars and trucks. Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73165. "1294

FRENCH by qualified gentleman teacher, special method for beginners, speaking, writing within short period. Box 231, NCDN. "1395

FIGUEIREDO'S School. Thoroughly dependable. Shorthand, typewriting, English. Crystal-clear explanations. 5a Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 10420

SPANISH, French lessons, translations, by highly experienced teacher, many years in these countries. Moderate terms. Telephone 74337, 2-3, 7-8 p.m. "1123

WANTED coach for senior school boy. One hour daily. Address Box 700, NCDN. 10430

GERMAN by experienced lady-teacher, Berlin University graduate, instructor at local university. Conversation, grammar, literature. Technical, commertial and medical German. Beginners and advanced. Telephone 71551 or Box 701, NCDN. 10428

ENGLISH by well-educated lady-teacher, university diploma, instructor at local university: conversation, grammar and reading. Beginners and advanced. Telephone 78355 or Box 700, NCDN. 10426

RUSSIAN language. Educated young Russian lady wanted by young European for daily conversation in Russian. Address Box 658, NCDN. "1328

LESSONS in practical loga-treatment of chronic, functional disorders and paralysis. L. V. Grosse (neutral), 651 Weihaiwei Road, Telephone 35133. "429

OPERA singer gives individual singing instruction, Italian methods, also at pupil's home. Box 112, NCDN. "976

VIOLIN lessons given at your home by highly qualified European teacher, moderate terms. Box 177, NCDN. "339

MRS. JAKOBY gives German and Russian lessons. Twice weekly, $15 monthly. Much experience. Telephone 74393. "288

Motor Cars and Cycles

OPEL four-cylinder, four-door sedan, late 1933, engine perfect, always owner-driven, 16,000 miles, for sale US$550. Call Telephone 12146. Mr. David Shen. "1388

CASH for used cars and trucks. Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73165. "1294

1934, 4-cylinder Citroen sedan, excellent condition and shape. Economical, steel roof, super comfort tyres. Quick sale $3,500. No dealers. Telephone 72472, till 2 p.m. "1345

WE have in stock a complete line of used cars. We also buy, exchange and lend money on cars. American Motors, Fed Inc. U.S.A. 444 Avenue Foch. Telephone 35646. 10014

FIAT 508/C, model 1938, 12,000 miles only, practically as new. US$770 cash, owner leaving. Box 639, NCDN. "1285

FOR SALE. 1935 Buick four-door saloon, excellent condition throughout. US$675. Telephone 15633 or write Box 669, NCDN. "1347

FOR SALE. 1937 Ford V8, 85 h.p. four-door saloon. Excellent condition, mileage 18,000. For quick sale US$725. Telephone 16660 or write Box 668, NCDN. "1347

1931 Model Renault five-seater motor car, one gallon gasoline for 22 miles. Lately Overhauled. Moderate price. Telephone 20767 from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. during office hours. 10397

1937 late model Dodge sedan, owner driven, excellent condition, mileage 12,000, for quick sale US$800. Telephone 77140 between 8 and 11 a.m. "1339

$800 Essex sedan 1930 in good condition good tyres. Address Compagnie Optorg during office hours Tel. 84144. 10379

Personal

RELIABLE Chinese youth, bachelor but established in business, healthy both financially and morally, wishes to meet Chinese girl of good character for real friendship. Best references. Please respond Box 682, NCDN. "1371

RESPECTABLE orientalist, 30 years, desires acquaintance of young, attractive lady. View friendship. Address Box 518, NCDN. "1030

An advertiser writes:

. . . I am taking this opportunity of voicing my satisfaction at the results obtained from your "Classified" columns. Just another instance of "MULTUM IN PARVO."

Houses and Land

WANTED: good banking building in business centre, central district, must have ground floor on main street, willing to pay key-money. Address Box 683, NCDN. "1376

FOR SALE, four-storied house with central heating, hot and cold water system, steel windows, two bathrooms, garage, garden. In best part of French Concession. C. Madar & Co., Telephone 16080. Address 259 Kiangse Road. "1279

FOR SALE or rent, two new houses, passage 27, Rue Corneille. Price $48,000 and $52,000. Rent $400 monthly (key money $5,000). Inquire on premises. "1216

FOR SALE. 2 attractive 5/6 roomed houses under construction in exclusive compound on Route Cuity near Ferguson. de Becker Law & Estate Offices 262/4 Hamilton House. Telephone 16660. 10289

Rooms Without Board

TO LET 3 rooms, kitchen, as one or separately, 1412 Yuyuen Road, House 22, telephone 21418. "1360

NEAR Bund (south), nice, furnished room. Only bachelor. Share bath. $75. Address Box 689, NCDN. "1386

FURNISHED room in detached house with steam heat for rent, February 1. Bachelors preferred. 1376 Avenue Joffre, corner Sayzoong. "1251

WELL-furnished room, steam heating, all conveniences, in apartment, to single lady, Bubbling Well, $125. Telephone 32179. "1352

BEARN Apartments. Large, well-furnished room, modern conveniences, for bachelor only. Board if required. 96 Marcel Tillot, Apartment 5, Telephone 82913. "1366

BIG, south, nicely furnished room, balcony, all modern conveniences, also medium-sized room. 404 Avenue Joffre, Apartment 2. "1288

$150. Large, well-furnished room in modern apartment, centre Avenue Joffre, preferably single person. Telephone 79102, from 12 to 2 p.m. "1414

FROM February 1, to let furnished, south room, in modern apartment. Telephone 72987. "1397

FURNISHED large south room with bathroom attached. All modern conveniences. For single foreigner or couple. 14 Race Course Apartments. "1425

FURNISHED room to let in modern apartment, for foreign bachelor. 378 Avenue du Roi Albert, Apartment 11, telephone 75646. "1326

$70. Room to let, immediate occupation. From February 1, room with private bathroom, one room with balcony, in bungalow with garden, for single person only. Avenue Joffre, Telephone 75525. "1162

TO LET, two rooms with conveniences, arcola heating. Apply telephone 22794. "1111

ONE nice, big, south-facing room, arcola heating, with/without board, to let. Telephone 70754. Dr. Noe-Kollmann. 321/3 Route Dupleix. "1125

Rooms with Board

VILLA Victor, 2032 Avenue Joffre, comfortably furnished room, all conveniences, European board optional. "1400

FROM February 1, to let two-roomed flat with board. 357 King Albert Apartment, Apartment 1. View from 10 a.m. "1378

COMFORTABLE, furnished, south, steamheated room. All conveniences, Full board, $170. 1522 Bubbling Well, House 14. "1420

MEDIUM, furnished, steamheated room in detached house. Good food. Western Settlement. Bus routes 2, 14, 7. Telephone 23555. "1415

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable single/double rooms, private bathrooms, excellent food. Telephone 35534. Mrs. Lupton. "10330

Furnished Apartments

FOR SALE, self-contained, modern, one-roomed apartment with kitchen, large bathroom, two boxrooms, fully-furnished, hot water anytime, bargain $1,100 with running contract. Inspection from 1-6 p.m., 1331 Avenue Joffre, Apartment M. "1194

FLAT, two rooms with kitchen and heating and one room, furnished. House 4, Lane 35G Brenan Road, telephone 22183. "1270

TO LET, two-roomed, modern, fully-furnished, steam-heated apartment; bathroom, kitchen, verandan. Taxes, hot water, crockery, cutlery, etc., rent $260. Suitable for one or two persons. Western district. Telephone 20666. 10429

Unfurnished Apartments

FIRST-CLASS three-roomed apartment, immediate occupation, newly decorated, cold/hot water installed. No key money. Inspection 11 a.m.—3 p.m. Atlantis Apartments, 56 Great Western Road, near Bubbling Well. "1373

NICE, steam-heated, three-roomed flat with hot/cold water. French Concession. Available February 1. Shanghai Realty Co., 110 Szechuen Road, 5th floor, Room 52. "1340

TWO-ROOMED flat with bathroom. Rental $120. No children; no refugees; no key-money. Apply 1296 Sinza Road, corner Seymour Road. "1367

FIRST-CLASS rooms, apartments, houses, shops. Apply at once. General Investment Co., 120 Jinkee Road. "1421

FOR immediate occupation, three-roomed unfurnished apartment with modern conveniences, in a quiet, residential district, French Concession. No key-money. Address Box 660, NCDN. "1331

UNFURNISHED flat to let, two rooms, bath, kitchen; light, heating, hot water. Great Western Road. Bus stop 14/2. Apply Mr. Greenwald, 159/14 Avenue Haig. "1295

COMFORTABLE, unfurnished, four-roomed apartments facing south, with bathroom, kitchen and pantry. Apply to 993 Avenue Joffre. "1188

Miscellaneous

CAN recommend rickshaw coolie with own vehicle, good runner and used to long distances. Address Box 696, NCDN. "1407

ALL kinds of upholstery made and repaired. Best European workmanship. At Home, 261 Yu Yuen Road, near St. George's, behind the gasolene station. Telephone 44014. "1218

CARPETS cleaned chemically. 10 cents per square foot. Rugs repaired, dyed, stored. Esso Company, telephone 12170. "77

Radios

RADIO OK? Expert service. Newest equipment. Moderate charges. Telephone 43383. Chang's Radio Corporation, 102 North Chekiang Road. "1401

QUALITY radio service, RCA equipped and personnelled. Radio Corporation of Asia, 361-3 Avenue Foch. Telephone 87777. "404

W. KORBUT radio engineer, radios repaired on the spot promptly, efficiently. Telephone 36559. "68

RCA Radio and phonograph with automatic record changer. 102 records, 9 albums, $980. New Detrola, all-wave, 5 tubes, $275. Zenith model 1534, 10 tubes, $425. Universal Radio Co., 232 Nanking Road. Telephone 19225. 10018

Furnished Houses

AVAILABLE February 1 for three months, furnished five-roomed house, large garden, quiet area, western district. Address Box 695, NCDN. "1403

RESIDENCE, partly furnished, western district. Contract three years. Rent $300. Garden, garage. Apply 1272 Avenue Joffre. "698

Wanted to Rent

AMERICAN couple wants, two well-furnished rooms with full board; good, quiet locality and excellent cuisine essential. Offers under Box 690, NCDN. "1389

WANTED to rent, two/four-roomed apartment or a flat for a period of 6-12 months. Address Box 679, NCDN. "1348

WANTED, immediate occupation, central district, two-roomed steam-heated flat with kitchen. Reply Box 684, NCDN. "1377

WANTED to rent two or three-roomed, unfurnished or partly furnished apartment. Apply Box 691, NCDN. "1390

THREE-roomed apartment, furnished or unfurnished, Western District. Reply giving full particulars to Box 657, NCDN. 10406

WANTED from February, furnished apartment/house by American couple. Willing to pay highest price. Telephone 79023. "1337

QUIET couple desire one/two rooms, kitchen, bathroom attached. Locality: Bubbling/Avenue Roads. Box 663, NCDN. "1336

WANTED to rent, apartment, not less than 4 preferably 5 or 6 rooms or house of 6 or more rooms, in western residential part of International Settlement; occupation soonest possible. Address Box 4966, NCDN. 10008

BACHELOR, British, requires three-roomed apartment, furnished west section French Concession, immediate occupation, prepared to pay good price. Telephone 78814. "1245

RESPONSIBLE foreigner, well connected, desires to rent, or take over, one or two-roomed self-contained flat in modern apartment building. Bubbling Well Road or vicinity preferred. Full particulars required. Box 567, NCDN. "1169

FOREIGNER seeks apartment or house. Willing to take furniture over and pay key-money. Telephone 74850. "1032

TWO/three-roomed apartment, flat or house in Broadway district, will pay reasonable key-money. Reply Post Office Box 987. "1030

THREE/four-roomed apartment, or flat, furnished or unfurnished, in central district. Please reply Post Office Box 2190. "1030

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED to buy for cash, 8 mm cine camera in good condition. Reply stating make and price. Box 685, NCDN. "1381

ELECTRIC fire, 210 volts. State lowest price or will give in exchange modern oak dressing table with full length mirror. Address Box 688, NCDN. "1385

WANTED to buy, secondhand clothing, suits, dresses, shoes, carpets, etc. 1129 Bubbling Well, Sun Avenue, House 51, Mr. Corts. "1404

WANTED imported secondhand perambulator in good condition. Address Box 676, NCDN. "1383

WANTED to buy one secondhand piano, willing to pay best price Apply Telephone 73606. "1409

WANTED buy secondhand carpets, trunks, suits, dresses, shoes. Telephone 39965, Mr. Bers, 8-10 a.m. 1-3, 6-8 p.m. daily. "966

WANTED to buy, refrigerator in good order. Reply with all particulars. Box 661, NCDN. "1392

WANTED secondhand Acme, ABC 6th codes. Apply room 406, Hongkong Bank Building, Bund. "1088

Unfurnished Houses

HOUSE to let. On Route Edan, unfurnished six-roomed semi-detached modern house with small garden, two bathrooms, garage and servants' quarters. Arcola heating, screened throughout. Occupation February 1. Address Box 672, NCDN. 10411

TO LET: rooms, flats, apartments, houses in any district, Pacific Stamp Company, 879 Bubbling Well Road. "1317

Dancing

PROFESSOR Waldemar, famous teacher in ballroom, ballet, tap dances, gives private-class lessons. 1272 Avenue Joffre. "696

Lost

LOST. Bill of lading No. 36, covering 6 packages paper first, marked K K, ex s.s. Mohlenhof from Ningpo, January 8, 1940, is hereby declared null and void. Loss has been reported to Messrs. Carlowitz & Co. and new copies are issued. Yuen Chi. "1406

LOST, B/L. No. 19 bonded No. 35730 marked 上海市密勿路象鉛止重百五久九 covering one bale personal effects, ex ss. Suwa Maru, Voyage No. 67, from Yokohama, also B/L. No. 52/3 covering 20 tubs pickled new reuish marked STC over 1352/1371, ex ss. Nagasaki Maru, Voyage No. 23, from Nagasaki Hereby declared null and void. Sugimoto-Gumi. 10418

LOST. Sub-Order No. 23788, call on balance one bag brown sugar, marked ⊕A in diamond, (ex lot 39 bags) which was issued by the Roosevelt Terminal. We hereby declared same null and void. Chien Cheng. "1394

LOST, Customs Deposit Receipt No. 5922 dated 24/11/39 for the amount of $500 is hereby declared null and void. Higuchi & Co. "1370

B/L. covering ten cases aminopirinum, 8 cases saccharine marked 121 in diamond No. 301/18, Shanghai, ex ss. Nosiro Maru, voyage No. 11, from Osaka, manifest No. 249, consignee; order, has been lost and declared null and void. Chiuwa Yoko. "1139

Chinese Servants

WANTED immediately baby-amah for three months only, to take charge of small baby. Address Box 670, NCDN. 10410

72782 GENERAL Employment Agency Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs. Foreign management. Quick service, 1272 Avenue Joffre. "1374

HIGHLY recommended good cook-boy. Address Box 694, NCDN. "1402

HIGHLY recommended, excellent coolie-boy, can cook well, in English or American family. Address Box 664, NCDN. "1238

EXPERIENCED baby-amah required immediately. English recommendations preferred. Address Box 671, NCDN. 10419

POSITION wanted as cook-boy by northerner, highly recommended by former employer. Address Box 641, NCDN. "1291

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). Only one with 3,000 satisfied customers. Cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen. "10008

HIGHLY recommended by foreigner cook-boy and wife. Telephone 74353. 10388

WANTED well-recommended cook-boy, English-American cooking. Reply Box 486, NCDN. 10208

Animals

FOR SALE, Persian kittens. Apply 475 Avenue Joffre, Apartment 88. "1238

EXCELLENT pedigreed black cocker spaniel at stud. First choice of one pup. Telephone 71437. "10407

PONY insurance is obtainable on moderate terms from Hugh Middleton & Co. (Insurance), Ltd. 45 Kiukiang Road, Telephone 16595. 10212

Spring-Cleaning Contractors

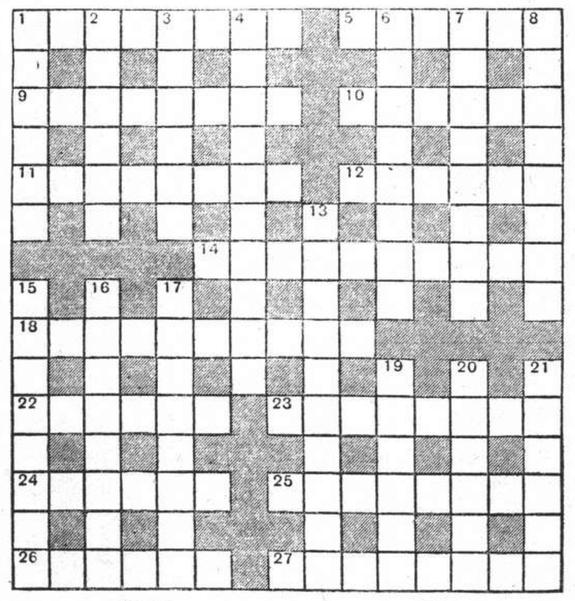
G. H. PARKES & CO.

TELEPHONE 72245

BUILDING SPECIALTIES ELM & Co BUILDING MAINTENANCE

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 96

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

1 This is made of ten parts
5 One has to put a spoke in this to help it to do a good turn
9 This supports food not electric cables
10 Even sentimentalists agree this will not function without an occasional whipping
11 This man if good has a good appetite
12 Book of the O.T.
14 Is this advertiser specially busy about quarter-days?
18 Capital
22 A saintly island
23 Genial-looking though black in part
24 Well-known Punch author
25 A clear account of the cargo
26 Would dun be a suitable colour for this bit of furniture?
27 Symbolic of the gamekeeper

DOWN

1 A fitting suit
2 Whereby the dramatist lets the audience know the actor's thoughts
3 Are tailors specially subject to this ailment?
4 Ancestor
6 He may have a will of his own but his actions depend on someone else's
7 Provide work for the Bar
8 In the film world this gives a negative result
13 Far from learned
15 "Same ship" (anag.)
16 Sturdy
17 A capital centre in a way
19 Does the miner find this work this?
20 Whalebone
21 Character in Julius Cæsar

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—**ACROSS:** 7, Willesden; 8, Maxim; 10, Landfall; 11, Uptake; 12, Send; 13, Wardrobe; 15, Fixture; 17, Advance; 20, Whistler; 22, Sure; 25, Afield; 26, Gorgeous; 27, Clout; 28, Admission. **DOWN:** 1, Dinah; 2, Sledge; 3, Islander; 4, Bellows; 5, Bacteria; 6, Pickaback; 9, Burr; 14, Nightfall; 16, Tasteful; 18, Distrait; 19, Tragedy; 21, Lode; 23, Please; 24, Huron.